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WRITES A DEFENSE

Cleveland Sees Need To Explain to an Indignant People.

SENDS UP A WAIL OF DENIAL

Goes from "Innocuous Desuetude" to Double Entendre.

SAYS THAT "HE INVITED" NO BANKERS

Tacit Admission That He Consulted Morgan-Letter Written to Caffery.

Washington, January 9 .- Senator Caffery of Louisiana, tonight made public a letter of the president to him, which, had opportunity presented since Monday, he would have incorporated in remarks which he intended to make in the senate on the bond

"Executive Mansion, Washington, January 5, 1896.-My Dear Senator: I have read today in The Congressional Record the debate in the senate on Friday concerning the financial situation and bond issues.

Opens Fire with Vituperation. leads even excited partisanship to adopt as a basis of attack the unfounded accusations and assertions of a maliciously mendacious and sensational newspaper.

"No banker or financier nor any other human being has been invited to visit Washington for the purpose of arranging in any way or manner for the disposition of bonds to meet the present or future needs of the gold reserve.

"No arrangement of any kind has been made for the disposition of such bonds to any syndicate or through the agency of

Cleveland Denies Morgan. "No assurance of such a disposal of bonds has been directly or indirectly given to any person. In point of fact, a decided leaning toward a popular loan and advertising for bids has been plainly exhibited on the part of the administration at ali times when the subject was under discusgion. Those charged with the responsibility of maintaining our gold reserve, so far as legislation renders it possible, have anx-tously conferred with each other and as occasion permitted with those having knowledge of financial affairs and present monetary conditions as to the best and most favorable means of selling bonds for

Suggests Another Sale.

unusual importance of a succes ful result, if the attempt is again made, ought to be apparent to every American citizen who bestows upon the subject a ent's patriotic thought.

secretary of the treasury from the "The secretary of the treasury from the first moment that the necessity of another sale of bonds seemed to be approaching desired to offer them, if issued, to the people, by public advertisement, if they could thus be successfully disposed of. After full consideration he came to the conclusion, to which I fully agree, that the amount of gold in the reserve, being now \$20,000,000 more than it was in February \$20,000,000 mcre than it was in February last, when a sale of bonds was made to a syndicate, and other conditions differing from those then existing, justify us in offering the bonds now about to be issued for sale by popular subscription. "This is the entire matter, and all these

particulars could have been easily obtained by any member of the senate by simple

Becomes More Conciliatory.

"If Mr. Morgan or any one else, reasoning from his own standpoint, brought himself to the belief that the government would at length be constrained to again sell bonds to a syndicate, I suppose he would have a perfect right, if he chose to take such steps as seemed to him prudent, to put himself in condition to negotiate.

"I expect an issue of bonds will be advertised for sale tomorrow and that bids will be invited not only for these now allowed. be invited not only for those now allowed by law, but for such other and different bonds as congress may authorize during the pendency of the advertisement

Intended This for Publication. "Not having had an opportunity to con-fer with you in person since the present Fession of congress began and noticing your participation in the debate of last Friday, I have thought it not amiss to put you in possession of the facts and informa-tion herein contained. Yours very truly, "GROVER CLEVELAND.

"Hon. Donalson Caffery, 1334 Nineteen

CHANGE IN RULES.

A Report That Will Be Made Regard-

ing a Quorum. Washington, January 9.—(Special.)—The changes in the house code of rules prevailing in the fifty-first congress, proposed by the committee on rules, as expected, are few in number, and but one is of any great consequence. That relates to the counting of a quorum. The method pursued by Speaker Reed, in the fifty-first congress, has been abandoned and the following, which J. Randolph Tucker proposed in the forty-seventh congress, substituted therefor:

"Whenever a quorum fails to vote o any question and a quorum is not present and objection is made for that cause, there shall be a call of the house and the ser geant-at-arms shall forthwith proceed to bring in absent members, and the yeas and nays on the pending question shall at the same time be considered as ordered. The clerk shall call the roll and each mem-The clerk shall call the roll and each member as he answers to his name may vote on the pending question, and after the roll call is completed each member arrested shall be brought by the sergeant-at-arms before the house, whereupon he shall be noted as present, discharged from arrest and given an opportunity to vote and his vote shall be recorded. If those voting on the question and those who are present and decline to vote shall together make a majority of the house, the speaker shall declare that a quorum is constituted, and the pending question shall be decided as the majority of those voting shall appear. And thereupon further proceedings under the call shall be considered as dispensed with."

NO REPORT YET.

House Committee on Rules Is Holding Back.

Washington, January 9.—For some reason not apparent on the surface the house committee on rules did not today report the changes it proposed to make in the code of the fifty-first congress, under which the house so far has been operating, although their work is completed and is in print. Mr. Henderson, of Illinois, gave notice that he would make the recort to-morrow.

hotice that he would make the local morrow.

Mr. Blue, republican, of Kansas, reported the general pension appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1897, and gave notice that he would call it up after the report of the committee on rules had been disposed of.

A concurrent resolution was offered for

immediate consideration by Mr. Livingston, but Mr. Boutelle objected.

The resolution went to the committee on foreign affairs.

At 12:25, After a session of only twenty-five minutes, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS. Ram Katahdin Is Ready-Britain Is

Washington, January 2.—In accordance with the joint resolution of congress, Sccretary Herbert teday, immediately upon his return from New York, accepted the ram Katahdin in behalf of the government. The formalities were concluded with General Hyde, president of the Bath iron works, of Bath, Me., the contractors for the little vessel. The Katahdin will be tyrned over to the government at once by the iron works and the finishing touches to her put on at the Brooklyn navy yard. It is expected that the Katahdin will be placed in commission in about eight days. Information has reached the navy department that the British government is displaying great activity in storing coal at its well-fortified naval coaling and supply station of St. Lucia, near the Venezuelan coast. The disturbed relations between Great Britain and Germany are given as the reason for the activity. Storing Supplies.

WORK OF THE COMMISSION.

All the Members Will Be Present To-

Washington, January 9.-The Venezuelan commission will meet at the state department Saturday morning, when all the members will be present, according to their intentions as signified to Justice Brewer. president of the body. In all probability the commission will remain in Washington several days, selecting a permanent place of meeting, for which a building distant from any government offices will be secured if possible. The commission is also expected at its next meeting to request the state de-partment to furnish it with evidence, both documentary and graphic, which will require the commission's consideration in ascertaining the true divisional line in the disputed territory. The Venezuelan evidence still remains in Caracas and cannot reach here for at least ten days after the state department makes a formal request for its presentation. It is exceedingly voous, including every note in the long dence between Venezuela and Great Britain on the subject, as well as certified copies of all the old documents in Dutch and Spanish archives which exhaustive researches have shown to have connection with the possessions and claims of those countries in South America before the Britsh colonists appeared.

Facsimiles of numerous maps are included, as well as many originals owned by Americans. Considerable satisfaction is expressed today with the authorized an-nouncement that all the British papers in the case are being prepared for presentation to parliament at its meeting in February next, thus insuring the presentation of the British case before the commission in an official shape, though through a rounda-

official shape, though through a roundaout channel, for either Ambassador Bayard will be enabled to send the official blue
book of the case to the department here or
Sir Julian Fauncefote will furnish a copy
to Secretary Olney. It is the opinion of
those most directly concerned in the commission that its labors will not be completed within three months.

The principal problem of immediate importance to the commission is the selection
of proper assistants. Several of the members have been inundated with applications
for clerical positions, many of those desiring employment being highly indorsed by
influential men. The commissioners anticipat little difficulty in finding skilled
translators, stenographers, reference and
record clerks, or assitants of that character, but they have determined to secure
as an executive officer a man who will add
dignity to the commission itself. as an executive officer a man who will add dignity to the commission itself—a man of recognized ability, with some interna-tional repute, possessing linguistic attain-ments of a high order, who will stand be-tween the commission and exterior indun the commission and exterior influ-of all kinds and enable the five men

ences of all kinds and enable the five menchosen by the president to devote their energies exclusively to the judicial consideration of the boundary contention.

The collection, classification and presentation of the evidence, control of the clerical staft and commission's expenses are to
be relegated to such an officer when found,
and the commission will depend upon him
to relieve them of all matters that might
distract their attention from the duty devolving upon them. The merits of several
men living in various parts of the country
have already been canvassed in this connection, but the appointment will not be
announced until the whole field of available men has been thoroughly searched.

WORKED TO THE LAST.

E. B. Wight, a Well Known Washington Correspondent, Dead.

Washington, January 9-Mr. E. B. Wight, one of the most widely-known and respected of Washington correspondents, died at his residence this morning of heart dis-

The precarious condition of his health had been known to himself and to his intimate friends for some time, but he continued to discharge his duties to the last. Mr. Wight has represented The Boston Journal in Washington for nearly a quarter of a century, and during the same period was also the Washington representative, first of The Chicago Tribune and afterwards of The In-He was vice president of the Gridiron Club under the late Frank Hatton.

BIMETALLIST VICTORY. Free Silver Men Gain a Committee-

man in Indiana. Greensburg, Ind., January 9.—(Special.)— The free silver democrats scored a great victory at the fourth congressional district convention at North Vernon, in the election of Joel Matlock to state committeeman. The free silver men over the state secured seven men out of the thirteen, which will no doubt elect a free silver state chairman. They will make an effort to have the state convention before the mational convention. It is now plainly evident that The Indianapolis News was wrong somewhere in its continual obituaries of the free silver element in Indiana. Everything points to the likelihood of getting in a free silver governor next fall, as the sentiment is rapidly growing. teeman. The free silver men over the state

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

What the Senate Did in Executive Session Yesterday.

Washington, January 9.—A caucus of republican members of the senate was called to meet this afternoon, but owing to the late session of the senate the caucus was not held. It will be held at the call of

not held. It will be held at the can be the chairman possibly tomorrow.

The senate, in executive session today, confirmed the following nominations: Emery F. Best, of Georgia, to be assistant commissioner of the general land office; Joseph H. Outhwalte, of Ohlo, member of the board of ordnance and fortifications. Consuls—J. S. Tucker, Texas, at Martinique; Owen McGarr, Tennessee, at Clenfuegos; Samuel L. Rogers, collector of internal revenue for the fifth district of North Carolina.

Carolina.
Collectors of customs—S. R. Riggin, eastern district of Maryland.
Surveyor of customs—J. H. Collins, at Nashville, Tenn.
Receiver of public moneys—J. S. Dixon, Natchitoches, La.
Postmaster—Louisiana, Lou S. Flournoy, Ruston.

Official Presidential Reception. Washington, January 8.—The nrst of the official presidential receptions for the present season was held at the white house tonight from 9 to 11 o'clock. It was given in honor of the diplomatic corps and is always the most brilliant of the annual series.

The Silver Suggestion Scared Off the Reserve Raiders.

SMALL WITHDRAWALS OCCUR Bond Issue May Be Increased to \$200,000,000.

MR. CLEVELAND IS PREPARED FOR IT

Says He Stands Ready To Meet Any Emergency—How Matters Went Yesterday.

Washington, January 9 .- (Special.)-Morgan and his men have been frightened somewhat from their raid by the statement given out that if they did not cease the Sherman notes would be met in silver

There were small withdrawals of gold today, but the apprehension is always present that the syndicate can force an immediate sale. It was said at the treasury today that outside of the telegrams received the first day after the call in which be tween \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000 were offered, that there has not been another bona fide offer for bonds.

The statement is given out today that the \$100,000,000 loan may be increased to \$200,-000,000. It comes from New York that Mr. Morgan has advised the members of his syndicate to hold on to their gold-that it will be needed. Both these statements

come from those high in authority. That the public loan is being discredited by the treasury officials and friends of the administration in congress foreshadows the determination of Secretary Carlisle and his chief to let the issue go finally to the syndicate. Mr. Cleveland said today to a senator who asked him what would be done should the reserve get below \$41,000,000, the lowest point it reached last February, between this and February 5th, that he would meet the emergency.

What he meant can be easily understood diate sale to the syndicate.

CARLISLE STILL HOPEFUL. Gold Reserve Slowly but Steadily Falling to \$50,000,000 Mark.

Washington, January 9 .- Secretary Carlisle expressed the opinion today that the new bond issue will be a success. He did not intimate the gold would come. The mails today brought in quite a number of inquiries for blank forms on which to make bids, and in some cases persons desirous of subscribing stated the amount they wanted and the price they would offer These figures, of course, are withheld from publication. The bids are regarded as informal, and when possible, those making them will be communicated with and blank forms will be sent them so that they may comply with all the requirement and make their bid in regular shape. A circular letter of instructions to prospetive bidders was issued today. It says:

"The subscriber should state plainly the amount of bonds desired, the price which he proposes to pay and the place where the bonds should be delivered, which may be the subscriber's home or any other more convenient place. "He should at the same time state

"He should at the same time state whether he desires to deposit the amount of his subscription at the treasury department in the city of Washington or at one of the following sub-treasuries, vlz: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans or San Francisco. Deposits at San Francisco must be with exchange on New York. The bonds will be issued in the following denominations, viz: Coupon bonds, \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000; registered bonds, \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000."
The gold reserve at the close of business today stood at \$57,175,826. The withdrawals today at New York were \$25,000.

READY TO GOBBLE THEM. Syndicate Will Take All the Bonds or None.

New York, January 9.—From a subscribing member of the J. Pierpont Morgan bond syndicate, the following facts have been obtained:

"The syndicate expects to secure the en tire \$100,000,000 4 per cent bonds which are to be sold by the treasury on February 5th. Mr. Morgan will bid for the entire issue, and expects to be awarded the entire \$100,000,000. It will take all or none. The reason for Mr. Morgan's confidence of entire success is that he will make an offer so advantageous that no other proposition can stand in his way.

"This offer is to purchase the entire

\$100,000,000, paying principal and premium in gold, and in additional furnishing an amount in gold equal to one-third of the issued, or \$33,333,331.33 in exchange for greenbacks. The government's gold re-serve will thus not only be brought up to the recognized limit, but will have a large surplus for its protection. The price which the syndicate will offer is not exactly known by any one beside Mr. Morgan. It will be considerably more than the 1043 paid last February. This low premium was paid because of the provision in the contract compelling the syndicate to protect the treasury reserves. No such contract will be made this time. Therefore a higher price will be paid. The figure is believed brice will be paid. The syndicate is now accumulating gold from every available source."

Members of the syndicate will be at liberty to make individual bids beside the syndicate bid. This is the state of affairs with the syndicate bid. This is the state of affairs. today. The position will probably hold until February 5th without any change of important details. The president and sec retary of the treasury have no agreement, private or public, with the synlicate. They know, however, what are Mr. Morgan's in-

call was intended. HOUSE BOND BILL SENT OVER. Mr. Baker Made a Speech on the Mon-

roe Doctrine.

tentions and knew it when the public

Washington, January 9. - The house bond bill, with the free coinage substitute for it, reported from the committee on finance, was to have engaged the attention of the senate today, but a half hour's speech by Mr. Baker, republican, of Kansas, in favor of an extreme application of the Monroe doctrine, and an hour and faree-quarters' speech by Mr. Stewart on the financial question, prevented the taking up of the bond bill until so late an hour that Mr. Jones, democrat, of Arkansas, preferred to withhold his opening speech upon it till temorrow. Mr. Baker's speech-his first in the senate-had for its text and groundwork a joint resolution introduced by him declaring that the extension by any Euro-

pean power of its territorial limits on the western hemisphere, whether by war, treaty, purchase or otherwise, without the

consent of the United States will be regarded as an unfriendly act, and in his speech he declares that the position would be maintained by war, if necessary. The joint resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

In presenting some petitions favoring appropriations for coast defenses, Mr. Daniel, democrat, of Virginia, expressed the opinion that the public apprehensions as to the danger of the bombardment of American seaports were overstrained, but he also expressed the hope that the country would prepare itself for whatever emergencies might happen. He favored the passage of Mr. Squire's fortification bill.

A brief executive session was held and then, at 4:10 o'clock the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

\$141,325,820 for Pensions Washington, January 9 .- The general pension bill for the year ending June 30, 1897, as reported to the house today by Mr. Blue, of Kansas, carries an appropriation of \$141,325,820, being \$58,750 below the estimate and \$55,750 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year,

BENT LIKE CARDBOARD.

Two Men Killed in a Collapse of a

Cleveland, O., January 9.—The Akron, Bedford and Cleveland Inter-Urban Railway Company's bridge, which spanned the Tinkers' creek, just outside of Hedford township, collapsed shortly after daylight this morning and a powerful one-hundred herse-power motor, on which were three trainmen and attached to which was a heavily laden Pennsylvania company's coal car, plunged to the bed of the creek, sixty feet below.

William Young, one of the trainmen, was

William Young, one of the trainmen, was instintly killed. He was crushed and ground beneath the falling cars until he was scarcely recognizable. The other two trainmen, Haymaker and Gleb, miraculously escaped instant death. They were both so badly injured, however, that Haymaker died soon after the accident and Gleb's death is momentarily expected.

Fortunately there were no passengers on the train, the regular passenger car haying passed over the bridge a few moments before the collapse of the structure. The train that took the frightful plunge was a work train. Its weight was tremendous as compared with the ordinary motor, for which the bridge was designed. The bridge that collapsed was a frail structure. The span that crossed the creek was about in the center of this span when the structure opened up as though it were made of cardboard and allowed the train with its human freight to plunge into the ravine below.

KILLED THE WRONG MAN. Officers Arrested for a Murder in

West Virginia. Huntington, W. Va., January 9.—The fact developed tonight that the man killed yesterday in Lincoln county by Charles Ber-ger and Harry Brumfield while resisting arrest was not W. G. Hogan, the Illinois train wrecker, but instead was Jesse J. train wrecker, but instead was Jesse J. Montague, a wealthy timber dealer of Boone county, who was in that section prospecting. From printed circulars sent out by the Chicago authorities the description compared favorably with Montague. Berger is yet in a critical condition from his wounds received from Montague's revolver before he was killed, but he, as well as Brumfield, were placed under arrest today for murder.

ANOTHER STRIKE IMMINENT. Philadelphia Street Car Men Still Dis-

·satisfied.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 9.-It nov seems probable that another strike of the motormen and conductors of the Union Traction Company will take place Saturday morning. The differences between the company and the men are apparently irreconcilable and the men are very bitter toward the company. If another strike takes place it will have the sanction of the Amalgamated Association of the Street Railway Employes, and it promises to be as serious as the first strike on December 17th. It was claimed today at the association headquarters that if another strike is ordered all the members of the association ordered all the members of the association of the two cooleans. and a number of new men will go out. Tonight after the majority of the men ed work, meetings are to be held by all the divisions of the association at

making preparations for it. STILL ON THE VOTE.

The Mississippi Legislature Can Reach No Satisfactory Results.

Jackson, Miss., January 9 .- The Missis sippi legislature has not yet got into work and cannot until the several committees are named and the caucus shall have disposed of the senatorial and library ques tions. As heretofore stated twelve most charming young ladies and attractive widows are after the office of state librawidows are after the office of state librarian, a position paying \$1,080 per annum, the term being four years. The candidates are all making a vigorous fight and nearly every member has promised support to more than one. The senatorial race will be in the background until the librarian is chosen. While warm, there is very little excitement over the senatorial contest, but it seems to be the field against Money. On the fourth and last ballot for librarian tonight Miss Plunkett led with 60 votes, while Miss Tucker, the present incumbent, had 36.

TOSSED IT OVERBOARD

Judge A. A. Gunby Refused the Nom-

ination from Populists. Alexandria, La., January 9.—The an-nouncement sent out last night that Judge A. A. Gunby had been nominated for governor by a populist caucus was pren His nomination for governor and the Booth for lieutenant governor and that of Booth for lieutenant governor was decided on in caucus, but after Judge Gunby's errival late last night he decided that he did not want the nomination. He notified the committee appointed to wait upon him to this effect at 1:30 a. m.

When the convention met this afternoon A. B. Booth, of New Orleans, was nominated unanimously and enthusiastically for governor. A strong effort was made to have Judge Gunby accept the nomination for attorney general, but he declined. The convention completed its work by nominating J. N. Pharr for lieutenant governor; A. W. McFarland, secretary of state, L. L. Suthon, attorney general; John Pickett, treasurer; Joseph Kleinpetre, audior, and Dr. Cock, superintendent of education. Pharr and Pickett are sugar planter republicans and their nominations are conditional on their acceptance. The platform when was adopted arraigns the democratic party of Louisiana with sins of omission and commission, indorses free silver and opposes the suffrage amendment to the state constitution which will be voted on in the next election. Booth for lieutenant governor was decided

Rivalry Broke Up a Meeting. Oklahoma, O. T., January 9.—The state-hood convention which met here yesterday broke up last night in a row, the delegates adjourning sine die before a permanent organization was made. Nearly all the delegates favored statehood, but so intense was the rivalry between the several cities in the territory as to which would be the capital of the new state that nothing could be accomplished.

Child Burned in a Hotel Fire. Leadville, Col., January 9.—The Palmer house, on South Park road, was burned this morning. The eight-year-old child of Mrs. Cornwell was burned to death. The charred remains were found later in the day. Many of the occupants had narrosespapes.

Chronicle's Correspondent Working Up Arbitration Sentiment.

HENRY NORMAN IS HIS NAME

Has Interviewed Senators Sherman Morgan and Hitt.

WHAT THE CORRESPONDENT DEDUCES

Believes England Should Succumb to Such Sentiments-Chronicle's Editorial.

London, January 9.—The Chronicle's Washington correspondent, Henry Nor-man, cables to his paper today as follows: "The sentiment for arbitration is a ball which, once set rolling among the civilized people, cannot be stopped. I take it for granted that in some manner arbitration n the Venezuelan dispute is now certain. Therefore, my work here is done. But that this temporary evil may prove the germ of a great good I have desired to add a fresh impetus to the wider movement, Now. President Cleveland and Mr. Oiney preserve absolute silence, deeming their official positions incompatible with unofficial speech. Who, after them, represents the weightiest influence on American foreign affairs? Obviously the members of the senate committee on foreign relations and the house committee on foreign affairs. Accordingly, I have been at pains today to learn the epinions of these gentlemen and the results I have obtained will, I feel assured, be equally gratifying and potent in England. One member of the senate ommittee, Mr. Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, was unable to find. But with this single exception I can present you with the views of the entire committee. To each member I put this question:

"'Would it, in your opinion, be well for the governments of the United States and Great Britain to endeavor to agree upon the constitution of a permanent court or tribunal of arbitration, to which all ques-tions at issue between the two governments, not involving national autonomy or honor, should be submitted for decisio when diplomatic negotiations fail?

"The reply of Senator Sherman, chair-

nan of the senate committee on foreign relations, may be taken as expressive of the views of all the other members of the cmmittee: Mr. Sherman said: 'Yes, you may quote me as strongly as you like in an affirmative reply.
"'I am in favor of the principle of arbi-

ration for all questions that do not in

volve the autonomy of either of the two countries. I hope that the two govern-ments will agree upon such a mode of setlement for all controversies.' "Senator Sherman added that, in his on requiring the ministry to take steps in this direction.

"Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama I am in favor of the principle of interna-tional arbitration in settlement of disputes that properly fall within the purview of that method of settlement. I am in favor of the organization by consent of what I may call the Christian powers, and of all other powers that can be induced to ente into the agreement of a court or board of arbitration to whom the governments would agree that questions of the sort indicated should be submitted after the failure of diplomatic efforts to settle them. The personnel of such a board to be selected on each occasion that arises by agreemen between the two contending powers and failing agreement they should agree upon a neutral power with authority to name the members of the board.'

peoples, their mutual interests and their closer friendship. All my mind goes forward to the belief that it would be well to create such a machinery.'
"The house had adjourned early and I

which the question of striking will be practically voted for. The traction company officials expect another strike and are fairs, but Mr. Robert R. Hitt, chairman of the committee, replying to the above ques tion, said: 'It would be the best work they could do for the two nations and for man-kind. And it should, if possible, be made to imply, if not pledge, their endeavor to settle all the disputes we have, not only with one another, but with all other nationg."

"I asked if I might regard him as expressing the sentiments of the entire com mittee, and he said: 'Not only of this com mittee, but of the whole house of representatives. For the conciliation of interests and the wise search for right results we are all agreed here.'

"He told me also how General Grant the greatest fighting president America has ever had, and whom he accompanied offle cially during his European trip, never lost an opportunity to urge crowned heads and prime ministers to adopt arbitration in-stead of war. President Grant was keenly interested in the treaty of Washington of 1871, by which all outstanding differences were arbitrated and it was chiefly owing to his zeal that this treaty was brough

Mr. Norman then goes on to say: "The above represents the weighties and most important body of opinion that could possibly be secured in the United States. In it there is not a single dissenting voice. And these are the men to who consideration any question between England and America would be first submitted, and by whose decision the senate and the house would probably be guided. It is In possible to believe that British sentiments will not be moved to respond to such remarkable unanimity and such enlightened utterances. If not, then the world will see that America is ahead of England in the most striking characteristic of a civilized

What The Chronicle Says. The Daily Chronicle, commenting on the dispatch it will publish tomorrow from Mr. Henry Norman, its special commissioner in Washington, will claim that the opinions that Mr. Norman has obtained represent the most important, weighty and powerful riews of the American political system. It

adds:

of President Cleveland and Secretary Ol ney no announcement of greater import ever crossed the Atlantic. We place it before the nation, expecting with absolute confidence a national reply." REICHSTAG AT WORK.

"We know that outside of the message

Reference to Germany's Attitude

Brought Applause.

Berlin, January 9.-The reichstag resume ts sittings today after the holiday recess. Freiherr von Berlepsch made a brief speech introducing the government bill to prevent illegal transactions on the German boerses. It was stated in the lobbles of the reichstag that Baron von Blederstein, minister of foreign affairs, especially begged the members of the chamber to abstain from interpellating the government upon the Transvaal question in any form. In the course of the debate on the boerse

bill Count Kanita-Podangew, conservative, said that the attitude which the government had recently assumed in defense of German interests abroad had met with universal approval. This utterance was greeted with prolonged applause.

ONE THOUSAND LIVES LOST.

Seismic Disturbances Cause Much Damage in Persia.

Teheran, Persia, January 9.-Two severe earthquakes, causing the loss of 1,100 lives have occurred in the Khalhal district The first shock, which was experienced on Thursday last, was very severe. It com-pletely destroyed the village of Zenzabad and partly destroyed other villages. On the following Sunday there was another and severe shock, which destroyed, the small town of Gol and did great damage in many of the villages in the district aforesaid. Eight hundred persons were killed in Gol alone. Large numbers of cattle and sheep perished.

PILLSBURY WEAKENS.

Was Beaten by Tschigorin in a Queen's Gambit Declined. St. Petersburg, January 9.-Today's game

in the international chess masters' tourna-ment resulted as follows: ment resulted as follows:

Tschigorin (black) beat Pillsbury in a
queen's gambit declined after forty moves.

Steinitz (white) beat Lasker in a queen's
gambit declined after thirty moves.

The score to date is as follows: Lasker
and Pillsbury 6½ each; Steinitz, 5½; Tschigoin 3½.

THE TIMES IS AWAKE. Realizes That Britain Cannot Ignore

the Commission. London, January 9.-The Times dwelling mon the many daugerous elements which tend to make the Anglo-American situation still serious this morning refers to Mr. George W. Smalley's renewed plea for the fullest and earliest disclosure of the English case in regard to the Venezuelar

rontier dispute and continues:
"It is impossible not to acknowledge the force of the contention, and really if no more serious obstacle to the course he advocates exists than the technical rule as to the publication of official documents, the sooner some ingenuous method of propitiating the goddess' red tape is hit up the better. Blue books, it is whispered may not be issued with impunity save may not be issued with impunity save while parliament is sitting. Parliament will not sit for another month, and, therefore, both America and England must wait. Events, however, may not wait, and if events do not wait the feeling of passion and prejudice will not wait and we may have a renewal of the crisis upon us."

The Times asks whether or not this blue book tradition is worth upholding at the risk of precipitating a war from which two great peoples shrink with horror and suggests that The London Gazette be utilized to give the information needed. The paper urges the ministers to accelerate the preparation of the necessary documents and concludes its article thus:

"We should, regardless of precedents, set out our case fairly before the world. We firmly believe it is a good case, and that, if produced before passion gets the upper hand of judgment will be received in a fair and amicable spirit. But the danger is a growing danger and if it is to be stemmed successfully must be stemmed at once."

PREMIER BOWELL RETIRES.

He Sent in His Resignation Yesterterday.

Ottawa, Ont., January 3.—In the house of commons today Sir Adolphe Caron announced that Premier Bowell had several nounced that Premier Bowell had several interviews with the governor general yesterday which resulted in the premier offering his resignation to his excellency. The latter intiroated that he was not ready to receive it, because he thought parliament should first have an opportunity of considering and passing an opinion upon the speech from the throne which was now before it. Under these circumstances Sir Mackenzie Bowell has, as the head of the administration, considered it as his duty as far as in him lay, to reorganize the government, and therefore he (Caron) moved that the house adjourn till Tuesday next. An exactly similar statement was read in the senate by the premier.

statement was read in the senate by the premier.

Mr. Laurier, the liberal leader, objected to any adjournment of more than from day to day, as the constitution provided. Besides reading in the senate the same statement which Caron read in the house of commons. Premier Bowell said he was willing to leave to the good judgment of the people his own action and that of his colleagues who had attacked him.

KAISER WILHELM HONORED. He Was Elected Honorary Member of

the Milwaukee Press Club. Milwaukee, Wis., January 9.—The Milwaukee Press Club yesterday adopted the following resolution:

following resolution:

"Whereas, It is reported that Kaiser Wilhelm is threatened with expulsion from several English clubs for conduct which meets our approval,

"Resolved, That we extend the right hand of fellowship as fellow sovereigns and elect him an honorary member of the Milwaukee Press Club, and that the secretary be instructed to notify him at once."

HAD TERRIFIC WEATHER. Cruiser Baltimore Passed Through Typhoon.

Astoria, Ore., January 9.—Advices by the steamer Rhosenia, which arrived from Yokohama via Honolulu today, tell of a terrific experience the cruiser Baltimore had from December 6th to 9th, in a typhoon in the China sea. The barometer ranged from 28 to 28.65, and her officers report the from 23 to 28.65, and her officers report the typhoon the worst ever experienced. The vessel advanced not over one mile an hour for three days. Boaiswain Jessen was washed overboard and lost Carpenter Cooper was thrown against one of the big guns and killed, and seven of the crew were seriously but not fatally injured. Considerable damage was done to the vessel. The engines, however, worked to perfection. The Baltimore behaved admirably. The cruiser was expected to sail for fection. The Baltimore behaved admir-ably. The cruiser was expected to saif for San Francisco on January 6th. Sae was twenty days from Yokohama to Honolulu.

RUSSIA'S VIEW OF IT.

Says England Is Trying To Intimidate Germany.

St. Petersburg, January 9.—The Novoe Vremya, in an article discussing the Trans-vaal situation, says: "The attitude of the British government press seems to indicate that there is rather an attempt to incate that there is rather an attempt to in-timidate Germany than a serious intention to go to war. The Transvaal question will-only acquire serious importance if fresh developments occur which will force the German emperor to act in conformity with his message to President Kruger. In that event, the complete isolation of England, which is so menacing to her position in Egypt, would be fully exhibited."

Portugal Will Remain Neutral. Lisbon, January 9.—A dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez, Portuguese South Africa, says that the British gunboat Thrush and the German cruiser Seeadler are now in Delagoa bay. It is reported that the government of Portugal has decided to remain absolutely neutral in the disputes between Germany and England regarding the south African republic, permitting neither to land troops at Delagoa bay or march them across Portuguese South African territory.

No Troops Have Arrived Yet.

SILVER AS AN ISSUE

Senators Insist That the White Metal

Has Its Rights.

TELLER HOTLY FREE COINAGE

Dubois and Wolcott Are Making the Fight Hot.

SENATOR BACON IS STRONG FOR SILVER

Should Not Have Been Placed in the Doubtful List-Livingston's Resolution.

Washington, January 9 .- (Special.)-Mr. Teller's announcement yesterday and again today that he would vote for a silver amendment to the tariff bill, followed by a talk about how he had been led to refrain from a silver amendment to the McKinley bill, signifies that he and those who agree with him have decided upon a definite

This policy is to insist at all times upon considering the tariff and the financial question together and to make it a condition of their support of a tariff bill that free silver shall go with it.

They propose to insist upon the interests silver being represented in the bill as a benefit to their section of the country as certain tariff schedules are a benefit to the

They contend that, believing as the do that both a protective tariff and the free coinage of silver are necessary to the relief of the general business and financial situation and that tariff legislation alone will not accomplish the result, there is nothing for them to do but to combine the two and to give their support to nothing which does not do this.

Messrs. Teller, Dubois and Wolcott are the three who are heading this fight within their own party. Mr. Teller said today that he was willing to assume any responsibility that would come from his action and so did Mr. Dubois. The latter said that so completely were the silver republicans in earnest that no revenue bill would pass the senate without a free coinage amend-

It is understood that Messrs, Mitchell, of Oregon, Pettigrew and a few others who are very earnest silver men have refused to go so far as Mr. Teller proposes to go, and there are several others of the same faith who are very reluctant to do so. It will be very difficult, however, for men representing western states to refuse to follow the lead of Colorado and Idaho sen-

It is said not more than three or four of the silver republicans will in the end refuse to follow the extreme course which they understand to mean that at no time, at present or in the future, shall there be any tariff legislation without free coinage of silver so long as the western states can hold the balance of power. The acquisition of power through the admission of new states encourages them in the belief that for a long courages them in the belief that for a long time they may hold the balance of power. The attitude of these men in the caucus The attitude of these men in the

today has created great excitement among the old time republicans. It begins to look as if the threat made by both Dubois and Teller last year that they would quit the republican convention when-ever a gold man was nominated or the minute a gold man was nonlineated of the minute a gold platform was accepted, was going to be made good. The situation is exciting intense feeling in party circles, and it is gradually coming out that both the old parties are equally divided on finances and that in both the silver men seem to hold the whip handle.

Livingston on the Lookout. Representative Livingston came forward Representative Livingston came forward with another Venezuelan resolution today. It was to instruct Secretary Oney to inquire into the statement that British forces were moving on the disputed territory and if so to demand their recall. But for the fact that there was no certainty that such was the case, the resolution would proba-bly have passed. Boutelle objected to its immediate consideration, and it went to the foreign affairs committee. Chairman Hitt, of foreign affairs, said that the reso-lution was well offered, as it looked to peace; that if the British forces entered the disputed territory trouble would be precipitated with Venezuela. Colonel Livingston said that this was the intent of his resolution, but that he was willing for it to go over.

Urged Colonel Candler's Appointment. Senator Bacon called on Mr. Cleveland John S. Candler as judge advocate of the United States army. Mr. Cleveland is very favorably impressed with him, as his recommendations are very strong.

BACON IS OUTSPOKEN.

Says It Was Unjust To Put Him in the Doubtful List.

Washington, January 9 .- (Special.)-The attention of Senator Bacon was called to the published statement that in the canvass by the single gold standard senators of the probable vote of the senate on the free coinage substitute reported by the finance committee he was placed among the doubtful senators.

In reply to an inquiry made of him be "I think the publication must have been due to misinformation on the part of the newspaper reporter. In my personal inter-course with the senators I have been out-

spoken in the expression of my opini and I don't think my position is misunder-stood by any of them.
"I am and always have been in favor of the free coinage of silver on terms of exact equality with gold. I believe when this is done, and when in addition thereto the government pays out silver to its cred-itors just as it received it from its debtors, as this bill provides shall be done, that then

both gold and silver will circulate on a perfect parity.
"My opinions on the subject of bimetallism are not of recent formation, and study and observation have strengthened and deepened the convictions of twenty years. When these opinions and convictions are changed I will not leave the public in doubt changed I will not leave the public in doing of the fact. I am not in favor of a depreciated silver dollar, and I do not believe that this bill, if it should become a law, will have this effect. As I have said a hundred times in speeches and published letters, all the available gold in the world and the available silver in the world are and the available silver in the world are

both necessary to furnish the requisite amount of money of final payment. "The miracle of the leaves and fishes will nave to be repeated before the amount of gold in the world will be found sufficient to do the business of the world as the mon-

London, January 9.—The colonial office has issued a note declaring that the statement printed in a New York newspaper today in an alleged cable dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, that British trops, with cannon, have arrived at Cuyuni, is absolutely unfounded.

ROBINSON, itable Building.

hool Building

FORREST ADAIL DAIR, Renting Age mball House.

r sale some of the handled. Amount of the handled. Amount of the handled handled handled hy enhanced by the railroad improvement. tage on Woodw or \$2,600. This pl month.
Ir lot on McDanints \$15 per monto one block fracen minutes' wat I can sell myrices. This is you. Close in sell readily.

G: W. ADAI

CAPE COLONY CRISIS

What the Latest Dispatches Say of the Situation.

WAS THERE BRITISH SANCTION?

That Is the Story Sent Out from London.

FEELING AGAINST GERMANY INCREASING

Warlike Preparations Receive Commendation-Tone of the Market Is Better.

London, January 9.-Dispatches from Cape Colony continue to dribble in, but the freshest of them received today was two days' old, showing that the telegraph and cable companies are either clearing up the accumulation of old business or that the government still refuses to allow the transmission of news dispatches.

Much interest is manifested here in the

receipt of intelligence that will show the attitude of the Hon, Cecil Rhodes, lately prime minister of Cape Colony, who is strongly suspected of having had much to do with the dispatch of Dr. Jameson's forces to the Transvaal. But until the normal condition of the telegraphic service is resumed nothing on this point can be indulged in. On the continent it is openly fully cognizant of the movement of Dr. was also aware of what was going on. Had the raid been successful Great Britain, according to the popular belief in Surope, would have stepped in and occupled the country, ostensibly to protect her subjects, but really to establish an occu-pation similar to that in Egypt, which is tantamount to the annexation of the coun-As the raid resulted in a most miser cused of attempting to forestall condemna tion by emphatically denying any prior knowledge of the matter and of taking measures to prevent the departure of the

and had resulted in a failure.
Of course these statements are denied here and the government newspapers insist that Mr. Chamberlain, the colonia secretary, has acted throughout with clean hands. At any rate it can be said, so far as the Transvaal is concerned, that the ent has done everything in its any more than possible the relations be tween Germany and the south African re-public. But that the troubles have affect-ed British foreign relations, more par-ticularly those with Germany, there is no

dition after it knew it had departed

denial.

Since the fact became known that Emperor William had, before the Jameson raid, decided to intervene in the Transvaal, the feeling against Germany has greatly increased in bitterness. The naval preparations now being made meet with the fullest popular approval and the more flery among those who are in favor of war declare that the time has come for Great Britain to assert herself in her might and teach Germany that she will brook no inwith her suzerainty in the

ose of calmer blood hold that court interference, which is against any hos-tility towards Germany, will be sufficiently powerful to prevent an outbreak. But court interference does not and cannot control the popular demand, which is de-cidedly in favor of warfare.

A dispassionate view of the situation leads to the belief, however, that the excitement will soon die away and matters their normal condition.

The naval preparations, however, are proceeding apace. In addition to the flying squadron, which has been ordered to be put in readiness, instructions were issued oday for the immediate commissioning of twenty torpedo boat destroyers.

All these preparations, together with the

mobilization of the land forces, do not necessarily mean that there will be a war. In well-informed circles it is believed that they simply mean that the government is it, it will be ready to strike a swift blow

against any enemy.

The best criterion of the situation is to be found at the stock exchange, where the tone and prices respond to every touch of fear or hope. This morning the markets displayed a sanguine tone and consols advanced from yesterday's closing prices.

Later there was a slight decline, but on
the whole there was an advance as compared with the values of yesterday.

Altogether it can be said that there an culties arise it is thought that the pendin questions will be settled diplo

UITLANDERS MUST DISARM.

President Kruger Demands It and So Does England.

London, January 9.-A dispatch from Jo-annesburg dated January 7th says that Sir John Jacobus Dewet. British agent at Pretoria, arrived at Johannesburg on that day and addressed a large public meeting. He was the bearer of the message of Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cap Colony, calling upon the Uitlanders to dis ulace in his speech in which he has alsinformed them that if they did not com British government, as well as that of British subjects throughout the world, besides endangering the life of Dr. Jame-

The Transvaal government, the dispatch ys, issued an order last evening (Jaru-y 6th) directing the railway managers to ld all their rolling stock in readiness to convey the non-combatants out of I nesburg in the event of the refusal of Uitlanders to disarm. The disarming of the revolutionists has caused a feeling of relief to pervade the town c a feeling of resentment toward the

A dispatch from Cape Town of Januar says it is rumored that the demands by President Kruger are the abrogation of the suzerainty of Great Brital African Company and England's abando ment of her right to pre-emption of Dela goa bay. The rumor, however, cannot b

SIR JOHN LUBBOCK'S VIEWS.

Author of "Pleasures of Life" Speaks of Arbitration.

London, January 9.—The Westminster Gazette publishes a report of an interview with Sir John Lubbock, member of par ent from London university, in which

liament from London university, in which he says:
"If the trivial Venezuela frontier dispute shall result in Great Britain and the United States settling all their dispute by arbitration, where diplomacy fails, then the disputes are a great blessing, bu President Cleveland's gratuitous threat of war is not calculated to promote an amicable settlement. England only refused to arbitrate territory which our colonists have occupied for many years. As regards Justice Harlan's precise proposal to submit Justice Harian's precise proposal to submit disputes between the United States and Great Britain to a commission composed of an equal number of justices of the supreme court of the United States and of the high court of justice of England it should require time to think it over care-

fully, though I cordially approve of some such tribunal."

The Sun prints a report of an interview The Sun prints a report of an interview with Henry M. Stanley, member of parliament, the explorer. In which Mr. Stanley is reported as saying:
"We shall reach an amicable settlement of our difference with America as soon as possible. Then we shall not fear Germany if she interferes with British suzerainty in the Transvaal."

JUDGE SNODGRASS INDICTED. Charged with Assault with Intent To

Commit Murder.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 9.—(Special.) Today in the circuit court, Chief Justice D. L. Snodgrass was indicted on the charge of assault with a pistol with intent to com-mit murder, in the first degree. The bill

also charges pistol carrying.

This action of the grand jury is the result of the shooting of Colonel John R. Beasley by the chief justice on December

the punishment is fixed by statute at not less than three nor more than twenty-one years in the penitentiary. The verdict of the trial jury may be for assault with intent to commit murder in the second de-gree, or manslaughter, in which the punishment cannot exceed five years' imprisonment or pay a fine not to exceed \$500 and serve one year in the county work-house. The case will probably be reached in two weeks. The plea of the chief justice will be self-defense, Beasley has been cited to appear before the circuit judge to show cause why he is not in contempt of court for swearing out a warrant for Judge Snodgrass after the latter had been bound

FEEDING THE DESTITUTE.

Contributions to the Widows and Orphans at Cumnock Mines.

Raleigh, N. C., January 9 .- (Special.)-In the superior court here today James D. Morgan, ex-treasuren of the McGrand lodge of colored Masons, pleaded guilty of embezzling \$534 of its funds. Judgment against him is suspended upon his agree-ing to refund the money and pay costs. Morgan fled the state two years ago and was arrested at Asbury Park, N. J., and brought here on a requisition.

Raleigh sent an agent to the Cumnock coal mines yesterday to distribute this city's gifes—a carload of provisions and clothing and \$100 in money. The agent returned today and reports that there are twenty-one widows and fifty-nine children destitute. Thirty-nine persons were killed by the explosion of gas in the mine and one of the five wounded, William Smith, died yesterday. One of the bodies brought up from the mine and laid out was stolen, and it is learned was taken away for dis-

Several widows have been sent to their nes in Pennsylvania. The destitution of all is severe.

By reason of the sickness of Judge Sim onton the special term of the federal court at Asheville has been adjourned. Zeb Vance Walzer, speaker of the lower house of the legislature, who is here as a witness in the cases of the state against Clerks Satterfield and Brown, of that body says it is the opening gun of this year's po-litical campaign. Waizer is a republican

litical campaign. Walzer is a republican and so are the clerks.

The fusionists are trying to implicate a democratic ex-judge in the fraudulent ratification of the assignment act, but will fail. Your correspondent is assured that no democrat had anything to do with the fraud. Rev. James Potts today resigned as teller

of the state treasury to resume his work as a Quaker preacher, and Steven L Crowder succeeds him. The latter is a land examiner The Patterson cotton mills, near Con-cord, just completed, have begun opera-

tions.

It is now positively decided that the corner stone of the menument at Charlotte to the memory of he signers of the Meck-lenburg declaration of independence shall be laid on May 20th. The directors of the North Carolina railway are called to meet at Burlington on the 14th instant.

GEORGIA LEADS THE LIST.

Weekly Report of The Manufacturers Record.

Baltimore, Md., January 9.-In its week ly review of the industrial interests of the south, The Manufacturers' Record reports News Ship Building Company for a \$500,00 steamer, making nine large boats, the aggregate cost of which will be nearly \$8,000,000, under construction at this point. Bonds to the extent of \$1,000,000 will be issued to complete the deepening of the harbor at Aransas Pass, and to construct docks at that port; the cotton mill company recently reported as being organized by southern and northern people to build a cotton mill near Rome, Ga., have definitely arranged their plans and work will promptly commence upon the construction of a mill of 30,000 spindles and 1,000 looms to make print cloth—the estimate cost being \$600,000; a \$100,000 woolen mill company has been organized in Atlanta; a \$200,000 cotton mill company has purchased a water power in South Carolina for the purpose of building a mill; a \$50,000 cotton mill company has been organized in Douglasville, Ga., and a company is being organized in Shelby, N. C., and has secured \$140,000 for a cotton mill; plans are being made for a 20,000 spindle mill to cost about \$400,000 to be built at Aiken, S. C.

Among other enterprises reported for the week were a \$40,000 addition to the week wer that port: the cotton mill company recent

be built at Adken, S. C.

Among other enterprises reported for the week were a \$40,000 addition to the waterworks in Jacksonville, Fla.; a \$25,000 soap factory in Atlanta: a \$500,000 gold mining company, a \$1,000,000 lumber company, a \$150,000 cooperage company in Savannah, and a \$100,000 lumber, sash and door factory, all in Georgia

Cartersville, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)— The city election yesterday was the most exciting and warmly contested of any in the history of Cartersville. There we special issues, but the mayor and alder-men now elected will, part of them, have onger terms than usual, the four receiving the highest vote holding for two years, and the board will also have the power of electing the city school board, under a new act passed. The contest for mayor was between Colonel John H. Wikle, a cading lawyer and Mr. A. M. Pucvkett, an expmerchant and farmer, and proved very close, Colonel Wikle being the winner by only twenty-four votes out of a total of 429, the largest the city has ever polled. The aldermen elected are: J. T. Stephens, W. T. Burton, first ward: J. W. Knight, E. Matthews, second ward: A. D. Gilbert, I. W. Alley, third ward: M. P. Maxwell, G. H. Gilreath, fourth ward. Three of the above were members of the board of 1895. the highest vote holding for two years, an

Harmony Grove, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—The municipal election here yesterday resulted in the unanimous choice of the following officers: the following officers:

John D. Barnett, mayor; C. J. Hood, W.
B. Wagnon, T. A. Little and W. T. Thurmond, aldermen. These are all good men
and will make splendid officers. During

bay tree."

Messrs. Power and Williford, of this place, killed a red Jersey hog last week which weighed 748 pounds gross and 641 pounds for which weighed 748 pounds gross and 641 pounds net.

Apropos there was more hogs, hay and corn raised throughout this section last year than ever before. With plenty of hay, hogs and hominy it's no wonder Harnony Grove grows in greatness.

The death of Mrs. Melissa Hood, wife of Mr. C. W. Hood, of our town, has thrown our entire community in deepest gloom.

Words from The National Zeitung. Berlin, January 9.—The National Zeitung publishes a semi-official communication which says that if the maritime prepara-tions which are being made by England denote her intention to resort to pressure the Transvaal question will become an in-ternational one and merge others, especial-ly the Egyptian question.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25 cents.

"OLD GLORY" OR NO SHOW. STARS AND STRIPES WERE HISS-

Canadians Dared To Insult the Colors in "1492" and They Will Be Taught Better.

ED AT MONTREAL

New York, January 9 .- (Special.)-The New York World prints the following sen sational story:

"Many persons that go to see Theatrical Manager Edward E. Rice's burlesque shows, where there are so many pretty faces and shapely figures, fail to notice part in the productions. In fact many of Mr. Rice's regular patrons do not go to his shows to see flags. "The flags are there just the same, plen-

ty of them, and they are all American flags. Mr. Rice's patriotism is one of his strongest characteristics.

"One of Mr. Rice's productions is called is thoroughly American. Queen Isabella of Spain in '1492,' 1896, wears costumes of Fifth avenue style, and Columbus, wrap-ped in the stars and stripes, lands in Madison square on an up-to-date voyage of discovery.
"There is an entrancing Columbian

march in another act, where the pretty girls wear very little except the stars and stripes of about the dimensions usually used to decorate patriotic Christmas trees "Mr. Rice took this entirely American production to Australia last year. It is said it would have duplicated there its successes in New York but for the fact that Mr. Rice refused to substitute the Union Jack for Old Glory, Great bitterness was thereby engendered, and Mr. Rice came home disgusted.

"He sent his show to Canada last week. It took all of its flags with it. Everything went well until Monday night, when a week's engagement was begun in the Academy of Music, Montreal. There Mr. Rice expected the show to do a profitable busi-"His amazement therefore knew no

bounds that night when he received in his Broadway office at about midnight the his Broadway office at about mining the following telegram:

"Great uproar caused tonight by the Columbia March. Big audience hissed and jeered the American flag and the Goddess of Liberty, and refused to allow the performance to be continued until the American emblems were removed from the stage. What shall I do?

"GEORGE WADLEY,
"Menager 1492" Company."

"'Manager '1492' Company.'
"The following message was flashed back: "'Give them the American flag or no how. E. E. RICE.' "Early yesterday morning Mr. Ric office of Lawyer Charles Hess, in the Manhattan Life Incharies Hess, in the Manacas surance building. He was determined to make an international issue of it. He instructed Mr. Hess to draw up an appeal to the state department and Mr. Hess did it. "Ms. Rice next went out and bought several gross of American flags, together with the drags wilk old Glory he could find. with the finest silk Old Glory he could find.

These he packed in his trunk, and at 6 p. m. he boarded a New York Central train for Montreal. "Before starting Mr. Rice told Mr. Hess that he intended to decorate the theater with American flags tonight and moreover, that he should drive from the railway station to his hotel in a cab festooned with the American colors.

"Rice's friends say he will carry out his threat if he has to cancel the entire Canadian tour of the "1492" company.

LUMBER MEN JUBILANT.

Price Compact Has Been Entered Into Finally.

Birmingham, Ala., January 9.-(Special.) Alabama lumbermen are jubilant today over the result of the meeting of the manufacturers of yellow pine lumber from this state and those representing the Mississippi-Louisiana and Arkansas-Missouri as-

The Alabama lumbermen decided some time ago that they must get in communion with their brethren, who, having compacts with reference to gauges, grading and prices, were enabled to control the market to a great extent and get good remuneration for their labor. The association tioned were invited to this city to help to the end desired.

After the preliminary sessions held by the Alabama lumbermen, in which they formally agreed to come into the compact, two sessions of the whole gathering were y, and last night the meeting closed by Alabama falling into line and adopting the gauges, gradings and prices of the Mississippi-Louisiana and Arkan-sas-Missouri associations.

sas-Missouri associations.

This action establishes a uniformity in gauges, gradings and prices in all the states mentioned and amounts to a combination that will practically control the price, etc., of southern yellow pine in the markets of the north and west. It will raise the price of Alabama lumber siderably. One prominent lumberman stated to a reporter last night that the raise would amount to from \$1 to \$4 a thousand feet. Another thought the increase would e from \$1 to \$2.50. The average increase will be about \$1.50. Some classes of lumber will not be raised much, while some special grades will go up as much as \$4 a thousand feet. The increase will particularly affect high grades of inside lumber.

The price list adopted has been effective in the other states for some months, and in the other states for some months, and has been such as to give a fair return for time and labor and capital invested. These prices become in vogue in Alabama commencing today. They will apply to all points north of the Ohio river. Prices for delivery in the south are left to the option of each mill. Louisville, Ky., alone of all receives. of each mill. Louisville, Ky., alone of all southern points is classed among the cities north of the Ohio and is embraced in the territory affected by the compact.

Georgia is not in the combination for the reason that its lumber to a great extent goes to foreign countries. However, the next step will be in that direction and the Empire State of the South will also fall in line. As far as Texas comes in competition with the market, for which the compact price list was adopted, it sustains congenial relations with the confederation, so a reporter has been informed, the only obstacles to more open action being the stringent laws in the state of Texas against trusts, combines, etc. stringent laws in the state of Texas against trusts, combines, etc.

The gentlemen who were in session here will meet next in the city of Memphis, on February 18th, when details of the arrangements will be fully arranged. The next day, in the same city, the Southern Lumber Manufacturers' Association will meet and, although it claims no authority in the matter, will doubtless indorse the action of the Birmingham meeting.

CORRUPTION CHARGED.

TRIAL INVOLVING CAROLINA LEGISLATURE OFFICIALS.

Tabled Bill Turned Up with All the Entries That Are Usually on Those Adopted.

Raleigh, N. C., January 9 .- The trial of very remarkable case began here to-ay. It dates back to the last legislature, of which J. W. Brown was enrolling clerk and S. P. Satterfield principal clerk of the lower house. A bill was introduced at the instance of a lawyer named Smith who says he dictated it. The bill was in these

mortgages or deeds of trust which are executed to secure any debt, obligation, note or bond which gives preferences to any creditor of the maker shall be absolutel; void as to existing creditors except those given to secure cash advanced at the time of the execution of the same or to secure advancements for farming purposes

advancements for farming purposes."

The committee struck out all after the word "creditors" and reported the bill favorably. It is stamped "tabled in the house March 12, 1885." The bill never was before the senate at all, yet when the secretary of state began to copy the acts for publication after the legislature adjourned he found this act duly ratified and signed by the speaker of the house and president of the senate.

A prodigious sensation followed, as the act completely stopped the giving of mortgages on crops and thus prevented farmers from proculring supplies from merchants. Governor Carr, acting as a citizen, sued the secretary of state to compel the latter to eliminate this frauduent act from the volume of the acts of the legislature. There was no denial of the fact that the act was a fraud. The question was how to undo what had been illegally done.

The case went up to the supreme court, which said the question presented was absolutely new; that if the court did not look helying the record lobby ist and core.

which said the question presented was absolutely new; that if the court did not look behind the record, lobbyists and corrupt men would feel safer in their attempts to prevent the laws, while on the other hand, if the court permitted every act to be inquired into the state would be placued with a proderous tay of evils. The

plagued with a ponderous tax of evils. The plagued with a ponderous tax of evils. The court further declared that this was the only case on record in the world where a forger tried to play law-maker. Three of the justices of the court decided that there was no power to go behind ratification, but that this act must be construed as given above in its integrity and not as amended. Two justices dissented saying the court had power to go behind falsely obtained signatures of the president and speaker and declare the act invalid. At the last term of Wake county criminal court true bills were found by the grand jury against Satterfield and Brown; that against the former was for negligently and willfully falling to perform the duties of his office in that he delivered to Brown a bill entitled an assignment act and also with corruptly procuring its enrollment. Brown was charged with willfully and negligently permitting the enrollment of the act. The first case, that against Satterfield, was taken up today. He had four attorneys and several witnesses. Beaker Walser, W. M. Smith, who dictated the bill: R. L. Smith, the member who introduced it: W. I. Christian Washington corresponser, W. M. Smith, who dictated the bill:
R. L. Smith, the member who introduced
it; W. I. Christian, Washington correspondent of The Raleigh News and Observer;
W. P. Batchelor, chief clerk of the secretary of state, and J. C. Ellington, state
librarian. Enrolling Clerk Brown is also
here with four lawyers and several witnesses. The contention of the state is that
the bill enrolled is identical with the bill
as amended and that this proves that the
original bill was the one from which the
enrolled bill was made. The defense contends that the original bill never left Satterficid's possession and that a forged bill was the one from which the enrollment was made.

FAVORITES PROVED LIFELESS L All the Winning Was Indulged in by Mud Turtles.

New Orleans, January 9.—The surprises that were developed in today's races were enough to last the talent for the balance of the season. Not only did every favorite seem a lobster, but a few mud turtles who have been unable to untrack themselves in any of their previous races captured the events with a vim and dash that was astonishing to say the least. Linnette, a heavily backed favorite in the first, and Ondague and Van Brunt,

a couple of hot things, did not show the a couple of hot things, did not show the least speed at all and finished among the "also rans." Sir John won in a drive from Potsdam. The second was a holiow victory for Metaire, who walked in three lengths before Ben Jonson, who beat the favorite a head for the place. LeGrande beat Spendoline a half length in a drive. Prig crowded the favorite, David, over in the heaviest going and won in a gallop by two lengths. John Cycha simply romped in a couple of lengths before Tuscarora, who was the same distance from Burreil's who was the same distance from Burreil's Eillet. Hulbert, the favorite, finished in the ruck. Weather clear; track heavy. First race, one mile, selling—Sir John 195, D. Davis, 12 to 1, won; Potsdam second, Momus third. Time, 1:39. Lecnard B, L.n. nette, Van Brunt, McKee, Chicot, Renaud, Ondague and Price Williams also ran. Second race, one mile, purse, for three-year-olds—Metaire, 31, A. Earrett, 5 to 1, wcn; Ben Jonson second, Newhouse third. Time, 1:539, Equinox, Ha Ha, Laura C, Minnie Wa Wa, Galety Girl and Taylor Banks also ran. ra C, Minnie Wa Wa, Galety Giff and Taylor Banks also ran.

Third race, one mile and seventy yards, selling—LeGrande, 107, J. Hill, 6 to I, won; Spendoline second, Ashland third, Time, 1:54%. Lester, Satinet, Play or Pay, Adam Johnson, Khafton, Tutor and Blue Banner

Johnson, Rhatcon, also ran.

Fourth race, one mile, handicap—Prig, 114, Caywood, 6 to 1, won; David second, Corstantine third. Time, 1:45½, Adah L, Text, Clarus, Captain Kidd, Mamie G. George W, Langdon, Verdi and High Test George W. Langdon, verdi and righ Test (left at post) also ran. Fifth race, one mile and seventy yards, selling—John Cycha, 102, Clay, 15 to 1, won; Tuscarora second, Burrell's Billet third. Time, 1:59. B. B. Johnson, Miss Mamie, Major Dripps, Hubert, Jimmy R, Ethel W and Panjandrum also ran.

Friday's Entries at New Orleans. First race, three-fourths of a mile, selling—Miss Nuttin, My Hebe, Carrie B, 104; Glendago, Semele, Minnie Mackin, Lena, imp. Marseniet, 106; Floriana, 107; Błacksmith, 109; Tradesman, Arkansas Traveler,

smith, 169; Tradesman, Arkansas Traveler, Lt2.

Second race, three-fourths of a mile, selling—Lottie, Sister Rosalind, Favorita, 109; Burley Leaf. Crusader, Kirk, William Duke, Jr., 111; Princess Yama, 117; John Stewart, Fiddler, 119; Albert S, 122; Peanuts, 111.

Third race, three-fourths of a mile, selling—Festival, 104; Spiritualist, 106; White Wings, Visa, Teeta May, 107; Henry Onsley, Will Ellictt, 109; Senator Vest, imp. Monarch, Balkline, Elberon, Ashland, 112.

Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth, handicap—Domingo, 109; Lilliane, 99; Nirita, Chugnut, 95; Lonsdale, 104; K C, 106; Roosevelt, 101; St. Leo, 108; Constantine, 96; Robert Latta, 114; Proverb, 100; Jamboree, 106; Overella, 104.

Fifth race, one mile,—Anna McNairy, Venice, 104; Frankle D, imp. Hazleton, Roosevelt, 107; Barney Aaron, Jr., Monk Overton, The Sculptor, Judge Cook, Chattanooga, 111; Soundmore, Royal Prince, 114.

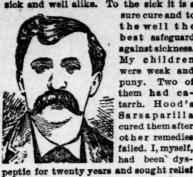
REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

THE RESULTS OF THE RECENT INVESTIGATIONS IN PARIS AND THE REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAVE PLACED APOLLINARIS WATER AT THE HEAD OF ALL THE WATERS EXAMINED FOR PURITY AND FREEDOM FROM DISEASE GERMS.

Recommends Itself

"Hood's Sarsaparilla adapts itself to the



in vain. I resorted to

sure cure and to best safeguard against sickness. My children puny. Two of them had catarrh. Hood's cured them after other remedies failed. I, myself,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and have been built up in health. It cured my stomach trouble and my weight has increased from 112 to 140 pounds Try it ye sufferers from Maine to California and from the North to the Gulf. Hood's Sarsaparilla will do you good." D. P. SMITH, Justice of Peace, Mountain Creek, North Carolina. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take,

SAY THEY ARE FROM ATLANTA J. H. McHALE AND WIFE CHARG-

Arrested in Jacksonville Yesterday. Charged with Murdering Young George.

ED WITH MURDER.

Jacksonville, Fla., January 9 .- (Special.)-J. H. McHale, claiming to be a physician of Atlanta, together with his wife, was arrested today suspected of being implicated in the murder of William B. George

last Friday night. George's body was found on West Monrce street, as stated in these dispatches, in a ditch with his throat cut from ear to ear so deep that the head was almost severed. The arrest was upon the evidence of Florence Snipe, a fast young woman, who claims that young George was attrative to Mrs. McHale, who is a young and pretty woman of about twenty-three years and that McHale, who is a man of forty-five or fifty years, became enraged and said in her presence that he would do George before he left the city.

She also claims that McHale asked her to steer men to his house, remarking that he would administer the knock-out drops. He added, so she claims, that McHale claimed that his wife was no good at that kind of game, and he intended to send her back to Atlanta.

McHale and wife were put in the sweat-

box tonight, but each corroborated the other in detail. He was cool and collected. She, lowever, was tearful. Both denied ever having even seen young

George. McHale and his wife claim that they were married in Atlanta three months ago. They were formerly of Rome, Ga. Mrs. McHale admits that she was married when she met McHale. She says, however, that she secured a divorce from her first husband and then married the man with

WHAT THE TERMS MAY BE.

Rumors Regarding the Transvaal Settlement.

London, January 9 .- A dispatch to The Globe from Berlin says it is rumored that the Transvaal government has intimated to Dr. Leyd, the secretary of state, who is now in Berlin, that one of the conditions of the settlement of the present difficulties would be the abrogation of the convention of 1884, by which England exercises suzerainty over the Transvaal republic. The dispatch also says that the question of laying a telegraph cable affording direct communication between Germany and the Transvaal is being discussed.

CHARGED WITH WIFE MURDER.

A Negro Arrested in Griffin Accused

Griffin Go January 9-On Monday morning Charles Henderson's wife died sudden-ly, and at the time it was thought Henderson was rather hasty in putting the body under ground. Since the funeral there has been considerable talk among the negroes in Henderson's neighborhood, which, com take up the woman's body for examination to ascertain wether she was murdered. The negro beat his wife Sunday, and her body had bruises on it. It is charged by his neighbors that Henderson poisoned his wife. morning.

All Right Again.

Mobile, Ala., January 9.—(Special.)—Regular north bound passenger train No. 2. on the Louisville and Nashville road, pas ed over the Rigolets bridges at 11 o'clock tonight. This is the first train over since the wreck of last Tuesday at that place. All trains, freight and passenger, will go throug tomorrow close on the sched-ule. General Manager Metcalf and Superintendents Marshal and McKinney days with five hundred workmen and this accounts for the speedy resumption of

Mobile, Ala., January 9.—(Special.)—Guy Arrington, son of a well-known Memphis dentist and now held here for forgery, will be released tomorrow on the requisition of friends acting here, and believing him insane. El Paso authorities, where the offense was committed, will be content if the money is refunded. After his rele will leave for Central America on a fruit steamer leaving here.

Flying Squadron Nearly Ready. London, January 9.-The flying squadron composed of the battleships Royal Oak and Revenge and the cruisers Gibraltar, mione, Charybdis and Theseus, which is now fitting out, will, when all preparations are complete, assemble at Portland for final

Torpedo Destrovers Ready. London, January 9.- In addition to the six fast torpedo destroyers ordered to be got in readiness at Devonport to join the flying squadron at Portland by January 14th, the admiralty has sent orders to other parts requiring six others, boats of the same class, to be put into commission as quickly as possible.

Appointed Penitentiary Commissioner Nashville, Tenn., January 9.—(Special.)—Governor Turney today appointed Hon. Dorsey O. Thomas, of Haywood county, to be penitentiary commissioner, vice R. J. Morgan resigned.

Bones & Co. Assigned.

Augusta, Ga., January 9.—John A. Bones & Co., doing a cotton commission business, was closed up this afternoon by the sheriff. Mr. Bones is out of the city and no statement is obtainable, but it is understood liabilities will foot up \$50,000. Speculation caused the failure.

Protect~ YOUR FEET!

Whith Our

Winter Footwear At a Nominal Price.

We have the largest variety of Gents' CORK and DOUBLE-SOLE SHOES, Calf Skin, Winter Tans, Box Calf and Enamel Leather. All styles toes. A, B, C, D, E widths. Come to Head. quarters and SAVE DOCTOR BILLS.



Footcoverers to All Mankind, 27 Whitehall St

IF WAR COMES.

Facts and Figures Regarding England, Germany and America.

H. V. B. in Cincinnati Commercial Gazette No wonder that the British lion, turning from its anticipated springs upon the gold fields of Venezuela, Alaska and the Trans-vaal, betakes itself to raging and rearing. As the din and the excitement increase in London it is interesting to read the pronunciamentos of her press. Here is one from The Globe:

"There is no war party here; but the entire empire would so become were the words of President Cleveland and Emperor William attempted to be followed A little table of populations is a fitting

When The Globe marches upon the Unit ed States it will be interesting to see whether, in counting up effectives, it may not be necessary to subtract the first 5,000,000 from the total for Great Britain and Ireland and add them to the 70,000,000. Beyond question the Emperor William's studied and most comprehensive words are of momentous import. The German army is, without room for doubt, the mos

perfect military organization in the world. Being such and being the power behind the

dispatch to President Kruger, it introduces a new element for England in her armed tramps about the earth in search of gold Looking again at the 5,000,000 of Canada and the 70,000,000 of the United States it is satisfactory to hear, through the press of the Dominion and that of London, that liberal quantities of guns are being shipped to Canada, because in the start, if there shall be a start, the United States will be

somewhat short of modern guns. And, considering 38,000,000 against 70,000,-000, and the inexhaustible resources and unquestioned military spirit and ability of these 70,000,000, does there seem to be any reason for dealing with the sneering and rrogant diplomacy of the 38,000,000 in any

milder way than it deserves?

The feeling here has settled down to this, and it is universal, that while the United States will hold to Washington's dvice to avoid entangling alliances with foreign powers, it will not consider it a neg-lect of that excellent advice to prevent European nations, by force of arms if need be, from further entangling themselves in affairs on either American continent. is a strong English movem force Lord Salisbury to accede to the request of the United States for arbitration. The first open step was in the exposure The London Chronicle, of his in not only suppressing important papers, but gravely misrepresenting others. The next will be in making the English govnext will be in making the English government and its people understand that the United States is, for all practical purposes—that is, for all war purposes—a unit, first in their earnest support of the president's request for arbitration, and, in case that is refused, of his plain statement of the final result when England proceeds to take possession of disputed Venezuelan territory. There are well informed diplomats here who look for the settlement of the pending controversy through the overthrow of the Salisbury government, and the succession of one ready to deal with the United States upon acceptable lines.

UTAH IS A GOOD GIRL NOW.

Utah steps into the union. This has always been quite characteristic of that state.—Chicago Dispatch.

It took Utah a long time to get into the union, but it will keep its promises for the future and try to forget the past.—Baltimore American.

Utah is now one of the sisterhood of United States. She is welcome to the family, and her past little errors in the manner of a multiplicity of married women will be forgotten and forgiven.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

And in comes Utah. The population of the new state was estimated by the governor—who, by the way, is also governor of the new state—at 22,834, January 1, 1895; and it is now, say 255,000. Utah, in time, will make a creditable state.—Chattanooga Times.

The Utah woman is carrying the New

The Utah woman is carrying the New Year banner with a high hand. She is for one flag, one country, one husband.—St. Paul Globe.

HE'S THINKING IT OVER.

Of course, Dunraven will now claim that he was not given sufficient elbow room in which to present his evidence.—Washington Poet Post.

Lord Dunraven has taken a steamer for England. This seems to discourage the recent impression that it was America and not England against which his ire was aroused.—Chicago Record.

Evidently Dunraven came to this country over-ballasted with conceit, but he was relieved of it. There was mighty little of the man left when the work was finished.—Mail and Express.

man left when the work was hinded. Stand and Express.

Lord Dunraven has done the unexpected again in sailing for home without a word of explanation of his course. Probably the outsiders took the wind out of his sails too much, or gave him their wash, don't you know.—Kansas City Times.

Roman Catholicism in America. Roman Catholicism in America.

From The Albany, N. Y., Journal.

It is Cardinal Satolli now. The distinguished prelate, if he lives, will have a voice in the selection of the next pope. Cardinal Satolli has a proud church record. His coming to America has done much for the church here. He is a man of great erudition and of unquestioned loyalty to the Roman Catholic faith.

Among the best sentiments uttered at the exercises at Baltimore yesterday was that contained in the words of Bishop Kain, of St. Louis:

"We Americans are justly proud of our republican form of government. We are convinced that it is the most perfect spetem that has ever been devised for the

preservation and development of the in-alienable rights of man-life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

FOREIGN MATTERS.

Albany, N. Y., Journal: The international complications of Great Britain today an extremely serious. One nation after another apparently is ready to throw down the gage of battle to the "mistress of the seas." If the progress toward war between the civilized nations of the globe continue during the next thirty days as it has during the past, an open conflict hardy can be averted. The result of such a conflict is already determined. It would mean the annihilation of Great Britain as a finical support of the serious confliction of Great Britain as a finical support. class power.

Boston Advertiser: The Transvaal be known to be exceedingly rich in gold, all ver, lead, copper and other valuable metals and in diamonds. The British covet the lands and potential wealth of the Born. It is exactly a parallel case to that he Venezuela, where Great Britain has constantly advanced her pretensions as the and as fast as new natural riches and resources were discovered in the territory of a feeble power.

New Orleans Picayune: The Venezula muddle does not clarify. First, the diputed territory, according to Dr. Deputed territory, according to Dr. Deputed as a swamp. Then, according to the Brooklyn Union, it was timber land. Now, according to the son of the American minister to Venezuela, just arrived in New York, the debated territory is rich in mine and agriculture. Of course, a swamp could not be mined, nor timber land be plowed. Evidently, if the forthcoming commission shall have to traverse the vexed boundary, it will need to take an amphibious offit along. Louisville Courier-Journal: Apart fr

Louisville Courier-Journal: Apart fra all these considerations there remains nother podent fact. Great Britain is the only power which threatens us in our happines. We have looked with indifference upon the crumbling empire of Spain, but Englandhas sat at our doors and flaunted her far from every quarter of the compass. Puning her dominion anywhere and everwhere, we have maintained a jealous en upon her movements to the north and we the south—to Canada, Central and South—the Caribbean sea and the strait of San Junde Fuca. An imperious foe securely logal and too grasping to be left unwatched by been the death's head at the pan-America banquet. banquet.

STATE PRESS GOSSIP.

The Savannah Press thinks the number of men who are refusing to serve a juries at murder trials because they are opposed to capital punishment is growing larger every year. The increase of the class of citizens is a matter for some concern. The Americus Times-Records adds that in the course of time, if the course of the contract of the course of the c

The Albany Herald says that congre-might as well have gone home for Chris-mas, after all, and if the president was to go duck hunting again there now ap-pears to be nothing in the way.

The editorial department of The Decise Record is now in charge of Mr. J. S. Peisson, and Mr. W. J. White is business marger. The Record begins the new year a flourishing condition.

Says the editor of The Sandersville Pro gress:
"It is better to be lucky than rest
This saying struck us with peculiar fore
last week when a friend six miles to the
west and another twenty-five miles to the
east of us, each sent a bushel basket filed
with sausage, spareribs and backbones."

Politically The Dawson News is getting as lively as a grasshopper in June.

A Populous Town.

From Puck.
In Chicago—Visitor—Where is it that mallives? Must be outside the city limits. isn't it? Resident-Outside of what? Visitor-The city limits. Resident-We haven't any.

Room for Scandal. From The Chicago Record. "Beverly and his wife are not on ing terms, are they?"
"Oh, yes; they're all right, but he sleeves are so big that they always with

From The Washington Star. "And so your friend has been to Africa"

she said to Derringer Dan. "That's what he has, ma'am."
"Looking for diamonds?"
"Yes, ma'am. Diamonds er spades er any ole thing he happened of feel the need of at the time."

From The New York Times.

"You owe for three months' rent, as the landlord says you must pay or quit.

"Tell him I prefer that he should reserved."

VICTORIA, THE QUEEN.

If Queen Victoria must have a laurate to pander to the pride of royalty, perhashe did the best she could without impaining a genuine poet from America.—Rocter Times.

Queen Victoria's great-grandchild is proaching the marriageable age. If the lady holds on a few years longer she have her photo taken in one of those groof five generations.—New Haven Union. Her majesty may be queen of Great am and empress of India, but she is not ruler of south Africa, nor chief execution of the Venezuelan republic.—Baltim American.

American.

Queen Victoria is said to desire

RECEIVI

HIGH LICE That Will Go

Macon, Ga., afternoon Judg court, appoin Company, am in and around mon's island. composed of n the property of Brunswick a fe rary receiver ha cation of the pany of New Y holders. There holders. There issued, on the field, of Brun for the Knick Brigham, of N for the Brunsw Brigham are in agreed on by a ceiver. He wer take charge of

Agai Agair
Today Judge
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Oil Company,
the Central ra
\$25,580.15 worth
by plaintiff fro
1894. The defend alleging that by the plainties contract of p Speer decided i the full amoun J. R. Lamar a gusta, represent & Cunningham the defendants. Charles N. V through Macon Orleans, where hearing tomorn on the motion the Central ra

Hayes. The m Crawford, of N an & Thomas, Mr. West with half, presumable the Central. H \$100,000 bond. I compensation when they are is paid at the r Macon's The revenue of increased about year by reason room license fr same time the be decreased a was in 1895. La

was in 1895. La saloons in the of \$150 each, estimated that increased to \$5 saloons that of \$25,000. So if five saloons have until Jar are allowed ut the first payme Al P.

Mayor Price for suggesting exempt all ind license tax, ar congratulated suggestion. The vanced step, an is the only city vanced step, an is the only city exempts factor dries, small and The purses of courage the plants of all ki the investment ital in indust emption will deterial interests stantial growt gressive and wadministration.

Basse George Bass 1893. The sta itor General The defendant Hodges & Ell Hodges & Eili panelled. The by 4 o'clock is refused to in prisoner made Without perm or go to the rected the jury quittal, and the was dismissed strong agains. He struck a stick, fractu Bridwell died. At the time, a fense. Immedisett fled. sayin jail, but wout trial. A short in Florida and and Bridwell South Macon. bailiff.

On hearing the day at Vienna Frank Powell, manded Mr. P here this mor D. A. R. Crir ment was effe Crum returned

Mr. H. T. I con Savings be dent of a new iville, with a Powell is an a and under his tution will promise the same and under his tution will promise of the Brown Judge Bolling zen of Brunswin the city, wastrong New Year the United St. Was re-elected last night.

At the annuers of the Centhe of the Centhe of Brunswin the city, wastrong New Year the United St. Was re-elected last night.

At the annuers of the Centhe of the Centhe of Brunswin the Jensen of Centhe of Brunswin the directors cers: Presiden O. Chestney; bank is splen Georgia is a Brown is one efficient bank. Bonnybrae, and Mrs. Will the scene of bal pare. Maded a more rolon and beau represented 1 tractiveness. The decorati

ate memori are: Mrs.

wear

rice. Gents' CORK S, Calf Skin, el Leather. All Come to Head.

BILLS.

Whitehall S

Journal: The international Great Britain today are s. One nation after anotheready to throw down the to the "mistress of the ogress toward war between ions of the globe continue ext thirty days as it has t, an open conflict hardly The result of such a condetermined. It would mean of Great Britain as a first-

iser: The Transvaal seedingly rich in gold, siland other valuable metals. The British covet the tial wealth of the Boern parallel case to that in a Great Britain has condiner pretensions as farew natural riches and recovered in the territory of

PRESS GOSSIP.

refusing to serve at trials because they are I punishment is growing. The increase of this is a matter for some mericus Times-Records course of time, if this apital punishment mus-urder trials will be diffi-

ife are not on spea

all right, but hat they always

must pay or quit

RECEIVER APPOINTED

L. N. Tally Selected To Settle the Brunswick Company Affairs.

HIGH LICENSE RAISES MONEY

That Will Go Into Macon's Treasury. Bassett Acquitted of the Murder of Bridwell.

Macon, Ga., January 9 .- (Special.)-This afternoon Judge Speer, of the United States court, appointed J. N. Tally temporary receiver of the properties of the Brunswick ounting to about \$200,000 in value, consisting principally of lands lying in and around Brunswick and on St. Simon's island. The Brunswick Company is composed of northern people, who bought the property during the great boom in inswick a few years ago. The tempoy receiver has been appointed on appli-tion of the Knickerbocker Trust Conpany of New York, trustee for the bond-holders. There were about \$300,000 of bonds sued on the property. Crovatt & Whitfield, of Brunswick, are the attorney for the Knickerbocker company; H. M. Brigham, of New York, is the attorney for the Brunswick Company. Whitfield and Brigham are in Macon today. Tally was agreed on by all parties for temporary re-ceiver. He went to Brunswick tonight to take charge of the properties

Against the Central.

Today Judge Speer rendered his decision in the celebrated case of the Galena Oil Company, of Pennsylvania, against the Central railroad. The suft was for \$25,580.15 worth of lubricating oil furnished y plaintiff from April 1, 1893, to April 1, 34. The defendant refused to pay \$10,375.70, lleging that the sum had been forfeited by the plaintiff by the failure on plaintiff's part to keep within the guarantee of the contract of purchase and sales. Judge Speer decided in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount of \$25,580.15 with interest J. R. Lamar and Boykin Wright, of Augusta, represented the plaintiffs; Lawton Cunningham, of Savannah, represented Gone to the Hearing.

Charles N. West, of Savannah, passed brough Macon last night en route to New Orleans, where he has gone to attend the hearing tomorrow, before Judge Pardee, on the motion to dismiss the receivers of the Central railroad, Messrs. Comer and Hayes. The motion is made by Henry Crawford, of New York, attorney for Ry-& Thomas, the purchasers of the road. r. West will resist the motion in behalf, presumably, of the claimants against the Central. Receiver Comer is under \$100,000 bond. It is not known what extra impensation will be allowed the rece when they are dismissed. At present each

Macon's Increased Revenue. The revenue of the city of Macon will be increased about \$10,000 this year over last year by reason of the increase in the barroom license from \$150 to \$500, and at the was in 1895. Last year there were about 100 saloons in the city, which paid a license of \$150 each, or a total of \$15,000. It is estimated that since the license has been increased to \$500 there will be about fifty saloons that will pay it, making a total of \$25,000. So far there have been twenty-five saloons registered. The saloonists have until January 15th to register, and are allowed until February 1st to make the first payment of \$150.

A Progressive Step. Mayor Price is receiving much praise for suggesting the idea to city council to exempt all industries from payment of a license tax, and the aldermen are being congratulated on so promptly adopting his suggestion. This is a progressive and acsuggestion. This is a progressive and acvanced step, and so far as is known, Macon is the only city south of the Potomac that exempts factories and all kinds of industries, small and large, from the license tax. The puresse of this exemption is to encourage the location of manufacturing plants of all kinds in Macon and to induce the investment of home and foreign capital in industrial enterprises. This exemption will do much to advance the material interests of Macon and develop sub-

Bassett Was Acquitted. George Bassett was put on trial in Bibb superior court this morning charged with the murder of William Bridwell in July, 1893. The state was represented by Solicitor General Felton and John R. Cooper. The defendant was represented by Dessau, The defendant was represented by Dessau, Hodges & Ellis. A jury was soon impanelled. The state's evidence was all in by 4 o'clock this afternoon. The defense refused to introduce evidence, but the prisoner made his statement.

Without permitting the case to be argued or go to the jury, Judge Hardeman directed the jury to render a verdict of acquittal, and this was done, and Bassett was dismissed. The evidence was not strong against him.

was dismissed. The evidence was not strong against him.

He struck Bridwell on the head with a stick, fracturing the skull, from which Bridwell died. They were in a difficulty at the time, and Bassett claimed self-defense. Immediately after the killing, Bassett field, saying he did not wish to lie in jail, but would return in time to stand trial. A short time ago he was arrested in Florida and brought to Macon. Bassett and Bridwell were well-known citizens of South Macon. Mr. Bassett was formerly a balliff.

On hearing the habeas corpus case yesterday at Vienna of Dannenberg & Co. vs. Frank Powell, the ordinary of Dooly, remanded Mr. Powell to Macon. He arrived here this morning with his attorney, Mr. D. A. R. Crim, and a satisfactory settlement was effected and Messrs. Powell and Crum returned to Vienna today.

Mr. H. T. Powell, president of the Macon Savings bank, has been elected president of a new bank established at Hawkinsville, with a capital stock of \$50,000. Mr. Powell is an able and successful financier, and under his management the new institution will prosper.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Plant have returned from a trip to the north.

Mrs. Gabbett, of Americus, is a guest of the Brown house.

of the Brown house.
Judge Bolling Whitfield, a prominent citizen of Brunswick, and an able lawyer, is in the city, with Mr. H. M. Brigham, a strong New York lawyer, in attendance on the United States court. Judge Whitfield was re-elected city attorney of Brunswick last night.

was re-elected city attorney of Brunswick last night.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Georgia bank yesterday the old board of directors was re-elected, to-wit: R. H. Brown, J. S. Baxter, W. R. Cox, W. M. Gordon and T. O. Chestney. The directors re-elected the following officers: President, R. H. Brown; cashier, T. O. Chestney; bookkeeper, T. H. Stone. The bank is splendidly officered. The Central Georgia is a state depository. President Brown is one of the most prudent and efficient bank managers in the state.

Bonnybrae, the magnificent home of Mr. and Mrs. William McEwen Johnston. Was the scene of a brilliant affair tonight—a bal pare. Macon society has never witnessed a more royal entertainment. The fashion and beauty of the Central City were represented in all their splendor and attractiveness. A princely repast was served. The decorations of the parlors and hall-ways surpassed anything of the kind ever seen in Macon.

Macon society is delighted over the fact that the Misses Casilear, of washington

relics committee; Mrs. Manly B. Curry, chairman of vays and means committee; Mrs. Eugene B. Harris, secretary; Miss Katie Ayres, treasurer.
Rev. D. W. Brannan and bride, nee Miss Elizabeth Thomas, of Milledgeville, are guests of the Brown house, en route on a trip to Flonda.
Mrs. Julia Harris, of Barnesville, and the Misses Hudson, of Griffin, are the guests of Miss Idabelle Porter.
Mr. Frei von Brixen, a popular and efficient niember of the Macon fire department, and Miss Emma Brewster, a handsome and accomplished young lady, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's father at Sunnyside.
Mr. Owen Travers is rejoicing in the axiangle of the state of the axiangle of the pride's rejoicing in the axiangle of the state of the axiangle of the pride's rejoicing in the axiangle of the state of the state of the state of the state of the pride's father at Sunnyside.

side.

Mr. Owen Travers is rejoicing in the arrival of a handsome little visitor at his home. She is said to be one the prettiest ever feen in Macon.

The Macon Athenaeum will meet tomorrow hight in the parlors of the Wesleyan Female college. The topic of discussion will be "The Revolution in Cuba." The pregramme will be interspersed with delightful music.

framme will be interspersed with de-tful music.

le bar will meet tomorrow afternoon at city court's special term has added. The next regular term will begin e first Monday in March.
P.-E. Boyd, of Leary, is in the city.
United States court has been entoday in the trial of illicit discasses.

gaged today in the trial of illicit dis-tilling cases.

A Macon chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy has been organized. The meeting for organization was held at the residence of Mrs. R. E. Park.

The congregations of the First Presby-terian church and Tattnall Square Pres-byterian church are holding union service during this week of prayer. The service was held tonight at the latter church. The subject was "Missions."

ROME'S COLORED SOCIETY.

APPLICATION FOR THE CHARTER

Gossip About Judge Turnbull's Successor-Professor Duggan's Thigh Fractured Yesterday.

Rome, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—An application for charter has been filed in Floyd superior court by Amos Black, G. A. Rogers, S. M. Dent and others, the object being to incorporate themselves as "The Literary, Historic and Emancipation So-

Judge Henry Mentioned.

cure his appointment to succeed Judge Turnbull in the judgeship of the Rome circuit. There is a probability that it will materialize in a strong effort on their part to secure his appointment. He was judge of the circuit prior to the election of Judge Turnbull and made him-self exceedingly republication. self exceedingly popular with the bar and the people.

Fractured His Thigh.

The injuries of Professor I. W. Duggan, of Shorter college, proved to be of a more of shorter college, proved to be of a more serious nature than was at first thought. His physicians, on a careful diagnosis, found that he had sustained a compound fracture of the thigh bone and last evening Drs. Lindsay Johnson and McCall set the fracture and he is resting well today. He will be confined to his room for some time, where he will hear his classes so soon as he is sufficiently recovered from the shock.

Suit Against Keeley Institute. The trial of the big suit of Mrs. E. A. Dougherty against A. B. McDonald, man-Dougherty against A. B. McDonald, manager of the Keeley institute, for \$15,000 damages, was begun this morning. Fouche & Fouche and McHenry, for the plaintiff and Judge Joel Branham, Dean & Dean and Hal Wright for the defendant.

Mrs. Dougherty claims that lack of attention and cruel treatment by the manager of the institute caused the death of her son, C. L. Dougherty, on January 14, 1895. He had been sent there while on a protracted spree on January 4th and died ten days afterwards. The case will occupy the balance of the week.

Another big case is dependent upon the result of this. McDonald has filed a suit for \$20,000 damages against Alex Dougherty for injury to his personal character by accusing him publicly of causing the death of his brother, C. L. Dougherty.

The Management Settled.

The Management Settled. Mr. C. S. Smith will be the new lessee of the Armstrong. He is local passenger agent for the Southern railway and will not have the time to give the management his personal attention, but will place that in the hands of Mr. Wink Taylor. There will be a general change in the clerical force. force.

Last night thieves broke into the smoke-house of Captain T. E. Bryant, in Vann's valley and stole about 200 pounds of bacon.

THIS INTERESTS SAVANNAH.

Savannah, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)— There was a meeting of prominent real estate owners held this afternoon in the office of Mr. A. Minis for the purpose of considering the advisability of forming an association to protect themselves against what they consider severe legislation on the part of the city government. It was decided to issue a call for a meeting of property owners generally and a commuting by-laws and taking other necessary

The action of the city council in requir-

The action of the city council in requiring property owners to put in water meters was the last straw. It brought about the steps toward the organization of an association that has been contemplated for two years. They consider such an action puts on them a heavy unnecessary expense and the majority of them are going to make a strong protest against it.

The expense of putting in the meters is, of course, put on the owners of the property. Supporters of the present administration are foremost in opposing this action, which appears to have made it rather unpopular, especially when taken in connection with the strict enforcement of the tax laws under the recently appointed board of assessors, who require everybody to make returns under a new city ordinance, whether they own anything or not, and who make every man swear he don't own a watch or a dress suit if he doesn't put it down on the list. The strictness of the assessors is causing the administration to be somewhat unpoplar with many people and it is considered that they construe the letter of the law rather than its spirit and intent.

War talk has been forgotten in the discussion of the tax ordinances and the coming meeting will no doubt develop some very interesting features. very interesting features.

LIKES CECIL RHODES.

uation—Waycross News.
Waycross, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—
Herr William F. Scertzog, of Cape Town. south Africa, and who has just arrived in America, was here this morning. He said that Hon. Cecil Rhodes was undoubtedly right and should be retained at the head of the South African Company. Dr. Jameson he said, would probably be killed by the Boers—they hated him so.

Boers—they haied him so.

The city council will elect a chief of police, a clerk of council, a city treasurer and a police force at its initial meeting for the new year, which will be held in a few days. Mayor Knight will call the meeting at the earliest convenience and the general impression is that the city council will elect the present incumbents and possibly one or two policemen will be added to the police force. Chief Cason, Clerk Bird and Treasurer Lott will hardly have any opposition.

The machinery and equipment for the hosiery factory have arrived. The factory plant will be completed in about two weeks and as soon as possible it will be in operation. weeks and as soon a poperation.

Judge Sweatt was today and yesterday engaged in hearing motions for new trials and petitions for injunctions. Among the visiting lawyers were W. G. Brantley, of Brunswick; J. W. Bennett, of Jesup, and Mr. Holton Baxley.

The merchants at Manor, fifteen miles from here, are speaking of erecting a telephone line to connect with the Waycross telephone company.

Everybody should wait until Monday next before buying anything in aluminium. Why? Simply because on that day every purchaser gets 10 per cent discount at J. F. Bassett's great aluminium store in the Grand.

WANT GEORGIA LAND

Great Demand from Other States for Our Real Estate.

WHAT AGENTS HAVE TO SAY

Declare That There Is No Such Thing as Dull Business with Them-Demand for Houses in Atlanta.

The cry of "hard times" is unknown to the Atlanta real estate and renting agents these bright January days, as a talk with several of them yesterday showed.

It seemed a foregone conclusion that the to a great extent after the exposition, but the agents say it is otherwise. The sale of property is of course not so great, but it is better than it has been in soveral years and some large deals in real estate are looked for in the near future. North-ern capitalists are now looking this way and letters are being received every day by our real estate men in regard to the advantages which they may receive in investing in Georgia dirt, especially

Mr. W. M. Scott, one of our prominent Wall street real estate dealers, said:
"I receive on an average from eight to
ten letters a day from prominent people in the north who desire to locate down here. Farm lands are especially desirable in this state, particularly in this section. I answer these letters as soon as I get them by sending circulars which show the advantages of our soil in Georgia and also a sketch of Atlanta."

Mr. Scott showed a printed statement of he amount in dollars of real estate transfers during the months of October and November of 1895, which was \$806,228, an inrease of 2 per cent over 1894. In the folowing cities there has been a decrease, as

lowing cities there has been a decrease, as the following list will show:

Decrease in Nashville was 47 per cent, St. Louis 30 per cent, Pittsburg 3 per cent, Louisville 2 per cent, Kansas City 16 per cent. The greatest increase was in Washington, Detroit, St. Paul and Duluth.

"This you see shows how well the real estate situation is in Atlanta compared with the other places," concluded Mr. Scott. "I am receiving letters every day from

parties who have been here during the ex-position and who desire to invest in our lands." said Mr. J. R. Nutting. "I expect to see some big deals consummated in the Mr. S. Boykin Turman, another gentle-tan who is interested in Atlanta dirt, says usiness is better than it has been since

he, "and houses renting as fast as we put them on our renting lists. The business-was good during the exposition season, but it is even better now. The good effects of the great fair will from now on be felt, I am sure".

but it is even better now. The good effects of the great fair will from now on be felt, I am sure."

Mr. G. W. Adair, the nestor of Atlanta real estate men, gives a cheerful report. He said that more houses were being rented now than had been in the last six months. He was also very sanguine in regard to some very extensive purchases being made in the spring. He also was receiving a large number of letters from people who want to become Georgians and own some of our red clay soil. While the real estate, like a good many other businesses, was somewhat quiet during the exposition period, now it would take a large move on it. The good of the exposition is yet to be seen, said Mr. Adair. "You can't keep Atlanta down," said Colonel A. J. West. "Through all the depression of the last three years the value of her real estate remained steady. A large amount of building is going on and a ride in the suburbs of the city would surprise you to see the number of handsome residences being erected. Property is increasing in value, and while I would not call it a boom, still there is a steady increasing in value, and while I would not call it a boom, still there is no better or securer place to invest money than in Atlanta property and the capitalists who have been brought here through the desire of viewing the great exposition just passed have not gone home without a good impression of our southland and plans of placing some of their dollars down in Dixle. Not only the capitalist, but an entirely different class of people is looking this way—the poorer farmers who desire to come southward, and it is safe to say

Property Owners Object To Paying MANSFIELD MAY NOT LECTURE.

TION FROM MR. PALMER. He Has Several Others and May Continue Acting, Though He's Decided

HE IS CONSIDERING A PROPOSI-

Mr. Richard Mansfield may lecture and he may not. The announcement of his de-termination to give up the stage for the

lecture platform has brought several prom-inent offers of management which he has under consideration, and as he explained yesterday, his plans for the future are not

"I have received," he said, "an offer from Mr. A. M. Palmer, who makes a proposition to relieve me from the cares of management, and I have that under consideration. I cannot tell when I will reach a definite decision in the matter." Mr. Mansfield indicated that he had the Palmer offer and several others under con-sideration. A telegram was sent out from Richmond stating that he had received such an offer from Steve Brodie, the bridge jumping star, who seems anxious to assume the reins of management since he has got a taste of theatrical pie. This is regarded generally as simply an effort on Steve's part to secure some advertisement, just as Barney Ferguson did when he tele-graphed Patti challenging her to sing "Down Went McGinty" against him.

A well known theatrical manager gave his views of the Mansfield situation this

"Mr. Mansfield has had a great strain upon his shoulders since he undertook the management of the Garrick theater. The fact is, a man who is an artist, as he is, should not burden himself with the cares of management. Every actor seems imbued with the idea that he can run the box office, worry with the railroads, watch the newspapers and handle the thousand and one other cares and do his own work at the same time. That is the biggest kind of mistake. Mr. Mansfield, in undertaking the management of the Garrick, took upon himself responsibility which was greater than he should have done. The result was that he broke down under the strain. He would be very wise to place himself in the hands of some competent manager and

turn over all the wear and tear of the box office to him." The American stage cannot allow Mr. Mansfield to withdraw from it. There are too few actors these days to devote them selves to intelligent drama, and many of those who do it are without the brains and ability to carry their efforts through to success. Mr. Mansfield is a great artist. He is to the American stage what Irving is to the English, at the same time having the advantage of youth over the famou: Englishman. There is one line in "Rodior the Student" which seems to fit Mr. Mans-field's case exactly, so far as his relation. with the public and the press are concerned. That is where Rodion says, "When people don't understand a man they call him eccentric." In the public estimation Mr. Mansfield is certainly eccentric, but

Mr. Mansfield delighted two audien yesterday. At the matinee the popular "Beau Brummel" was produced and the actor was greeted by a large audience. At



We have the best appointed store and the most comprehensive and diversified stock of shoes in Atlanta. We supply the footwear for men, women and children a prices that are just and fair. The qualities we sell are perfect and standard. When at the exposition examine the handsome exhibits of Hanan & Son's fine Shoes and J. Wichert's ladies' fine Shoes and Slippers. Both medal takers. Their

McKeldin & Garlton

23 Whitehall Street.

night "The Parisian Romance" was the bill. Both audiences were very enthusiastic indeed.

Hopper at the Grand.

DeWolf Hopper captured Atlanta last night. The comedian himself and his splen-did company not only entertained but charmed to the highest possible degree the audience which filled the Grand, com-paring in size with those which greeted the star productions that came during the exposition. It was a magnificent tribute to the popularity of the comedian himself and to the interest in his big production. He deserved just such a greeting, however, for he brought to Atlanta what proved to be the most complete produc-tion of comic opera that Atlanta has ever seen. Hopper stands first among the comic opera comedians, and he has at-tained his position not only because of his unique personality but because he has brain and ability. He is the only one of the comic opera comedians who has a real voice and at the same time a real sense of humor. Hopper is funny at all times, and he caught Atlanta last night as no other comic opera company has done in years.

"Dr. Syntax" furnishes him splendid opportunity for the display of his humor and at the same time there is no lack of opportunity for the display of the attractiveness and beauty of the thirty or forty pretty women who naturally form a very important part of his company—for comic opera without pretty chorus girls is worse than Hamlet minus the gloomy Dane and a half dozen of the other characters. in the immortal tragedy. I have written of pretty chorus girls, but usually it is with decided qualms of conscience. Not so with Hopper's chorus. He must have selected the members himself.

It is unnecessary to tell the story upon which the opera is built, for the story is not much of a necessity in comfic opera. The scene of action is the young ladies' seminary over which Miss Zenobia Tropics presided. Dr. Syntax is a teacher in that seminary and the doctor and the girls semirary and the doctor and the girls make a combination the result of which is fun from the start. The role is one which suits Hopper splendidly and of course, he gives life to it which no other comedian could.

Of his support, dainty little Edna Wallace Hopper deserves, of course, first mention. She is as charming and attractive in this as she has been in the other of Hopper's productions. In the second act Mr. Hopper and his clever little wife introduced some exceedingly clever specialties

Mr. Hopper and his clever little wife introduced some exceedingly clever specialties
which are decidedly Hopperesque and
which, of course, were received with great
enthusiasm. The climax was reached when
in response to calls for "Casey" Mr. Hopper recited the famous baseball ditty of
"Casey at the Bat."

Miss Bertha Waltzinger was both a surprise and a delight. She possesses probably the best soprano voice in comic opera
and the encores she received after every
song were hearyt, indeed. Miss Alice Hosmer, who is an Atlanta favorite, was a
very sprightly Zenobia Tropics; Miss Ida
Lester caught everybody with her unique
characterization of the fool of the school;

Lester caught everybody with her unique characterization of the fool of the school; little Alfred Klein is a magnificent foil to Hopper, and is thoroughly artistic in his Lord Lawntennis; Edmund Stanley, the tenor; John Parr, Florine Murray, Thomas S. Guice and Harry P. Stone are the other principals, and deserve mention.

In point of scenic magnificence no other operatic production which has been given in Atlanta, whether grand opera or light opera, has equaled this given by the Hopper company.

per company.

"Dr. Syntax" will be given at matinee today and again tonight. It is the best comic opera Atlanta has had in a long time, and is certainly worth seeing and hearing.

time, and is certainly worth seeing and hearing.

Coming Next Week.

Oliver Byron, supported by a company said to be strome, will appear in the new comedy drama "Ups and Downs of Life" at the Grand Monday and Tuesday.

Robert Mantell comes to the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday of next week Mr. Mantell presents for the first time "The Husband," by Espy Williams. At the matinee he gives "Monbars," and Tuesday night "The Consican Brothers."

"Sowing the Wind," which will be seen at the Grand Wednesday and Thursday of next week, is by the original Charles Frohman Company, headed by Mr. J. H. Gilmour and Miss Mary Hampton.

The City Trocadero.

The City Trocadero. C. A. Sampson has almost completed his programme for next week's reopening of the City Trocadero. No money has been

programme for next week's reopening of the City Trocadero. No money has been spared in securing attractions to please every one.

Arrangements have been made with the manager of Hagenback's show, and Madam Patrisca will dance a serpentine dance between two furious lions in a cage made especially for this purpose. Also the following artists have been engaged: Miss Rosecita, the French acrobatic toe dancer, from Koster & Bial's; Miss Helen Byron, the dashing soubrette, late of the "Black Crook" company; Miss Adelina Roaltino, the famous opera singer, direct from Madrid; the three Goldsmith sisters, champion fancy dancers, late of Procter's; Carl and Balsizer, the monarchs of music; the royal Japanese Sugomita trouge, ten in number, riammerstein's latest success.

Mr. Sampson has also secured, for an enormous sum, Mr. W. A. La Velles's living picture company, which has been the rage of New York for the past season. The first series of pictures to be presented will be a representation of the seven ages of man, which will include Shakespeare's version of the subject and the modern interpretation—"Living Statuary" and "The Sculptor's Dream."

Colones James A. Smith, of Oglethorpe, Georgia's largest farmer, is at the Mark-ham. He says that the farmers are well supplied with provisions and he thinks they are more contented than they have been in years.

Ex-Judge Hamilton McWhorter, of Lexington, is at the Kimball. Other Georgians in town yesterday were Senator C. H. Brand, of Lawrenceville; Colonel P. S. Shannon, Elberton: W. A. Walker, Miliedgeville; E. B. Ezell, Eatonton; A. R. Sullivan, Rome.

pletes His Book.

Athens, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—Mr. Marion McHenry Jackson, son of the late Captain Harry Jackson, of Atlanta, has, after taking a course at Harvard, entered the law school of the University of Georgia

Mr. McMaster Ill.

About a week since Mr. J. C. McMaster, who for a number of years had been agent at the Macon and Northern depot in this city, resigned his position on account of his failing health. He went to the home of his brother in Waynesboro, Ga., and yester-terday news reached Athens that he was

and Nellie Stern for the prize offered to the young lady who sold the largest num-ber of tickets to the charity ball, which was given last night, was one of great interest. Miss Wolff sold \$124.50 worth of tickets and Miss Stern \$271 worth. The prize of \$25 in gold was awarded to Miss Stern by Mr. George Blumenthal. The Hebrew La-dies' Benevoient Association, under the auspices of which was given the charity ball, cleared over \$300 to be used for char-itable purposes.

of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Gann,

Mr. Fred Gann Dead.

This morning about 4 o'clock at the home

Finishes His Book.

Decision Reserved. The motion for a new trial in the McEl-hannon case has been argued before Judge Hutchins and the decision of the court reserved. McElhannon was convicted of falsely and fraudulently destroying the account books of the Farmers' Alliançe and Commission Company and is now un-der a sentence of three years in the peni-tentiary.

The Ladies Interested. The ladies of Athens are very much interested in the collection and preservation of confederate relics and the perpetuation of southern history. Mrs. H. C. White has been appointed chairman of the committee been appointed chairman of the committee of Athens ladies to collect these relics and raise funds for the confederate museum at Richmond.

Following out the suggestion of General Gordon, the ladies of Athens will set aside May 1st, as a memorial festival day, at which time money will be raised to go

THE POLICE MEET.

The Relief Association Held a Meeting Yesterday.
The Police Relief Association held an nteresting meeting yesterday. The new officers were installed and several matters of importance to the members of the as-sociation were acted on. The annual reports of the officers were

during last year and the police were benefited by the association.

The retiring secretary, John N. Abbott, was thanked for his services during the past two years. He was reappointed chairman of the relief committee.

J. C. Carlisle was appointed chairman of the finance committee; J. W. Whatley, chairman of the committee on membership, and Captain J. C. Joiner, chairman of the committee on by-laws.

The new officers as follows were installed: W. P. Manley, president: R. S. Osburn, vice president: J. H. Lockhart, secretary, and Chief Connolly, treasurer.

Chief Connolly's report shows that the association has \$2,701 in the treasury now.

TO KEEP THE PEACE. A New Yorker Bound Over on a War-

The woman swore in the trial before Jus-

Together Next Week. Councilman Mayson, chairman of th special committee appointed to investigate special committee appointed to investigate the charges against the Florence Crittenton home, will call the members of the committee together early next week. At the last meeting of the general council Mr. Mayson asked for an appropriation of \$5 to defray the expenses of the committee in making the investigation, but Mr. Inman objected, saying that if any money was consumed in the investigation that it tught to come out of the amount given

AFFAIRS AT ATHENS.

Dr. Riley, of the University, Com-

The contest between Misses Sarah Wolff and Nellie Stern for the prize offered to

on Foundry street, in this city, Mr. Fred Gann passed away after a long illness. He was about twenty-seven years of age at the time of his death. The funeral exercises

Dr. B. F. Riley, of the University of Georgia, has just completed his "History of the Baptists of the South," and will send it at once to the American Baptist Publication Society, for which it was written. It will cover 320 pages and contains a vast amount of information.

der a sentence of three years in the pententiary.

The motion for a new trial in the case of E. M. Suber vs. the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railway Company, will be argued Saturday if Judge Alex S. Erwin is able to attend court

toward the Charles B. Rouss battle abbey fund.

The public schools have opened up well The public schools have opened up well since the holidays.

received and the organization was shown to be in first-class condition financially. A large sum was expended in sick benefits during last year and the police were bene-

rant Yesterday.

E. H. Barton, of New York, was carried to jail yesterday afternoop by Bailiff Jumbo Hunter in default of a \$300 bond required of him by Judge Foute to keep the peace.

A peace warrant was sworn out against
Barton yesterday by Bertha Prodfer. The woman swore in the trial before Justice Foute that she feared bodily harm from Barton, as he had threatened to kill her. Barton, she said, had been at her house a great deal for the last few weeks. They fell out with each other not lolg since and Barton, she claims, made threats against her.

Barton is a young man who came here from New York about two months ago, according to his statement, He is about twenty-five years old and goes well dressed. According to mis statement Bertha Prodfer took out the warrant for him because he would not let her have a ring which he had. The ring is a very valuable one.

THE WOLFF INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Mayson Will Call the Committee

was consumed in the investigation that it cought to come out of the amount given annually to the home.

The discussion elected from Mr. Day the fact that the Messrs. Hopkins, attorneys for Mrs. Wolff, wanted the evidence recorded and that the cost—\$50—should be borne in equal parts.

Mr. Ernyles suggested that the compit

HAWKES, Manufacturing Optician,

EYE GLASSES | Repaired and made SPECTAGLES | as good as new. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

COST!

This is What it Means:

That you can buy one Suit, one pair of Trousers, or one Overcoat, for man or boy, for what it cost us wholesale. We do this at this season to reduce stock. We'd rather have the hard cash than carry the stock over to next season. Do you see the point? It is plain, and the transaction is legitimate. No trick about it. Our stock is new and styles the very best. Nice assortment of Scotch mixtures for business suits for \$10, \$11 and \$12.

STEWART, COLE & CALLAWAY

26 WHITEHALL STREET.

tee be increased by the addition of two members and finally placed the suggestion in the shape of a motion, which prevailed.

The committee originally was composed of Mr. Mayson, chairman; Mr. Tolbert and Mr. Day, but when Mr. Broyles's motion was adopted providing for the two new members Mr. Culberson and Mr. Dimmock were added to the committee. 'My impression is," said Mr. Mayson chairman of the committee, "that there is but one way for us to proceed now, and that is to ask the chairman of the police

that is to ask the chairman of the police board to give me an officer to have the people brought in from the home for an appearance before the committee. The object in asking the appropriation of the \$55 was to prevent that."

Soon after the committee was appointed Mr. Mayson secured from Chairman Johnson, of the board of police commissioners, an officer who acquired quite a lot of evidence relative to the matter which is now in the possession of Mr. Mayson, Just what that evidence is no one except the officer and Mr. Mayson knows. Since the general council has declined to appropriate the amount of money the committee has asked for, the investigation will be pushed on and through the powers vested by law in the committee the wittersess in the home wanted by the committee will be produced before that body through legal subpoenas, which will be issued through the clerk's office.

FAIR WEATHER TODAY.

That Is What the Local Forecaster Says. The weather chart of last evening was what is usually termed a flat map. A slight depression extended along the Atlantic coast, where the barometric pressure was about 30.1 inches, while near North Platte, Neb., there was a center of compara-tive high, with the barometer recording 30.2 inches, being a range of only .1 inch for the entire country. From the highest to the lowest temperature recorded in the country was only 36 degrees and the map only showed three isothermal, the 30, 40 and 50 degree lines. During the day the weather was generally quite warm except near the north Atlantic coast, where the tempera-ture was near freezing. There was rainfall at several stations in the northwest and near the south Atlantic and eastern guif

coasts.
For Georgia today: Fair, except rain on

Local Report for Yesterday. Mean daily temperature...

Normal temperature....

Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m. OF WEATHER.

Weather Forecast for Friday. Weather Forecast for Friday.

North and South Carolina—Fair, except possibly rain on the coast; light, northerly winds, becoming variable.

Georgia—Fair, except rain on the coast; variable winds.

Eastern Florida—Clearing weather; northerly, shifting to westerly winds.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana—Fair; warmer; light, southerly winds. winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky-Fair; warmer; winds becoming southerly.

Eastern Texas-Fair; warmer near the coast; southerly winds.

Arkansas-Fair; slightly warmer; southerly winds.

Stanford Interior-Journal: After all he has done to wreck democracy in this state, it will be a shame to nominate Senator Blackburn for re-election, even if it only be complimentary, and it is to be hoped that the democrats of the legislature will not be gullty of such imbeellity. To him more than to any other one man is due the fact that Kentucky is now under republican rule, and he ought to have this fact impressed on him in a most emphatic manner by those who have it in their power to do so.

Danville Advocate: There seems no pos-

annually to the home.

The discussion elected from Mr. Day the fact that the Messrs. Hopkins, attorneys for Mrs. Wolft, wanted the evidence recorded and that the cost—\$50—should be borne in equal parts.

Mr. Froyles suggested that the commit-

MAJOR BURKE'S LETTER.

HE WILL NOT SERVE THE GATE CITY GUARD ANY LONGER.

Writes a Letter to the Company in Which He Strongly Defines His Position.

days ago that he would do, Major J. F. Burke has written a letter to the Gate City Guard declining to serve longer as an officer of the company. The letter which explains itself is as follows:

explains itself is as follows:

"Atlanta, Ga., January 6, 1896.—To the Officers and Members of the Gate City Guard. Gentlemen: On next Tuesday (January 14th) the terms of all the officers of your organization will, by operation of our bylaws, expire, and new officers for the ensuing year should at once be elected. The reports of the officers for the closing year will be read and plans for the future will be discussed.

"For mearly three years I have been in command of the Old Guard by unanimous desire of the members. In that period nearly all of the available old members (about eighty-five) have returned to the fold and about sixty of them are uniformed in the dress of the Old Guard.

"The active company has increased their membership, arms and equipments have been purchased by the company, thus supplying themselves without aid from the state.

"The large drill room in the armory that

plying themselves state.

"The large drill room in the armory that

state.

"The large drill room in the armory that for the past eleven years has been in an unfinished and unsightly condition, has been completed and the whole room repaired and painted.

"The company's relations with the state under their charter, having been magnanimously left by the members to the governor, for him to determine the company's rights under the law, has been amicably settled by the decision of the attorney general and acquiesced in by the company.

"The offer made to the exposition directors by the company to relieve them of the onerous and expensive duty of caring for the large number of troops that would visit the exposition, has been faithfully fulfilled, and forms an epoch in the military history of the country that commands the admiration of the people.

"For nine consecutive weeks the company in detachments were on duty, receiving visiting military organizations, many of them arriving at unseasonable hours—escorting them to quarters previously arranged for them—accompanying them to neardes—holding receptions at the

many of them arriving at unseasonable hours—escorting them to quarters previously arranged for them—accompanying them on parades—holding receptions at the armory—theater parties and other official functions in their honor, making a protracted, arduous and expensive undertaking that was handsomely carried out to the end of the exposition to the credit of the Guard and the honor of the people of the city and state.

"I suggest that the first business of the new year be the issuance of certificates of indebtedness, bearing 1 per cent interest, and to run for fifteen years, unless sooner canceled, and that the proceeds of these certificates be used to pay off the present indebtedness on the armory, and be called in by drawing, one or two each month, as the funds of the trustees may warrant. I suggested this plan to the trustees about eight months ago, but I now suggest that the company recommend that the plan be adopted by the trustees without further delay.

"As too much weight cannot be given to the importance of selecting proper officers for the incoming year, I think a meeting of all the members should be held next Friday evening at the armory for the purpose of counseling together on this important matter, and that the president be requested to call such a meeting.

"In terminating my official connection with the Old Guard, I return thanks to all the members of the organization for the many courtesies I have received from them in the past, and I assure them that in the future I will always feel the warmest interest in the welfare of the command, I have the honor to be, yours respectfully,

THE DEATH ROLL.

Monticello, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)— Mr. L. C. Wilburn, tax collector of this county, died of pneumonia yesterday morn-

ing.

George Miller.

Griffin, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—Tuesday night about 10 o'clock Mr. George Miller died in his room over Eady & Co.'s carriage repository. He came here about six months ago from Goodwater, Ala, where he had been working. Nothing is known of his past history, as he was very quiet and had but little to say to those about nim. He was stricken with paralysis nearly a week ago, death resulting despite the efforts of the physicians.

Alfred Williams.

Raleigh, N. C., January 9.—(Special.)— Alfred Williams.

Raleigh. N. C., January 9.—(Special.)—
Alfred Williams, one of Raleigh's oldest and leading citizens, and well known in North Carolina, died here tonight; aged eighty-five years. He was for thirty years in the book trade here. He has relatives all over the south.

R. E. Wallston. Waycross, Ga. January 9.—(Special.)—R. B. Wallston died this morning of Bright's disease at his home in Old Waycross.

If Dr. Jameson had whipped the Boers, instead of being whipped by them, John Bull would have patted him on the back instead of whining out apologies for his onduct.-Detroit Journal. If Dr. Jameson had succeeded in the Transvaal he would have been dubbed an intrepid patriot and the queen would have knighted him. As H is, he did not succeed, and he remains a chump.—St. Paul Dis-

congratulations of the civilized world. Providence seems to be on the side of the people who know how to shoot straight.—Indianapolis News.

Published Daily, Weekly, Sunday.

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must be paid in advance.

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NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, sole advertising managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., January 10, 1896.

Columbus, Ga., December 23, 1895. . . I admire The Constitunewspaper in the country. * * *

L G. SCHUESSLER.

The Situation Up to Date. The treasury situation—that is to say

the financial situation-would be almost farcial if it were not for the fact that some of its results are bound to fall with crushing effect on the business interests of the country. Our special dispatches from Washington give a very clear idea of the feeling in government circles from day to day. There is a great deal of running to and fro among the treasury officials, and numberless conultations with the gold men and the e of cuckoos who have made it beir business to burn the incense of fattery under Mr. Cleveland's nose and to keep him entirely in the dark as to the temper of the people with respect to the bond robberies that have become the chief feature of his administration.

Poor Mr. Carlisle appears to be "in a state of condition" (as the old lady said) quite alarming to behold. He seems to be so thoroughly worked up that he has threatened to pay the Sherman notes in silver! Think of that! Poor Mr. Carlisle is so worried that he actually threatens to carry out the law! This fact alone is sufficient to show that poor Mr. Carlisle is in a state of extreme bewilderment. He threatens to carry out the law, when he knows perfectly well that Mr. Cleveland would not permit him to indulge in such a performance.

It may be taken for granted, therefore, that poor Mr. Carlisle's threat to pay out silver when the Wall street sses demand gold, is simply the result of a mind disturbed and harried by the loss of his responsibilities as a public official-responsibilities that Mr. Cleveland has long ago taken into his own care and keeping. There will not be a dollar of silver paid out until the British gold standard perishes, crushed by its own enormities and smashed by the tremendous losses in which it has involved the people of this country.

The rumor in Washington, offensively circulated by Mr. Cleveland's cuckoo coterie, that the silver men would draw gold out of the treasury in the hope of forcing silver payments is a lie of such extraordinary magnitude that we wonder how it had legs to crawl about even as a rumor. For at the very moment when the cuckoos were whispering the lie among themselves, Mr. William P. St. John, president of the Mercantile national bank, and the only avowed free coinage banker in New York, was sending \$500,000 in gold to the subtreasury and receiving greenbacks in exchange therefor. And the fact remains that this free coinage banker is the only banker in New York who has been patriotic enough or broad-minded enough to surrender to the government any of the gold in his possession. All the rest of the bankers, in the syndicate and out of it, are and have been hoarding their gold in the hopes of selling it to the government at a premium.

things have happened. We do not criticise these bankers for that. It is their business to make as England would have the advantage. She much money for themselves and their could land overwhelming forces in stockholders as possible in a legitimate Africa before Germany made a start. way. In the bankers' code of ethics it is perfectly legitimate to drive the best the British would win. Germany's hope bargain obtainable with a needy cuswould be that France and Russia would tomer, and if it is essential that a gold of her colonies would strike for inde reserve shall be maintained, Mr. Clevependence. Then, it is also possible land's mismanagement of the treasury that the Venezuelan matter would has brought the government to the point bring the United States to the front. where it is a very needy customer indeed. More than this, he has conferred on the banks and gold owners a power sibly if England has a tussle with Ger that they long have coveted-a power many the colonies will show an unexfar greater than any they have ever pected spirit of loyalty. Canada and been able to wield before. He has con-Australia may rush to the support of the mother country, and it may be that ferred on them the power to coerce the Ireland will give her no trouble. If the government itself. He has opened the British utilize their resources to the treasury at their demand; he has placed utmost they will be able to hold their the gold reserve at their disposal, and own against Germany alone. has given them the power to levy taxa- The German emperor has thrown

tion on the people to an unlimited extent. The \$100,000,000 bonds that are about to be issued will cost the people \$210,000,000 by the time they are paid.

Now, whether Mr. Cleveland has conveyed to the banks this vast power as the result of his own fears and ignorance, or whether he has done so with the deliberate intention of hastening forward the infamous robbery of the people, we shall not pause now to inquire, for inquiry would be vain. But the fact remains that the gold owners and big bankers of the country, few though they are in number, are clothed with a power the final results of which are appalling to contemplate.

natures among a dozen bankers, and lo

in a couple of hours he had \$200,000,000

in gold safely cornered-all the availa-

ble gold, in fact, in New York, Boston

and Philadelphia. The result is that,

although Mr. Cleveland has issued a

call for indiscriminate bidding for the

new issue. Mr. Morgan smiles grimly

and waits patiently for the moment

when Mr. Cleveland will permit him to

take \$100,000,000 of bonds on terms

practically dictated by the far-seeing

And it will not be very long before

that moment arrives. Already the big

officials of the treasury, some of whom

are charged by The New York World

with having secret affiliations with the

syndicate, are running about with pale

faces, wringing their hands and crying

out to those who will pause to hear

them that the country will certainly go

to wreck unless the syndicate comes to

the rescue. Already the rankest up-

holders of the British gold standard

have renewed their raids on the treasury

gold, and it is now going out at a rate

that may exhaust the entire fund be-

Meanwhile, we shall see what we

shall see if we but keep our eyes open

A Sensible Recorder.

several young men of good social posi

tion resisted and overawed the police.

the recorder in passing sentence said:

In Montgomery on Christmas Day

Cases were made against them, and

No offense can be more dangerous in its influence, more demoralizing in its effect,

less excusable or more unprovoked; but in

bodily harm, the display of no weapons

nor was even a blow struck. It is not proper then that the limit of the law be

mposed in these cases, where no greater

penalty could be inflicted upon men who had resorted to great violence and done

would be too cowardly and timid to hold

this office for a day, recreant to the duty

entrusted to me and false to the trust in

me reposed, were I to pass lightly over this

such penalties as are just and proper. The

very intelligence and social and commercial standing of these defendants make it all

less repute and in less conspicuous position.

action was heartily indorsed by the

The recorder made a good point when

he said that the intelligence and social

standing of the parties made it all the

more their duty to set an example of

good citizenship to those of less repute

When judges act in this way they

will make the law respected by all

Peace Better Than War.

The New Orleans Picayune says:

General Andrew Jackson had a Monroe

doctrine that meant business. He went out and licked the invaders and argued

he unconstitutionality of the case later on.

In these days we can get along with

milder methods. With 70,000,000 Eng

lish-speaking people in this country,

steamship communication and a cable

we are much more intimately connected

with England than we were in Jack-

son's day. We can in the course of a

few hours discuss our differences and

come to an understanding, and it is the

sentiment of both nations that peace is

far better and more profitable than war.

In Jackson's time international arbi-

tration had not been tried. Now, we

find it more satisfactory and cheaper to

pay the expenses of a few commission-

ers who look into the merits of a con-

troversy and settle it than to maintain

armies in the field. Peace with honor

Germany and England.

It is hard to believe that England will

go to war with Germany about the

Fransvaal matter, and yet stranger

With her navy and merchant vessels

At first it goes without saying that

oppose Great Britain, and that some

Yet, when the British lion is fully

roused he is a terrible antagonist. Pos-

is always preferable to war.

and less conspicuous position.

He fined each defendant \$25, and his

standing of these defendants make the more incumbent upon them to

community.

classes.

law, or to impose upon these offenders

cases the evidence shows they re-

and serious bodily harm. But I

and fall to uphold the dignity of

fore the 5th of February.

and our spectacles in place.

organizer of the syndicate.

'In recognizing President Kruger the emperor has offered a great insult to England. If we should ignore the British government and address a communi-What is the situation now? Let the cation direct to a disaffected Canadian honest citizen, whether he believes in province, recognizing its governor as bimetallism or in the British gold standthe head of an independent state, or if ard, take it home to his mind and reflect we should treat the provisional presiover it. The gold owners have complete dent of the Cuban republic in that way, control of the people's treasury-comthere would be a row, as a matter of plete control of the financial interests course. This is just what the German of the people. The other day, when it emperor has done, and it is natural that John Bull should resent it. was known that Mr. Cleveland had been If there is to be a conflict Germany's seized by another bond panic, the head big army will do very little good. It of the New York "syndicate" drew up and circulated a contract of not more than 500 words, sent it around for sig-

again interfered.

will be chiefly a matter of water transportation, and England is still mistress of the seas. But it is hard to believe that there will be a war. The sober, second thought of both countries should be against it.

1884, and in effect he declares that the

Germans will protect the Boer republic.

The difficulty dates back some years

When Great Britain and Belgium made

an agreement about the Congo state the

German emperor broke it up. Later he

interfered when England attempted to

cede certain territory in west Africa to

the French. The British government

made an effort to prevent the war be-

tween Japan and China, but the kaiser

On the Right Line.

The people of Macon are to be congratulated upon the action of their city council in raising the saloon licenses from \$150 to \$500.

This is a step in the right direction, but it would have been better to have fixed the license at \$1,000. Atlanta's trial of the high license system has been altogether satisfactory. It has restricted the business to a better class of dealers, who are forced to recognize the restrictions of the law, close at 10 o'clock and use every possible effort to maintain order in and around their es tablishments. We do not believe that there is a city on the continent where the liquor traffic is better regulated than it is here.

One thousand dollars a year is not too high for a saloon license in a city. It prevents the multiplication of low and disorderly drinking places, and keeps the business in the hands of a better class of men than those who usually conduct it.

Macon has made a good start this year, but it is to be hoped that she will try Atlanta's high license system. It is the only practical way to solve the liquor problem. When we put the traffic into the hands of good citizens. make them pay a high tax and close doors at 10 o'clock at night, it is a distinct gain to the community. High license has made Atlanta one of the most temperate and orderly cities in

Reckless Mismanagement. We print elsewhere, for the information of our readers, an extract from a speech recently delivered in the house of representatives by Hon, Claude A. Swanson, of Virginia. The extract we make is necessarily brief, but it is very much to the point. It sheds a new light on some old facts, and presents in an admirable way the remarkable dislocation that has taken place between the amount of our currency in circulation and the amount of taxes, interest and indebtedness which the people have to pay every year.

This dislocation has taken place under the operations of the British gold standard, and while The Constitution has frequently referred to the fact as an argument, it has never before seen the fact itself spread out so clearly and for tified with figures that are indisputable because they are official.

Mr. Swanson's speech was called out by the republican bond bill, and the remarks which we present elsewhere were devoted to the republican scheme of holding the greenbacks in the treasury after they have been redeemed, thus absolutely withdrawing them from circulation. This is precisely what Mr. Car lisle has been doing during the past year, so that he now holds in the treas ury a fund of \$147,000,000 of greenbacks and treasury notes which are practically withdrawn from circulation. So that he criticism which Mr. Swanson applies to the republican plan to make the withdrawal of the greenbacks a matter of law, may be applied much more forcibly to Mr. Carlisle, who is hoarding the greenbacks and treasury notes with

out law or reason. We say Mr. Carlisle, when we mean Mr. Cleveland, for poor Mr. Carlisle is no more responsible for the policy that prevails in Washington than he is for the changes in the moon. He smiles an assent, because he is obliged to smile an assent or lose his job. That is the extent of Mr. Carlisle's responsibility. Not only is the currency in this way indergoing a constant contraction-a contraction that is bound to result in further sacrifices of the people's interests-but Mr. Cleveland is at this moment actually engaged in buying money and paying a heavy premium for it. when he has in the treasury not only the \$147,000,000 in legal tenders, but \$30,000,000 of silver, and the \$50,000,000

mium for money when the treasury has on hand in available funds \$227,000,000! Whether this reckless mismanagement of the people's finances is due to ignorance or to audacity we neither know nor care. The result is the same so far as the people are concerned. They are the victims of sheer robbery, and the infamy of it is that the same policy that is running the government deeper into debt will operate to still further

that he might secure by coining the sil-

ver bullion. In other words, Mr. Cleve-

land is running the country deeper and

deeper into debt and paying a high pre-

It is said that Mr. Carlisle is very much disturbed. What is the matter with the bromides?

wreck their prosperity.

Poor Mr. Carlisle! The wonder is that man with so few responsibilities should find an excuse for worrying.

About every two hours, day or night, "a cabinet officer almost as pro

Carlisle" rushes out on the sidewalk and down a challenge which can hardly be seizes a newspaper man by the ear. ignored. In recognizing President Kru-

ger as the head of an independent gov-William P. St. John, the only free coin ernment he has ignored the treaty of age man in New York, is the only New York banker that has given the treasury eny gold for greenbacks.

Mr. Cleveland ought to wait for the people to inderse a bond issue before he calls

Several years ago an astrologer predicted that 1896 would be a bad year for Mr. Cleveland. The prediction seems to be coming true.

Mr. Cleveland is preparing to give the sheriffs and tax collectors of the country a picnic.

The syndicate appears to be still on deck It knows what it knows, and waits.

And still the gold goes out!

The banks are sitting on their golden nest eggs and refuse to "shoo" off unless Mr. Cleveland will throw in an additional peck of golden oats.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Cyrus A. Sulloway is perhaps most conspicuous as a "character" among the new congressmen. He is a giant in stature, beng six inches above six feet in height, and wears a full gray beard. Up in Manches ter, N. H., where he belongs, he has practiced law for many years. It chanced that on one occasion a band of Salvation Army shouters paid a visit to the town. The descendants of the early pilgrims, still preserving some of the old-time intolerance in religious mafters, arrested the invaders and put them in jail. "Cy" Sulloway unook to defend them, and so interested did he become in their cause that soon afterward he joined the army and married one of the Salvation Army lassies.

Captain Stuart, formerly of the British army, now fighting with the Cuban insurgents, says that Gomez is an ideal general. Here is his description of him: Slender in build, not over 140 pounds in weight, about five feet seven inches in height, straight as an arrow, although he is sixty years o mustache are iron gray; his cheek are prominent and his chin firm. His cool, calculating eyes seem at first to absolutely measure you, and then the face break into a reassuring smile. His knee is stiff from a wound received in the last war, but in the saddle he is simply a part of the horse, or, rather, the horse is a part of

The New York Recorder says: "How long after a general European war began would the so-called gold standard countries maintain specie payments of any kind, either gold or silver? Such a war would destroy a great many fictions, but none, perhaps o quickly and completely as the fiction that Europe is on a gold basis.'

In the whole line of our presidents there has not been one who was not either a lawyer or a soldier, or both. The commer cial and business class has never furnished a representative man from its own ranks to fill the chair of Washington

STATE PRESS PERSONALS

CRAWFORD—Mr. Remsen Crawford, for-merly railroad editor of The Atlanta Constitution, has been appointed press agent of the entire Plant system, with headquarters at Tampa Bay hotel, Tam-pa, Fla. Colonel B. W. Wrenn never pa, Fla. Colonel B. W. Wrenn never made a wiser appointment. Mr. Crawford is a young man of charming personality, and his talents especially fit him for this honorable and responsible position. He a brilliant young journalist, and has held the highest positions in the profession and won the cordial esteem of his brother editors. The Times-Recorder congratulates the great Plant system in securing the services of so able and versatile a gentleman. Mr. so able and versatile a gentleman. Mr. Crawford has our best wishes for his future, which promises much.—Americus Times-Recorder.

CRISP-Ex-Speaker Crisp has increased his RISP—Ex-Speaker Crisp has increased his already great reputation for ability, integrity and strong common sense by his vigorous opposition to the insincere measures proposed and passed by the house for the relief of the treasury. The opportunity which these measures presented for exposing the partisanship and lack of patriotism of the republicans was utilized by Mr. Crisp in a way that brings him forward more prominently than ever before as a statesman upon whom the country can rely in time of danger and trouble.-Dawson

HALL-The Pike County Journal says it would be an innovation, but if we are to begin a new custom and put our best lawyers on the supreme bench, we had as well begin with Judge Hall as anybody. There are a great many people in the state who will agree to this.—Griffin News.

ERRY-Editor Ben Perry has been elected Mayor of Canton. We congratulate our friend on the deserved compliment paid him by his fellow citizens. There is no citizen who has worked harder for Canton's upbuilding than Perry. He is an old Marietta boy, and is worthy of the honor.—Marietta Journal.

THEY HONOR ATLANTA.

Arkansas Gazette: For the good name the press of Atlanta gave to the state and the love and honor shown by the people of Atlanta at all times and under all circumstances, Arkansas has reason to feel herself under deep obligation to Georgia's great capital city. It was no small burden to assume along with their own anxieties and cares the study and regard for a state and for a people whom they had known but meagerly. To have done it so well and in such an untring spirit of hospitality and encouragement is worthy of historical eulogy rather than mere newspaper mention. And in such sense it would be highly becoming if our next legislature formulated sentiments to that effect. As far as The Gazette may speak for the state all Arkansas is one in sentiment, towards Georgia's capital city. Thanks, ten thousand thanks, to the press, people and particularly the ladies of Atlanta.

Decatur Record: The daring enterprise Arkansas Gazette: For the good name

Decatur Record: The daring enterprise and all-conquering pluck and perseverance of Atlanta in projecting such an enterprise while yet the influence of a disastrout financial panic was on the country, and

while yet the influence of a disastrous financial panic was on the country, and conducting it to a successful consummation, produced, first, profound astonishment—and then unbounded admiration. It may well be doubted whether any other city—only thirty years since a mass of smoldering ruins—would have attempted, much less have made a success of such an enterprise—as Mr. Sam M. Inman expresses it, "A three-million exposition."

Monroe Advertiser: Atlanta has immortalized herself by giving to the world one of the most perfect and immense shows ever undertaken. Nobly has she demonstrated what can be accomplished by a southern city. Georgia smiles proudly upon her as the pluckiest city in all the land, and rejoices in the fact that Atlanta is her own. The exposition will prove of incalculable benefit to the south, which will be felt for time immemorial.

Gwinnett Herald: Atlanta has forged to

Gwinnett Herald: Atlanta has forged to the front as the leading city of the south the front as the leading city of the south, and all sections of the state will reap with her the advantages of this wonderful display of pluck and energy.

BRADLEY'S PRESIDENTIAL BEE.

Washington Post: By becoming a presidential candidate Governor Bradley will be sure to become involved in a boundary dispute with H. Clay Evans.

Portland Oregonian: Bradley wants to remain governor of Kentucky if he can't be president, since no intermediate office has any attraction for him. It is probable that he will be gratified in one of the alternatives of his ambition.

Anaconda Standard, Communications

Anaconda Standard: Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, has undertaken to parallel the career of Grover Cleveland. History sometimes repeats itself, but it is very leety toward set encores.

Helena Herald: Governor Bradley won a notable victory last fall; but probably the people will wish to observe the use he makes of it before they elevate him to the highest honors of the republic.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

Love's Millionaire. say: "The world is lonely; The hearth at home is cold, And sad is life to child and wife When life hath little gold!" But soft her arms steal round my My comforter so dear; And "How much do you love me?"

And her sweet voice answers clear: "I love you-I love you A hundred million-there!" And then I'm poor no more-no more, For I'm Love's millionaire!

Then sweeter seems the breaking Of Poverty's sad bread; And roses bloom from out the gloom And crown her curly head. And if sometimes a thankful tear My dreaming eyes will fill, Her soft arms steal around me And she whispers sweetly still:

"I love you-I love you A hundred million-there!" I weep no more: God help the poor! I'm Love's own millionaire! -Frank L. Stanton

Let the humble toller in the newspape ranks take courage. Sooner or later merit will have its reward. Seven Georgia editors, after the most varied experiences in the business, have been appointel government postmasters in their respective towns, and it is not impossible, if they continue to press forward, that they will one day drift joyously into the state legislature.

This is about the best thing in its way that has appeared in The Chap Book-or anywhere else-for some time: anywhere else—for some time:

"Kipling is writing a story for The Ladies' Home Journal. Kipling! However, with his usual breeze and the vinous quality of his style, he concludes a chapter thereof: 'And the fellow tossed down a glass of old Madeira, and turned to leave the room,' etc. Little Bok, in a panic, wires the brawny jungle man: 'Can you change 'Tossed down a glass of old Madeira?'

Ladies' Home Journal rules forbid mention of wine.' Kipling wires four words: 'Make it Mellin's food."

Since Garnsey Hath the Grippe. The old piano's ceased to play-No more the fairles skip

To jocund note or roundelay, For Garnsey hath the grippe He whose fine fingers strayed along The keys hath ta'en a trip To regions hostile unto song-

To kingdoms of the grippe! The West End mockingbird would sing But sad his numbers slip: He hath no heart for carolling,

Since Garnsey hath the grippe. Ye fates that send our ills, forfend He take a skyward trip? The world hath little joy to spend, And Garnsey hath-the grippe!

We were mistaken in attributing the works of the antiquarian scholar, Joseph Jacobs, to the pen of our esteemed friend, the doctor of that name, whose city of residence is Atlanta. It seems that our friend here has confined himself strictly to literary matters of a modern nature-in addition, of course, to medical treatises-such as an appreciative essay on the poems of Polk Miller and a history of Harry Still well Edwards and the banjo, in connectio with a pamphlet on "James Whitcomb Riley and the Mandolin."

Wayeross was once the seat of war in a lively state incident, and now it stands forth as the friend of Cuban independence It is said that volunteers for Cuba are heading that way; and when Dan Sweat is not holding camp meeting they seek the recruiting officer and are spirited away to "shout in the battle-cry of freedom."

Swanson on the Currency.

The house having under consideration the bill (H. R. 2904) to maintain and protect the coin redemption fund, and to authorize the issue of certificates of indebtedness to meet temporary deficiencies of Mr. Swanson said:

"Retire the greenbacks and coin notes proposed, and the taxes of the country each year will be double the actual circulation. The census of 1890 shows that the aggregate minimum indebtedness of the United States amounts to \$20,227,170,546 Thus the indebtedness is twenty times in excess of the real circulation. Retire the greenbacks and coin notes and it will be forty times in excess of it. The annual interest charge in the United States, by the census of 1890, amounts to \$1,166,101,303. Thus, at present, the annual interest charge of this country is about \$130,000,000,000 in excess of the real circulation. Retire the greenbacks and coln notes and it will be more than double.

"Thus, if this legislation proposed here to

day by the republican party prevails the taxes and interest pald each year by the people will be four times more than real circulation among them.

"This would mean such a frightful sacrifice of property as in many cases would amount almost to confiscation. "A comparison of the censuses of 1870

and of 1890 will exhibit the great loss sustained by the farmer on account of a contracted currency and the partial introduc tion here of the gold standard. I will only make the comparison in my own state yet those of nearly every other state are similar.
"In 1870 the capital invested

farming in Virginia amounted to \$246, 132,550, and the value of the productions was \$51,774,801. In 1890 the capital invested in farming in Virginia amounted \$494,488, 569, and the value of the products to only \$42,244,458. Thus in 1890 the farmers had in-vested in farming \$48,356,019 more than in 1870, yet received \$9,530,343 less for thei products. In other words, the farmers with an investment of 19 per cent more o capital, made 24 per cent less in profits in 1890 than in 1870. In these dry figures can be read the distress, the poverty and the wretchedness that has overtaken the farmer. They portray more vividly than lan, guage how each year his profits have disappeared in falling prices until he is confront ed with a load of indebtedness which he is powerless to remove.
"My vision stretches far beyond these

dry figures of the census and I see the tualities of life which they indicate. In the aggregate of taxes in excess of mo I see the difficulties of the people in meeting taxation. I see a great sacrifice of property or else the tax collector's sale. In the vast pile of indebtedness, standing out on the census report like some large mountain peak, I see an accumulated mass of woe and wretchedness. I see mortgaged homes, the occupants expecting each day to be turned adrift, without house or shelter. I see large business houses, profitable to the country, overshadowed with debt and tottering on the verge of ruin. I see, as the collection of this vast indebtedness proceeds, further fall in the prices of all property, and that men who think them-

selves rich, in disappearing values, will find themselves bankrupt. (Applause.)
"These conditions exist today. Retire the greenbacks and the coin notes without substituting anything in their place, as is here proposed, and all these evils will be doubly intensified. "The currency of a country must bear

a proper proportion to its property, taxes, indebtedness and business. Unless it does, low prices, bankruptcy and general paraly-

sis of business must follow.

"The trouble with us today is that our currency is too small in comparison with our property, business, taxes and debts. When measured by these it is smaller to-

day than ever before known in our his-

tory. If the greenbacks and treasury notes are retired, you will next witness an as-sault upon the standard silver dollars in our circulation, amounting to nearly \$450,-600,000. The same powers today seeking to destroy the greenbacks and treasury notes have declared war upon these. No currency has their approval except gold and national bank notes redemable in gold. When they have destroyed the treasury notes and greenbacks and silver, as is now contemplated, there will remain nothing except gold to redeem the national bank notes in. The national banks can never bring any relief to the south and west, for every bank organized there will decrease instead of increasing the cur-

suggested, to issue notes up to the face value of the bonds, it would result in put-ting a still higher premium on United States bonds. A bank organized in the south or west would have to send \$120,000 north to purchase bonds and would then only receive \$100,000 back in currency. Thus there would be \$20,000 less in money in circulation after than before the organized. There is no relief in this for us, yet this is all the republican party has to offer. It has ever stubbornly and persistently refused to extend any financia relief to the great south and west. The republican party demonetized silver in 1873, when it was at a premium, without cause and without excuse. In 1875 it passed the resumption act, which provided for retiring and destroying the greenbacks. In 1890 when it again came into power, it repealed the Bland-Allison act, passed by a democratic congress, which was coining 2,000,00 silver dollars per month and put it in its and paid for it with gold without coining the silver. Last session of congress the republican party voted almost solidly against coining the \$200,000,000 of silver bullion in the treasury. Today you have adopted a rule which prohibits us from offering as an amendment to your bill a proposition to coin this silver bullion in bullion in the treasury. The passage of this would give all the relief claimed as necessary by you. It would coin \$55,000,000 of silver seigniorage, which would more than supply any imaginary deficiency of revenue. The currency would be increased to that "Out of the other silver bullion could b

coined enough to retire all the Sherman coin notes which daily raid the treasury for gold. This would reduce the coin notes raiding the treasury to such an extent as to relieve it of all difficulties. Thus by settled safely, and by an expansion instead of a contraction of the currency. But you re-publicans are bitterly opposed to this. The republican party in both the house and the senate has ever opposed free coinage of silver. It was a democratic house of represenver. It was a democratic house of represen-tatives that passed the law in 1878 prohibit ing the cancellation of the greenbacks and requiring their reissuance, thus saving \$346,000,000 in currency to the people. It vas a democratic house of representative that passed the Bland-Allison act of 1878 and gave the people over 400,000,000 standard silver dollars. When the effort was made in the last democratic congress to re-tire \$500,000,000 of greenbacks and treasury notes, it was defeated by a large majority and this money was preserved to the

THE MIDNIGHT BOND DEAL

Gwinnett Herald: He has, since he came into office, issued under some old law \$162,000,000 bonds, and this issue will increase the debt to \$262,000,000. How many more issues will have to be made before his term expires nobody can tell. Nothing more is necessary to show the utter fallacy of this goldbug theory than the fact that it is necessary to continue to issue bonds to maintain it. No such policy has ever been necessary in the hundred years of our government's existence to maintain its credit, especially in time of peace. It is not surprising that only one lone democrat could be found in the house who dared face his constituents after having given such a vote.

Marietta Journal: Cleveland and Carlisle have called for bids for more bonds. One hundred million dollars is the amount specified. When will this thing stop? The other day all the democrats except one in congress and forty republicans voted against the issue of bonds, yet in the face of this Cleveland calls for more bonds. He does not represent democratic sentiment in this matter

Buchanan Messenger: Cleveland is do ing more for the cause of free silver that any one living man in this country. The more bonds he issues the more votes are declared for the white metal. Let Mr Cleveland go his route. The people wil take care of themselves when the time comes. This may sound a little populis. comes. This may sound a little populis-tic, but them's our sentiments.

Albany Herald: The final disposition of this bond issue will be watched for with interest. As yet there are said to be no indications at the government treasury to show that the people are drawing the treasury gold with which to buy the bonds.

THE NEW LOAN.

Chicago News: If the people can get the gold there is no doubt that the new loan will be popular in the broadest sense of the word. * * In issuing a call for a popular loan President Cleveland disarms popular loan Flesher. his critics at a stroke.

Philadelphia Press: It tests the popular feeling. It appeals directly to the public, It renders the transaction public. Wheth-er it succeeds or not it deserves success. New York Press: But in limiting the of

fer to gold and in extending the time to thirty days, the president has taken the surest way possible to make the popular loan plan a failure and to play into the hands of his Wall street friends, which, in our opinion, is precisely what he intended. Washington Post: There is no uncertain sound from the country at large as to the latest loan call issued by the treasury. The public verdict is one of unqualified and practically unanimous disapproval. What The Post said about it yesterday is what nearly every user-class newspaper throughout the land said. The step is everywhere regarded as a blunder and is generally deplored by persons of all shades of political feeling and conviction.

Memphis Scimiter: The people have no gold. If they buy bonds they must get gold from the banks or the subtreasuries. Judging from the past it will amount to the same thing. The banks will in all probability avoid depletion of their stocks of the yellow metal by drawing out of the treasury on legal tenders enough to recoup them. If they do the treasury will be but little better off at the conclusion of the bond transaction than it is now.

New Orleans Picayune: It is the com-New Orleans Picayune: It is the consideration that the new bond issue will not be the last of its kind that makes it a serious matter. The new bond measure now before congress, while it changes the denomination of the bonds to be issued from 4 to 3 per cent, falls to provide any means by which the greenbacks can be retired and the drain of gold stopped. The new law, consequently, holds out no actual hope of relief, and its passage or failure will therefore make aittle practical difference.

therefore make slittle practical difference.

Chicago Journal: If President Cleveland and John G. Carlisle and Richard Olney, who was called in at the last moment to help the two former out, hoped to delude the people with the pretense that the call for \$100,000,000 thirty-year 4 per cent bonds meant a popular loan they were exregiously mistaken. The fox's skin is too short at both ends to cover the Wall street panther. The American people are too wide-awake to be taken in by the hairy-glove game so successfully worked by Jacob on the blind Isaac.

Philadelphia Press: The instant that is

the blind Isaac.

Philadelphia Press: The instant that it was known that 3 per cent could be obtained on an unquestionable security, certain to rise in value, gold would come out of its hiding place all over the land and flow toward the treasury. The country itself would have an object lesson in the value and need of gold payments, and every man who had paid gold for a bond would be converted to the obligation of paying for the bond in gold. France sells its loans direct to the people in this way. Why not the United States? Unless Secretary Carlisle has the courage and decision to not the United States? Unless Secreta-ry Carlisle has the courage and decision to bridge the gap between his bonds and the people his offer is likely to prove only the effect of his own delay in offering them and his failure to use the means at his command for their sale direct to the peo-

THEY TALKED POLITICS. There are no developments in the R

judgeship race, and it is probable the

pointment will not be made within the ner

two or three days at the soonest.

friends of all three candidates are sending the governor letters and telegrams of indorsement and he has had a number of suggestions of outside parties, but so far is known he has not make up his mind the matter at all. The suggestion of the name of Judge Branham, which came from name of Judge Brannam, which came from Rome, meets with decidedly popular factors, where the judge is so well know and so greatly admired. The general opinion is, however, that he would not accept it if the appointment were tendered him.

Judge Branham has been freely talked. "If permission were given the banks, as Judge Branham has been freely talked about as a possible candidate for the su-preme bench, and some of his friends as of the opinion that on that account h would not accept a circuit judgeship. Herever, this is all speculation, as the gor ernor has given no indication of his pr ernor has given no indicators of his pre-ence in the matter. Judge Branham is he warm personal friend, and it is recall that he was probably the first man preminence to declare in favor of Govern Atkinson's nomination after the announce ment of the latter's candidacy had be made. This declaration came in the made. This declaration came in the most of a strong card of indorsement published in The Constitution at the time. Permanent it is the knowledge of this fact, more than anything else, that has brought out in suggestion of the judge for this position.

> In Whitfield county it is the talk that a is Tunnel Hill's time to furnish the member of the legislature, and The Dalton Cizen suggests Dr. J. P. Clements as the proper man.

which he filled so ably years ago.

The Dawson News doubtless represent the opinion of the people of the second district of all degrees of political faith whe it declares that there must be no stradding or dodging by candidates in that congressional district. "The people," say The News, "have become disgusted whis such performances, and will see that appirants make their views known clear, and honestly. There was straddling in the last campaign and this paper pointed tout, but some of our brethren were so energetically engaged in removing an image ergetically engaged in removing an ima-inary mote from our eye that they coul not discover the one that was blinds not discover the one that was blinds them. There will be no place for swan bucklers in the pending campaign." Ta bucklers in the pending campaign." The sentiment is by no means confined to the second congressional district. The people propose to have candidates for congressional honors come right up to the rack give their straight and honest views.

It is Walker county's turn to name the senator from the forty-fourth district, and Editor Napier is being mentioned by newpapers in this connection,

Some of the newspapers in the second district seem inclined to poke fun at Tearell county for being so prolific in congressional timber. The Albany Herald says in evident sarcasm, "Even Terrell has a candidate." This brings out The Newspapers and it desleres. again and it declares: "The News is not responsible (and if t

was it would not care to evade it) for the fact that Terrell has more citizens to the square inch who are capable and worthy of a seat in congress than any other com-ty in the district. Nor is it responsible for the dearth of congressional material is some other parts of the district. The Terrell statesmen are all big-brained, clear gentlemen, and we are proud of them. Long may they live to shed luster upon the property of the pro themselves and their people. The piping of jealous neighbors bring no terror is them or to us."

The Rome Tribune pays this handsome tribute to Colonel Frank W. Copeland, of LaFayette, who is being run for the Rome judgeship: "Colonel Copeland is going in stand a fine showing for the judgeship. It is not only a man of wide reputation as a lawyer, but he is a warm personal fried of the governor, and was a college mate of his at Athens." Rome is making a strong pull for some Rome man on the ground that the vast majority of the business comes from Floyd county, and it is too much trouble to have to run off to a distant town every time there is a paper to be The Rome Tribune much trouble to have to run on to substant town every time there is a paper to signed, or an injunction to be heard. The Tribune points out, however, that Jude Maddox and Judge Henry, who were redents in outside counties, moved to Romand thus avoided the trouble suggested. and thus avoided the trouble sugge The court sits in Summerville next Morday, and the people of the circuit expect an appointment before that time.

The high court which the governor has fixed to sit on the 10th day of February is the senate chamber is not the first which the bench held in recent years on this conhas been held in recent years on this vict question. It is recalled that during the term of Governor Gordon there were the term of governor gordon there were the terminal than the treatment of the such complaints concerning the treatment of convicts that worked on the George Midland road, then in construction, the the lessees were summoned to appear the lessees were summoned to appear to fore the governor and show cause why their leases should not be declared invalid. Governor Gordon presided at this hearing, he with Attorney General Anderson forming the court. Mr. Hoke Smith and Jidginger Hillyer were employed as course for the state. The hearing lasted about a work and the wealth was a fine aggregating. for the state. The hearing lasted about week and the result was a fine aggregating \$5,000. While the heads of the penitaritary companies have not as yet been streed with copies of the rule prepared by the attorney general, they will be within a day or two. The list of witnesses which has been made out is quite a long one, as will bring to Atlanta not only penitantial. will bring to Atlanta not only penitentisty officials from the different camps, but men which investigated them, and all other tion. Since The Constitution's announcement several weeks ago of the people who can throw light of the tion. Since The Constitution's announcement several weeks ago of the fact that the investigation would be made, a great deal of interest has been manifested at the subject. The people of Georgia was light on this convict question. The lease are soon to expire, and anything which throws light on the status of the different camps, or on the workings of the system as a whole will be watched with more that ordinary interest. The hearing will, a course, be held with open doors. It is probable the governor will have the attest ney general sit with him forming the court, as was done in the case cited above.

Senator Charley Brand, of Lawrensville, was among the callers at the capitology sterday. Senator Brand is a full-fielded candidate for the position of solicitor seral of his circuit, and the indications are that he will surely be a winner. There was no member of the last legislature most popular with his fellows than Senator, just as he had proved himself an able legislator, just as he had proved himself as able lawyer.

The governor has summoned the p committee appointed by the legislature meet at his office on Tuesday next at the capitol at 3 o'clock. This is a joint commit capitol at 3 o'clock. This is a joint commutee appointed by the general assembly whose duty it is to investigate cases in appenitentiary which seem to merit pards and to advise with the governor. The sate members of the committee are Hon. R. Whitley, who was the author of a resolution providing for its appointmental Hon. C. C. Rush. The house commutee is Hon. H. A. Jenkins, Hon. W. Humphreys and Hon. W. C. Davidson is Davidson is from Greene county and is populist. populist.

In the announcement recently made the appointment of Hon. J. R. Irwis, Clay county, to be solicitor of the Pate circuit, an unintentional error was in omitting the name of Hon. M. C. wards, Jr., from the list of those who wards, Jr., from the list of those who applicants for the solicitorship. Mr. wards is a prominent young lawyer Dawson, and he was very highly remended for the position. He is a mability and force who is going to be from politically in the future.

Today the trait of a livin gift of the pra Several wee courtroom and man to be sus

His Portrait

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SIGNAL HONOR TO JUDGE NEWMAN.

His Portrait Will Be Hung in the United States Courtroom with Imposing Ceremonies Today.



Today the portrait of Judge W. T. Newman will be hung in the United States courtroom with imposing ceremonies. It will be the first instance where the por-trait of a living judge was hung in the courtroom where he was presiding, the gift of the practicing attorneys.

Several weeks ago the members of the local bar held a meeting in the federal courtroom and decided to purchase a handsome portrait of Judge William T. Newman to be suspended from the walls of the district courtroom by the side of

The action of the bar was spontaneous. Many of the warmest personal friends of Judge Newman were not aware that such a purchase was contemplated, and the action of the meeting came to them as a pleasant surprise. It was also a gratifying tribute to the able and impartial record of Judge Newman, who has presided over the federal court for the northern district of Georgia for nearly ten

Seldom does it happen that a judge, either state or federal, is thus honored during his official tenure and the tribute is one that will be appreciated by Judge Newman and handed down by him, with becoming pride, to the future generations

Colonel W. D. Ellis was the chairman of the meeting which was held to purchase Judge Newman's portrait. On the committee to arrange a programme Colonel Ellis appointed Messrs. B. H. Hill, W. C. Glenn and George L. Bell. This committee subsequently held a meeting and selected Colonel N. J. Hammond to make

The time agreed upon for the ceremony was the 4th of this month, but on ac count of business obligations formed prior to his acceptance of the invitation Colonel Hammond was not able to serve the committee at that time. The ceremony was therefore postponed until this morning.

Colonel N. J. Hammond's Speech.

The speech of Colonel Hammond this morning will doubtless be a gem of elo ence. Though not a mere speech maker, in the common acceptance of that term, efforts are always characterized by the grace and elegance the accomplished orator. The diction of his speeches before the courts and jury has always been above reproach, but the chief characteristic of all his public and forensic efforts has been their eloquence of thought. In other words, he has preferred ideas to English and the logic of expression rather than the mere witchery of words.

In selecting Colonel Hammond to make the speech of presentation the members of the bar had in mind his fitness for the place and his prominence as a member of the Georgia bar. As a personal friend of Judge Newman and as one of his legal associates at the bar for many years, Colonel Hammond very promptly accepted the

Every member of the bar is expected to be on hand this morning. The ceremo nies will begin at 10 o'clock promptly in the district courtroom.

Sketch of Judge Newman.

Judge William T. Newman was born in Knoxville, Tenn., on the 23d of June, 1843. He derived his mental training from the schools of that locality and was still engaged in the prosecution of his studies at the time the war broke out. At the age of eighteen, a raw, provincial youth, he entered the enlisted with the Lookout Rangers, a company under the able military leadership of Captain W. F. Ragsdale. This company was subsequently mustered for duty and known as Company H of the Second Tennessee regiment of cavalry. He was shortly afterwards promoted to the rank of lieutenant and served with distinguished valor and soldiery deportment until the final cessation of hostilities. His military services ended in July, 1864, at which time he received severe wounds which cost him the sacrifice of his right arm. As soon as he was able, however, he started for the front, scarcely conscious of the fact that, having only one arm, he was rather poorly equipped for fighting. While on his way to Virginia, where he expected to join his old command, he received the news of General Lee's surrender. He remained with relatives in Virginia until the surrender of General Johnston in North Carolina. On the 16th of June, 1865, he received his parole at Liberty, Va. Setting out on foot for his old home in Knoxville he arrived at his destination in due time. Here he remained for three or four months, speculating as to what he should best do and hoping that something might turn up. His physical condition excluded the possibility of manual employment and his necessities, therefore impelled him to consider the professions. He finally came to the conclusion that the best inducements were offered to him in the law. Atlanta at that time was beginning to shake off the ashes in which General Sherman had left her and to issue the promissory notes of her coming prosperity. Judge Newman therefore decided to locate in Atlanta. He began the study of law under Judge John L. Hopkins, a native of East Tennessee, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. Four years later he was elected to the office of city attorney and held that position for twelve years. In 1886, on the death of Judge Mc Cay, he received the presidential appoint-ment to the bench of the northern district of Georgia. Judge Newman married in September, 1871, Miss Fanny Percy Alexander, daughter of Hon. Ebenezer Alexander, for many years judge of the Knoxville circuit, and one of the most dis-tinguished citizens of Tennessee. He has a large and interesting family and is a member of the First Presbyterian church.

The portrait of Judge Newman is the work of Mr. Albert Guerry, of this city.

HE HAS TAKEN CHARGE.

Park Woodward Is Now Controlling the Waterworks System.

Colorel Park Woodward is now in active charge of the waterworks department.

Yesterday morning Colonel Woodward appeared hefore Mayor King and took the oath of office, at the same time tendering his bond. The bond is simply one for a faithful performance of duty and is in the sum of \$5.600.

sum of \$5,000.

The bond had been perfected when Colonel Woodward tendered it to the mayor and the sureties were satisfactory when the mayor inspected the paper and the bond was filed away.

Colonel Woodward took charge of the work during the morning hours, but did little aside from his consultations with Mr. Terry, who has been secretary of the board for several years.

This morning the new superintendent will

work during the morning hours, but did little aside from his consultations with Mr. Terry, who has been secretary of the board for several years.

This morning the new superintendent will visit the two pumping stations and will acquaint himself with all the employes and investigate the work going on at the two plants. The indications are that Colonel Woodward will make very few, if any, changes in the force in his department. Throughout his public life it has been his habit to retain in positions men who are competent to do the work and there is no reason to think that he will make any change.

"I am inclined to think" said Colonel

reason to think that he will make any change.

"I am inclined to think," said Colonel Woodward yesterday, "after glancing at the field, that Captain Richards and Mi Terry, while they were in charge of the works, drew arcund them a good force, a force of men who have proved competent to do the work Now, if they can work as well for me as they have for my two predecessors I shall be satisfied and naturally have no right to make any change. Then, too, I have no desire to remove a man unless he shows himself incompetent to discharge the work assigned h.m and of that I have no fears whatever.

"I shall exert cvery faculty I may have to give Atlanta a better water system than she has ever had."

SYMPATHY FOR ARMENIANS.

Strong Resolutions Introduced at the Prayer Service Yesterday.

The attendance was larger yesterday afternoon than at any other service of the week of prayer. Dr. R. V. Atkisson presided and conducted the services in a very interesting and impressive manner. The prayers were fervent and the songs inspir-

The importance of increased liberality on the part of the church universal was made prominent. Dr. Atkisson spoke very earnestly with regard to the persecution of

The following resolution was offered by

tian Association hall at 3 p. m.
The order of exercises today is as fol-

Friday, January 10th-"Home Missions." Praise: For increased appreciation of op-portunities and obligations. portunities and obligations.

Prayer: For missionaries and other laborers; for missionary societies, for increased offerings; for the heathen at our doors, for the depleted rural districts and neglected city populations, for increased Christian comity.

Luke, x: 1, 2; xiv: 21,-23; Isaiah, lx: 1-5; Mark, ix: 33-40.

Leader-Dr. G. B. Strickler.

Alternate-Dr. T. R. Kendall.

RECRUITS FOR CUBA

on the Quiet in Atlanta?

IT IS BELIEVED THAT THERE IS

A Number of Young Atlantians Declare Their Intention To Go.

MIDWAY SPIELER GOES TO THE FRONT

War Spirit Is Running High in At-lanta—Recruiting Agent Said To Have Recently Come Here.

The Cuban war fever has reached At-

It has appeared in a virulent and contagious form. During the past ten days hundreds have left Atlanta for Florida with the idea of enlisting with the Cubans and fighting for the insurgents' cause.

It is said that this stir has not come without cause; that it is not only the reported gains of the patriots which has but there is a more potent agent at work. Many are of the opinion that there is a recruiting agent secretly at work here and that it is his efforts which have caused

men have at different times called at Th Constitution office, making inquiries in regard to the trip to Cuba and the proba-ble result should they enlist in the war. One of these young men, who has been a guard at the exposition grounds, said that he heard some one was in the city to get up a company and wished to know where he could find him. He said that he had heard several times that there was a man at work securing soldiers and was informed that those who enlisted would be

paid a good salary.

This is only a few of the hundreds that have caught the fever, and it is said on good authority that every train leaving for Florida carries men who go with an idea of serving with the insurgents. These would-be recruits are in the main of that floating class which landed in Atlanta during the exposition. Since the close of the fair there has been a wonderful exodus of this parasitic class. It was an ele-ment which came from the large cities of the north, adventurers that follow in the wake of any excitement. It is to this class or the most part that those who have left

for Cuba belong.

At the close of the exposition hundred: were left in the city with no occupation. These who had been at work there were nrown out of their jobs, and those who did ot have jobs were left without any opporunity to make money.

Then came the report that the insurgents were gaining; that the forces of Campo were weakening; that Havana was threat ened; that it was to be siezed, and that the people would rise for Cuba's freedon when the patriots marched in. This glow ing promise of victory for a cause the suc cess of which had hitherto not been enirely sanguine induced many to take up

the idea of going to Cuba.

One of the first to leave for that place was George Johnson, the erstwhile elo-quent spieler of the gypsy village. John-son is remembered as one of the most picturesque characters of the Midway. He remained in Atlanta several days after the close of the exposition and left with four others with the intention of taking arms in defense of Cuba. He declared that it was the best opportunity he knew for can could go with the insurgents, get an office and be promoted after the revolution was finished. With this idea in view hun-dreds have started on for the plucky

Is There an Agent Here?

If there is a recruining agent here his work can be discerned only in the general effect. Some days ago there was an agent at work in Valdosta and other towns of south Georgia. He worked quietly and in-duced many to leave for Cuba, but his mission was discovered and he was forced to leave. There are many who think that these agents who come from Cuba for the purpose of working Florida and south Georgia have struck Atlanta and

found it a prolific field.
"I have been an exposition guard," said one of the men who came to The Constitution office. "I have been thrown out of work and I am going down to Cuba.
want to know what they will give those who fight fer the insurgents. I heard yes terdsy that they paid them \$50 a month with rations and would give them a large amount additional in case Havana was taken. I am going there to fight whether take but a few days to get there and there

will be some fur."
Atlanta will play an important part in the Cuban rebellion if those who leave here reach the island safely."

CAMP IN DARKNESS.

Lights Have Been Turned Off at the Hotel, but He'll Stay.

The staying qualities of Landlord Camp, of the Jackson hotel, are decidedly above the average. The Jackson estate recently demanded possession of the hotel building on the ground that the rent had not been paid. Mr. Camp rejoined that he had not only paid his rent, but that he has paid \$4,200 more than the rent due. Based upon this claim Mr. Wilmer Moore, administra-tor of the Jackson estate, was enjoined from dispossessing Mr. Camp for two weeks until the issue could be put on its

Mr. Camp's furniture was attached, but this claim was arranged and the furniture released. Then the electric lights in the building were cut off because the bill was not paid and yesterday the gas was also cut off, leaving the hotel in total darkness.
Mr. Camp has lighted his house with oil
lamps and says he will hold the fort until
the court decides his right to possession for the term of his lease contract.
Mr. Camp says his embarrassmen

Mr. Camp says his embarrassment is due to the payment of the \$4,200 rent in ad-vance and that if he gets his rights will ntinue to run a good hotel and pay his

Torturing Disfiguring **2 SKIN DISEASES** Instantly Relieved A WARM BATH Cuticura Soap CUTICURA

The Great Skin Cure

JOLLY JOE JEFFERSON WAS HERE YESTERDAY.

Is There a Recruiting Officer Working JOE JEFFERSON HERE YESTERDAY

America's Greatest Actor Passes Through the City and Talks About Old and Present Times.

Age cannot wither him nor custom stale Shakespeare or Cleopatra.

Dear, delightful old Joe Jefferson's keen eyes twinkled merrily and his smooth face beamed kindly as the train from New York rolled under the union passenger depot. The train was late, and the lights were ablaze everywhere. Mr. Jefferson had noted from a long distance the electric lamps burining in the Equitable, the Aragon and other conspicuously tall buildings

"We took quite a deep interest in your exposition," he said. "A neighbor of mine touched the button, I believe, which start-ed the machinery. Mr. Jefferson smiled, possibly at the recollection of his fat friend vaiting at Buzzard's Bay all the aftern for some long speeches to end down here, a thousand miles away, while he, the Nes-

or of comedians, was off fishing "And it was a great success, eh? That was good. Oh, if it didn't come out quite even financially, it will do the city and section an immense amount of good. I always like to come to Atlanta to play. The people are so appreciative. know one of my children was born in Georgia. That was before your time, my boy. Yes, that was back in the fifties, before the war. You see, Johnny Ellsler and myself were down this way playing, barn-storming it was, and we were not having

"We had been with a stock company at Charleston, and when it closed down we struck out on our own line. We tried Savannah, Macon and Augusta in Georgia. I painted some of the scenery and John look-ed after the front of the house and did a turn or two on the stage.

"We did not find it a profitable venture we got in correspondence with Sir William Don, an English baronet, who had come over to this country with excellent letters and a desire to play. To tell the truth. Sir William was not a remarkable player, except at the tables. His money went in gaming. He came to Savannah from Charleston. I met him one day walking up Bull street and although I had ever seen him I felt that it was Don. After he passed I turned to watch him, and I found that he had turned to watch me. We then approached, and I inquired if he were not Sir William Don. He replied that his name was Don, and asked whether were Jefferson or Ellsler.

"We made an arrangement with him and sent over for his baggage, which the hotel had held for his hotel bill. He had stopped at the Charleston hotel. Sir William 'Big columns outside; tough steaks

"Don had been in a poker game on the ship coming down and was financially embarrassed during his stay in Charleston. Ellsler and I played Sir William at the old Savannah theater, and such a brilliant audience I had never seen before. Indeed, I have never seen one since which mpressed me more than that one did. The eason probably was that the receipts at the box office were great beyond anything in our experience. The ladies in the audier ce that night wore the old rose cut diamonds which sparkled, and to Ellsler and me they seemed to be as big as apples. The grand dames were out, and the aristocratic old gentleman in their stiff neckwear nodded in lordly fashion from box to box. Yes, sir, that audience was a pic-ture, and the receipts put Ellsler, Don and myself on our financial feet. We played Sir William two or three engagements in Savannah, and with great success, for he presented his letters of introduction, and all the grand people of the city sought him and went to see him play. That was the first real big success which we had

The John Ellsler referred to by Mr. Jef-ferson is the father of Effie Ellsler. He is still alive and acting, or was up to a year or two ago out on the road with his daugh-

Mr. Jefferson was accompanied by one of his sons and some grandchildren and la-dies. They were going down to his plantation in Louisiana, where the comedian will enjoy a few weeks hunting and fishcar, and was ticketed through from New York to New Orleans.

It may be that Mr. Cleveland will pass through before long to join his neighbor, but Mr. Jefferson said nothing that would justify the statement.

"This city reminds me of Cleveland. It is a busy place, and I see many smoke stacks," said Mr. Corning, a retired gentleman who passed through yesterday on a private car. "I am sorry that I could not get down to see the exposition, but the Cleveland party brought back fine, glowing accounts of Atlanta. The manu-factories build up a city, and coming in on the train I could see that you have them here. I learn that Atlanta is growing rap-

"The city certainly has a great reputation through the country, and is looked upon everywhere as the city of the south." Mr. Corning was on his way to Palm Beach, Fla., for his health. He said that when he left home on Wednesday the ground was covered with snow. He was gratified to see the sun which was shining brightly when he reached here. Mr. Cornng is accompanied by a party of friends.

Mr. Charles N. West and Mr. William R. Leaken, two Savannah attorneys, passed through Atlanta yesterday on their way to New Orleans to argue some features of the Central railroad litigation which is still pending. Mr. West is the author of very fine sketch of the bench and bar of Georgia, which was recently published in a history of the state. As an evidence of his qualification for writing the sketch, an incident in connection therewith may be mentioned. The publishers came to At-lanta and secured Joel Chandler Harris to write one feature of the book. They engaged Mr. Wallace P. Reed to write another chapter. When they made inquiry as to a suitable person to prepare a sketch of the bench and bar, they were advised to get Judge Richard H. Clark's advice.
"The man for you to engage is Charles
N. West, of Savannah," said the judge.

With him it was a labor of love rather than for the remuneration because he is a very busy man in his profession. The chapter is thorough and very interesting, especially to members of the bar.

Mr. Leaken is one of the prominent young members of the Savannah bar. He is master in certain matters concerning the Central. FRANK WELDON.

AT LAST THE LIST

Report of the International Jury of Awards Received Yesterday.

MEDALS AND MENTIONS GALORE

his infinite variety-with no apologies to It Came Late and Caused Little Interest Among the Exhibitors.

THE DELAY OF PRESIDENT GILMAN

a Kick-Many of the Exhibitors Awarded.

The Work of the Jury Was Caused by

The belatea decision of the international jury of awards has arrived.

It was handed in to the office of Secretary Blodgett yesterday afternoon. It sprinkles medals bountifully among all the sections of the foreign department, and there is scarcely an exhibitor in the heterogeneous assortment of nationalities represented who has not received mention or a medal.

The list of awards is an interesting document in the way of nomenclature. In this way it is by all means foreign and the peculiarity of names is one of the most striking features. The decision, however, bears the signature and approval of President Gilman, and other members of the original jury to whom it was sent. The arrival of the list did not cause a great stir in the foreign section. The exhibitors declare that it has come too late to have much effect, and its announcement after the fair is over was received with no apparent interest.

The decision or rather the appointment of the international jury is the story of a kick. What the long delay in returning it is due to has been attributed to the opp sition of President Gilman to the fury, but since its arrival it is accounted for by the fact that it had to be sent to the vario

other members of the jury for approval.

When the first jury reached Atlanta there was much disappointment in the foreign section because no jury had been appoin ed to pass upon these sections. It was claimed by Mr. Macchi and other foreign commissioners that the exposition company had failed to keep its agreement t have an international jury appointed and these section refused to be passed upon by the jury headed by Dr. Gilman. Dr. Gilman was applied to at the time and repre entatives of the board of foreign commis sioners consulted him and pushed the re-quest for the appointment of foreign juors. Dr. Gilman said that it was too late to take the question up and in addition to this it would be too expensive to import furors from abroad and pay expenses.

This announcement was not received with favor by the foreigners. At the time, though, it was not made known there was general dissatisfaction, and several of th issioners threatened to leave the exposition with exhibits. Then came an organized kick. These commissioners wi had been heading the movement for the international jury consulted President Col-lier and other members of the board of directors. Their language to him was plain. They repeated their threat to leave and said that it would throw the exposition in a bad light abroad unless some provision was made for passing on their section.

The appeal was taken up by the officers of the exposition. It was decided after con-sideration to have the foreign section judged if possible. Secretary Lewis was sent on to Baltimore for the purpose of securing the consent of President Gilman to the appointment of the commission. Upon his return the fury was appointed. This jury was altogether of a local flavor and was made up of a committee of direc-tors and several prominent foreigners in Atlanta. On the jury were Directors Cos-grove, Woodward, Bullock and Adler. Mr. Barratini, the vice president of the Italian chamber of commerce, was imported for the purpose. Messrs. DeGive and Riccio, both of Atlanta, were on the jury. This body spent several days with the foreign-ers. Under the direction of Mr. Macchi all of the exhibits in the various sections were pointed out and passed upon. Their re-port was made out and left with President Collier. This was about the 1st of Novemher and it was thought that the ani ment of the decision would be made in a few days. It was necessary first, however, to obtain the consent of President Gilman and the report was sent on to Baltimore

for that purpose.
Until mailed Tuesday it remained in the hands of the president. In the meantime until the close of the fair the foreigners watched each day for its appearance. Commissioner Macchi was to issue a catalogue and hoped to be able to obtain the decision before bringing it to press. The catalogue was issued and the report failed to appear. It was necessary for the jurors in their report to take into notice most of the exhibitors in the foreign section and their decision is a voluminous document. Gold medals were awarded to Commissioner Macchi, to Commissioner R. Saulay of France, to Mr. R. Sestagalli and to Mr. Hillman of England, who were the commissioners in charge of the different sec

with numerous gold medals.

The French section especially was considered worthy of note and received its full share of awards. This was the department in charge of Mr. R. Saulay. In many ways it was one of the most interesting exhibits of the fair and Mr. Saulay, through a personal jeater, received the highest commendation from President Gilman. His exhibit was mainly in the scientific line and the most modern and delicate instruments for taking observation and records were displayed. Mr. Saulay and his exhibitors have received recognition in the report of the jurors.

In all of the other sections there is a profuse number of medals and honorable mentions. The report will be submitted to the board of directors for approval at their next session. with numerous gold medals.

NOT SO MUCH

get Judge Richard H. Clark's advice.

"The man for you to engage is Charles N. West, of Savannah," said the judge. "He is the man of all men in the state to do that work."

Inquiry was made at random of other persons, and each and everyone, without knowing that any other had been asked to suggest a name, replied that Mr. West was the man to write the sketch.

With him it was a labor of love rather than for the remuneration because he is a very busy man in his profession. The

A. O. M. GAY & SON.

"Apparel Oft Proclaims the Man."

MOORE'S SHOES Are proclaimed as persons of judgment,

good taste and economy. Sold throughout the world, and especially by English and American chemists in all the principal cities. British depoit JOHN M. MOORE 30 Whitehall St., P. Newsan & Sons, I. King Edward-st., London. Pozzas Depo app Care. Color., Sold Props., Boston, U. St. & ATLANTA Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

THREE COURTS BUSY

Large Number of Minor Cases Disposed of Yesterday.

VERDICT IN BATES'S CASE

Today the Case of John Harris, Mr. Cox's Assailant, Will Be Brought Up for Trial.

In the civil branch of the superior court resterday, Judge Lumpkin presiding, several cases were disposed of as follows: Henry Bonner against Harriet Bonner, etition for a writ of partition, dismissed with the order that the defendant recover from the plaintiff the costs of the case; Hi ram O'Neal, against John T. Kilpatrick, involving a certain plat of land, verdict for the defendant; People's Mutual Loan and Banking Association against W. A. Haygood and P. B. Bradley, suit involving certain loans on property, verdict for the plaintiff; N. L. Bass against W. M. Smith, property suit, verdict for the plaintiffs. A petition from W. A. Fuller, Jr., receiver of the Electric Transportation Company, to sell certain of the property was granted; Emma M. Brown was granted a partial divorce from Charles Brown.

A Short Session. The criminal branch of this court, Judge Clark presiding, met at the usual hour yesterday morning, completed the call for the day, then adjourned. The cases dis-posed of were as follows: Dillard, Ballard and Will Richardson, guilty of assault and battery on J. M. Jackson Christmas day, both sentenced to twelve months, and the latter fined \$50 in addition; Frank Jones and Wylie Thrash, burglary, guilty and

ced to twelve months The case against John Harris, charged with assaulting Mr. Cox with intent to



STILSON & COLLINS. 55 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga DIAMONDS

Watches and Jewelry,

Reliable Goods,

Fair Dealers and Bottom Prices.

murder, will come up this morning for The Usual Grind

The criminal branch of the city court consumed yesterday's session in the hearing of three cases. W. M. Bales was found guilty of an assault and battery on a Mr. Carell as the result of a dispute over a menu. He was fined \$50 and costs. Mad-ame Rawins pleaded guilty to a charge of keeping a disorderly house and was fined

The case against L. T. Bates for an assault and battery on Bailiff Harper was given to the jury on adjournment and a sealed verdict was returned. It will be opened and read in open court this morning.

The white hops cases were postponed until next Thursday for trial.

Judgments Taken. Judge Reid, of the civil branch of the city court, took a number of judgments by default vesterday morning. This morning the motion docket will be taken up and motions heard. Judgments by default will be taken also.

Habeas Corpus Case.

A petition for a writ of habeas corpus was made to Judge Reid yesterday afternoon in behalf of E. H. Bartow, who had been committed to jail the day previous on an action of trover in Judge Foute's court, at the instance of Bertha Pruefer, who alleged that the defendant had taken two diamonds valued at \$300 from her. The petition was heard and the defendant was discharged.

Bills Filed Yesterday. A bill was filed against Steven Grady by Bluthenthal & Bickart in the superior Guttenthal & Bickart in the superior court yesterday to satisfy a mortgage claim for \$791.

Several suits were filed in the city court yesterday against Mrs. B. A. Bass by Kelly Bros. for \$184; Cudahy Bros., for \$176, and Arnold & McCord for \$127. These suits grew out of the action recently taken against the business of Baker Bass.

Judge Berry issued a bench warrant for Frank Dilito, for assault and battery yesterday.



bility and low prices. Customers' shoes

BLOODWORTH SHOE CO.. 14 Whitehall Street

Now

Come exciting times. Don't put off seeing anything advertised here today, with the idea that tomorrow will do just as well. Tomorrow and the next day, and the days to follow will be crowded with special and exceptional opportunities for thrifty people

ENORMOUS DISCOUNTS

sizes from 2 to 6 years. The same big discount allowed on a broken line of Children's Reefers, sizes 2 1-2 to 8 years.

Discount on Children's Knee Trouser Suits, sizes from 3 to 16 years. It would be hard to find their equal anywhere at regular prices.

Overcoats, Derby and Fedora Hats

and Underwear. This offer is not lim-

ited to certain counters. It includes

the range of the whole store. Very Special

Any Boys' Shirt Waist in the house, including the celebrated "Mothers' Friend" and "Star" OOC brands, worth \$1 and \$1.25, at.....

Men's Heavy French-fleece Cotton Flannel Drill Drawers made with stockinet bottoms, worth as 48C regularly sold 75c, our price now

When anything is to be sold very cheap, look out that it

isn't YOU. There is real reason for selling at reduced prices in January; but on it cheap stores have grafted twenty bogus ones. We are proud of the way you come in response to our announcements. It shows you were satisfied when you came

EISEMAN BROS

15 AND 17 WHITEHALL STREET.

NO BRANCH STORE IN THE CITY.

SMALL BUSINESS

The Duliness in Stocks Made Up by the Strength of the Market.

SPECULATION LEFT OFF FIRM

Cotton, After Opening Higher Today, Sagged and Closed Lower Than Wednesday-Wheat Higher.

New York, January 9.-The stock market was by no means active today. On the contrary the volume of business was smaller than yesterday, but the dullness was more than made up by the strength of the market. The bears seemed anxious to reduce their short lines and to this is attributed by those usually well informed, the attempt made to smash Leather preferred and Manhattan. It was said that the drive at these stocks was made with the view of demoralizing holders of the Grangers and other leading shares. Instead of accomplishing its object near the entire list ruled strong from start finish and each slight reaction brought ! buyers with the result of establishing th Higher cables from London, the ease in money on call, the small withdrawals of gold from the subtreasury and the belie that arrangements have been perfected to assist the treasury department in case of further heavy withdrawals were the in portant bull factors. There was also less talk of probable large shipments of gold by Saturday's steamers. The advance in prices was equal to 1½@1½, Lackawanna, Tobacco, Sugar, Jersey Central, Louisville and Nashville and the Grangers leading. Among the specialties Rubber commo rose 2% and Metropolitan Traction 5%. Manhattan rose 1 to 98%, fell to 96% and closed at 97. Rumors were afloat that the city taxes on the property would be in-creased, but the matter is already before the court of appeals and a decision is expected at any time. Until this is decided it is hardly to be ex-pected that any new effort will be made by the city authorities to put on more taxes. Leather preferred broke from 601/2 to 561/2 and stories were affoat that the company was trying to secure a loan of \$2,000,000. It was also said that the pay ment of the dividend would in all prob ability be postponed. The stock closed at 57%. Speculation left off firm in tone. The sales were 168,696 shares, of which 33,900 were Leather preferred, 22,800 St. Paul, 16,600 Sugar, 12,200 Reading and 11,100 Man-

The sales of listed stocks aggregated Ill, 595 shares and of unlisted 55,701 shares.

Money on call easy at 267 per cent; last loan at 6, closing offered at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 7@9. Bar silver 66½c.

Bar silver 66½c.

Sferling exchange quiet with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.87½@\$4.87% for 60 days and \$4.89 for demand; posted rates \$4.88@\$4.89½; commercial bills \$4.87½.

Government bonds easier.

State bonds quiet.

Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the board was neglected. Treasury balances: Coin, \$92,384,525; cur-

London, January 9.—Bar silver 30%d. Consols 105% for both money and the account. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 101 francs 37½ centimes for the ac-

Mich. Central. Central....... 94 do. pref...

*Ex-dividend. †Askej. ;Ex-interest.

Early Morning Gossip.

Dow Jones & Co., New York.
New York, January 9.—The decline has been apparently due to temporary exhaustion of the demand. Trading has been pro fessional, and the buyers of yesterdi have endeavored to take profits, partly b cause they do not expect the advance to go far and partly in expectation of large gold engagements tomorrow. The weakness in Manhattan and Balti-

more and Ohio promoted other selling. Com-mission houses have had but little business

timore and Ohio is said to be getting a more careful management by its directors than it has had for many years.

Closing Stock Review. New York, January 9.-New York News

Bureau: Todays's stock market has been dull and irregular. The Granger stocks, particularly St. Paul, have been strong, and so has Sugar. On the other hand, Leather preferred has been weak on re-ports that the company is trying to borrow money, and Manhattan was aided on a report that the city proposes to increase the tax on the company's capital. The trading has been almost entirely of a

professional character; still it has effected in the main a more hopeful feeling.

Advices from Washington that there is an understanding between the government and the banking interests of this city to protect the treasury in the event of the fallure of the popular loan, or in case the treasury gold is drawn upon heavily, can-not be confirmed and are not generally

It is believed, however, that determined efforts are being made to induce the gov-ernment to show a time within which it will receive subscriptions for the new bonds, If this could be done, there are good reasons for believeing that the syndicate would close with the government at once. The close was irregular.

DESCRIPTION.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids
Delaware & Lack	157	158	157	158	1564
Northwestern.	974		96%	9:14	963
Tenn, Coal and Iron	25	25%	244	24%	244
Southern Railway	836	8.4	8	8%	77
New York & N. E	*******		*******	43	45
Lake Shore	138	138	137	117	1373
Western Union Missouri Pacific	83%		8336	8836	83 1/4
Union Pacific		24	2332	24	23%
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co	18	16	3%	3%	37/
Atchison	1334	13%	154	15%	15%
Reading	3	3%	13% 23%	135	13%
Louisville & Nash	42%	42%	413%	238	3
North. Pacific pref	10%	11	10%	42%	10%
St. Paul	ER L	67%	663	67%	66 5
Rock Island	6.137	61%	63%	61	033
Chicago Gas	6:34	64%	64	843	6336
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	74%	74%	734	73:6	735
Am'n Sugar Refinery	100%	101 %	100	1013	99%
Erie				13%	1334
				165	1637
General Electric	2324	24%	2834	24%	233

The Iron Trade.

Cleveland, O., January 9.—The Iron Trade Review today says a reduction of the make of pig fron, everywhere conceded to be necessary to an improvement in prices, is already in progress. In the past ten days eight furnaces in the Shenango valley have either been blown out or banked, one in the Mahoning valley, one at Pittsburg, two furnaces of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company and one of the Sloss Iron and Steel Company. The weekly output of iron is now fully 15,000 tons less than the rate in the last week in December, and furnaces to be put idle in the coming week will work a further reduction. Labor troubles in some, \$2 coke in other cases and in still others the unwilliagness to pile iron and add to the already accumulation of metal, account for the restrictive movement, which will help to restore an equilibrium between furnace output and that of mills for foundry and steel works. The past week, so far as prices and sales go, has not differed from its predecessors. Buyers are holding off, the few who place contracts are getting concessions from quotations, and for the time every producer is a law to himself in the matter of prices. In pig fron there has been cessions from quotations, and for the time every producer is a law to himself in the matter of prices. In pig fron there has been a further reduction by southern companies, and the minimum agreed on by the leading interests is \$9, Birmingham, for No. 1 foun-dry, and No. 2 soft; \$8.50 for No. 3 and \$8 for gray forge.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are b	ld and	dasked quotations	
STATE	AND	CITY BONDS.	
6a, 3½s, 27 to 30 years		Augusta7s, I ₊ D112 Macon 6s. 111 I ₄ Columbus 5s. 103 Rome graded. 100 Waterworks 2s. 108 Rome 6s. 100 South Car. 49s. 105 Newmands L. D.103 Chattanouga 5s. 1921 Col. S. C. graded 3s. 4s. 1910. 71 Ala Class A. 108	108
Atlanta 4 % 8 100			
RAI	LROA	D BONDS.	
Georgia 6a, 1897100 Georgia 6a, 1910107 Georgia 6a, 1922111 Central 7a, 1893129 Ga. Pac18t112 S. A. & M C't'fs 45	114	C., C. & A. 1st. 5s 1909	

Atlanta Clearing House Statement. Clearings for 4 gays

THE COTTON MARKET.

Spot Cotton Quotations. Atlanta-Quiet; middling 7½c. Liverpool-Firm; middling 4 19-32d. New York—Easy; middling 8%c. New Orleans—Steady; middling 7 13-16c.

	RECE	IPIS	SHIP	M'TS	STOC	KS.
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
Faturday	49	76		981	20440	81666
Monday	176	197	1200	500	19476	31363
Tue day		150	8(0)	763	18720	307.55
Wedne-day	158	313		1450	18776	39623
Thursday		347	100	561	18734	30408
Friday						
Total	5.12	000	2100	4055		

The weakness in Manhattan and Baltimore and Olito promoted other selling. Command of the property of the prope MeIntyre & Wardwell's Cotton Letter.

estimated at only 40,000, against 59,000 bales last week, and 89,057 last year. The market continues in an unsettled condition owing to the fear of political disturbances, and we therefore suggest operations on a very conservative scale for quick turns, and this is the course which is being pursued by some of the shrewdest and most experienced operators here.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York today.

The following receipts, export	ts, and	statem	ent of at the	the co	nsolida	ted net
	RECI	EIPTS	EXP	ORTS.	STO	CKS.
	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.
Saturday	28602	23071	34600	92179	1045275	1165776
Monday	23347	50228	7927		1054936	
Tuesday	23540	35490	30689	52585	1046561	1157195
Wednesday	24465	32702	500	26570	1068852	1169058
Thursday Friday	13449	27448	11618	47508	1062218	1155149
Total	113367	168939	85334	216266	-	

Hubbard Bros. & Co's. Cotton Letter, New York, January 2.—Liverpool opened with a fair business doing in spot cotton; sales 12,000 bales. Middling 4 19-32d; last year 3 3-32d. Futures were steady with sellers at 3-64d advance and closed quiet and steady 2½ to 3 points advance, but not much doing. Our market opened with sales of March at 8.04 to 8.05, and after selling at 8.08 and 7.98, ruled at 8c at 1 p. m. Our market is exceedingly discouraging in tea

or March at 8.04 to 8.05, and after selling at 8.08 and 7.98, ruled at 8c at 1 p. m. Our market is exceedingly discouraging in its inability to sustain a moderate improvement, and it seems as though the foreign markets were in the same condition, as the major part of the improvement in Liverpool was lost before the close of business. This feature—namely, the weakness in Liverpool, was unexpected, as the strength of the statistical position is entirely in England and not in this country. That market should be maintained on a higher plane than ours to draw cotton to Liverpool, especially if there should be any political complications with the other European countries. America's position is becoming better understood abroad, and the question at issue with Great Britain will in all probability be settled by arbitration. But the uncertainty in Europe over their political and our financial troubles are factors against the market that at the moment outweigh the small movement of the crop and deter speculators from buying cotten on the basis of 8c. Although the ment outweigh the small movement of the crop and deter speculators from buying cotton on the basis of 8c. Although the market closed outer and steady at the lowest point of the day, the trade rather expects an improvement tomorrow on the light movement expected at the interior

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, January 9.—The outside influence bearing upon the dry goods trade have shown no material change today. The general financial condition, tariff legislation and the disturbed condition abroad are all operative and tend towards conservatism on the part of both buyers and sellers.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, January 9.—Cotton advanced 6 points, but reacted and declined 5 to 7. closing quiet with sales of 161,500 bales.

Today's Features—Prices looked firm enough at first and they actually advanced favored by stronger cables, a rise in consols, rather more favorable news from Manchester, light receipts, at the ports and interior towns, and more or less covering of shorts. Later on, however, there was a reaction, when Liverpool showed weakness and consols declined, and a rumorwas circulated to the effect that Great Britain was taking rather aggressive measures in Venezuela in regard to the policy of the disputed territory. Besides there was a fair amount of local and southern and European selling. It is a small market and most operators are keeping pretty close to shore until they can see their way ahead more clearly. The St. Louis receipts were large enough to encourage the bears to some extent, being 5 per cent greater than on the corresponding day last year; but at the same time the St. Louis shipments were even larger than its receipts and the estimates of interior arrivals this week are much less than those of last week, to say nothing of last year. It is likely to be a more or less unsettled market however, until the financial and politicans and the sterms of the stock market however, until the financial and politicans and the sterms of the stock market however. week, to say nothing of last year. It is likely to be a more or less unsettled market however, until the financial and political situation clears up. The stock markets of New York and London were reported better, in spite of the sensational war rumors afloat.

The Liverpool and Port Markets. The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, January 9—12:15 pm—Cotton spot, demand fair with prices firm; middling uplands 419-32; sales 12:000 bales; American 10:100; speculation and export 500; receipts 46:000; American 36:400; unlands low middling chause January and February activery 4:26-64, 4:27-64; March and April delivery 4:25-64, 4:26-64; May and June delivery 4:25-64, 4:26-64; May and June delivery 4:25-64, 4:26-64; May and June delivery 4:25-64, 4:26-64; July and August delivery 4:26-64; 4:27-64; July and August delivery 4:26-64; futures opened firm with demand fair, Liverpool, January 9—4:00 p. m.—Ublands low middling clause January delivery 4:26-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, ellers; July and February delivery 4:26-64; Marchand April delivery 4:25-64, sellers; May and June delivery 4:25-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, value; 4:26-64; June and July delivery 4:25-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, value; 4:26-64; June and July delivery 4:25-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, value; 4:26-64; June and July delivery 4:25-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, value; 4:26-64; June and July delivery 4:25-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:25-64, 4:26-64; June and July delivery 4:26-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4:26-64, 4:46-64; futuresclosed quiet and steady.

New York January 9—Cotton easy; sales 658 bales; steady seasons steady and sellers and steady.

day. Cash corn was quotably 1/4c under yesterday.

Business was fair in oats, the course of prices being marked by the irregularity that prevailed in wheat and corn. At the close comparative firmness existed. Cash oats were firm.

Provisions—Product was higher today

oats were firm.

Provisions—Product was higher today, the improvement being almost continuous, but a temporary backset taking place during the session. The hog market was higher, but aside therefrom there was undeniable confidence felt in values. The close was 12½c higher than yesterday for May pork, 10c higher for May lard and 5@7½c higher for May ribs.

Theleading futures ranged as follows in Chicago.

Theleading futures ranged as follows in Chicago: WHEAT-4 60-

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Lefter.

Chicago, January 9.—Had advices from abroad this morning been as sensational as the newspaper reports are regarding hostilities between between England and Germany there would undoubtedly have been an exciting advance in the grain market, but the reports were contradicted by cables which reported consols higher and the Liverpool wheat market lower, certainly not very good evidence of any excitement on the other side. But nevertheless the unfriendly feeling between those Liverpool powers had more or less influence over the market, and when consols were were reported %c lower at one time there was a sharp rally from 60c to 60%, but subsequently declined %c on selling by local parties.

The feeling has been very nervous the Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

subsequently declined %c on selling by local parties.

The feeling has been very nervous the entire session, the market fluctuating between 5%c and 60%c. There appeared to be more of a disposition to sell than to buy, but short sellers were quick to cover on any indication of strength. From 59%c there was a sharp rally again to 60%c on buying by Armor and New York, the market remaining firm on about 60c the remainder of the session. Clearances were again larger, aggregating nearly 500,000 bushels, most of which represented flour. For the week so far clearances from the Atlantic ports have aggregated about 1,800,000 bushels. On the other hand, the receipts in the northwest showed a substantial increase, being 538 cars against 207 last year and 421 last week. The Cincinnati Price Current was bullish and seemed to corroborate Thomas's report of vesterday. While it is to excell as wet 207 last year and 421 last week. The Cincinnati Price Current was bullish and seemed to corroborate Thomas's report of yesterday. While it is too early as yet to figure on the next crop present conditions are undoubtedly not over promising, and some of the buying the past two days has probably been governed by this feature. On the whole, there appears to be plenty of influences in the market that are likely to make the market active for some time to come.

Corn has held steady on good local buying. Receipts were moderate—341 cars—and clearances being large, 277,000 bushels. The market is easily influenced by the action of wheat.

A good sized trade has been transacted

A good sized trade has been transacted A good sized trade has been transacted in provisions under liberal buying on the part of shorts, among whom were the large packers. The market showed a further advance, pork gaining 17½c per barrel. Nearly the entire gain was lost at one time, but mostly recovered later on further buying and nine withdrawals of offerings.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, GA., January 9, 1896

Flour, Grain and Meal. Atlanta. January 9—Flour first patent \$4.85 recond patent \$4.25; straight \$3.80; fance \$3.70 extra family \$3.50. Corn, white 40c; mixen 39c. Oats, white 32c; mixed 30c. Ryc, Georgia, 75c. Barley, Georgia faised, 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, \$1.05; Small bales, \$1.05; No. 2 timothy, small oates, \$1.00. Meal, plain, 43c; bolted, 40c. When, bran, frage sacks, 75c; small sacks, 75c. Shorts, 95c. Stock med, \$1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. \$1.00 lbs; hulis \$6.00 \$2 ton. Peas, 75c. \$2 bu. Grits, \$2.40.

95c. # 100 lbs.; hulls \$6.00 # ton. Peas. 75c. # bu. Grits, \$2.40.

New York, January 9—Southern flour dull and unchanged; good to choice \$2.00 @ 3.00; common to fair extra \$2.10 @ 2.80. When, snot dull but firm; No. 2 red winter in store and elevator 69; afloat 70 %; options moderately active and irregular, closing firm at \$6.00 moderately active and irregular, closing firm at \$6.75. Corn. spot dull and easier; No. 2 in elevator 35 %; afloat 36%; outlors less active, closing steady at \$6.00 minure; 35.8%; May 35 %. Oats, spot quiet but firmer; options dull but firm; January 24; May 24 %; No. 2 spot 24 %; @ 24 %; No. 2 white 25 %; mixed western 24 %; @ 25 %.

St. Louis-January 9— Flour firm: patents \$3.30 @

St. Louis January 9— Flour firm: patents \$3.30@ 3.40: fancy \$2.75@2.85: choice \$2.50@2.70. Wheat higher: December 56: May 60%. Cora unchanged; January 25: May 20%. Oats higher; No. 2 January 18: May 19%.

18; May 19°s.
Chicago January 9—Flour firm: No. 2 spring wheat 57°4@58°4; No. 3 spring — No. 2 red 61°4@63. No. 2 corn 26°4@27. No. 2 cots 18°@18°4.
Chelmati_January 9—Flour active: winter patents \$3.30°3.55; fance \$3.10°3.30; spring patent \$3.40°3.70. Wheat quiet: No. 2 red 68. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 29°4; No. 2 white — Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 18°4.

Groceries.

Aflanta January 9 Roasted coffee 21.60 \$\bar{8}\$ 100 lb. cases. Green coffee, choice 21c, fair 19 \$\bar{8}\$c; prime 1845. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.26c; \$\bar{8}\$ \bar{8}\$ Orieans white, 4\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\) of, vellow 4\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\) of 20c; sugar-house, 20@35c Teas black 30@65c; green, 20@35c. Ricc, head, 6c; choice, 5\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\) os 3kit, datry, sacks, \$\frac{1}{3}\cdot\) os biss. \$\bar{2}\$ 25; for cream, 90c; common, 70c. Cheese full cream, 11@11\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\) matches 65s, 50c; 200s, \$\bar{2}\cdot\), 3 dows 1.75; 50da boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 5\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\); cream, 7c; ginger snaps. Candy common stick, 6\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\); cream, 2 (ginger snaps, 2 candy common stick, 6\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\); cream, 2 (ginger snaps, 2 candy common stick, 6\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\); finey 12@12\(\frac{1}{2}\cdot\); Oyste-F. W., \$\\\\$\sqrt{1}\sqrt{3}\cdot\). Boy 4.75. Shot \$\\\\\$\\$\sqrt{1}\sqrt{3}\cdot\). Boy 4.75. Shot \$\\\\\\\$\sqrt{1}\sqrt{3}\cdot\)

11.30.

New York, January 9—Coffee, options closed steady 10@20 points up: January 13.05; February —; March 12.90@13.00; May 12.50@12.60; June 12.30@12.35; September 11.80; spot Rio dull and steady; No. 7-14. Sugar, raw demand steady; fair reiling 3\(\frac{1}{2}\); reduced under the dulet, unchanged; off A 4\(\frac{1}{2}\);\(\frac{1}\);\(\frac{1}{2}\);\(\frac{1}{2}\);\(\frac{1}{2}\);\(\frac{1}{2 amed quiet, discharged in A 4-3,00-18; Standard A 4-20t loaf and crushed 5-3; powdered 4-3; grapula 4-3,05: cutes 4-3. Molasses foreign nominal; N Orleans fairly active and firm; open kettle, good choice 27,0355. Ence in fair demand and firm; dom Orleans fairly active and firm: open choice 27@35. Rice in fair demand a tic fair to extra 3%@6; Japan 3%@3%.

Provisions. Atlanta January 9-Clear rib sides, boxed, 54c; fee-cured bellies, Sc. Sugar cured bams, 104/26, 124c; California, Sc. Breakfast bacon, 104/26, Lard, best quality, 64c; second quality, 6c; compound.

5'4c.

St. Louis, January 9—Pork, standard mess \$9.7566
9.87'3c.

Lard, prime steam. 5.30. Dry salt meats shoulders 4.50; long clear 4.75; clear ribs 4.87'3c; long clear 5.00.

Bacon. boxed shoulders 5.37'3c; long clear 5.00; clear ribs 5.62'3c; short clear 5.75.

New York, January 9—Pork quiet but firm; old mess \$10,00@10 50. Middles nominal; short clear —, Lard quiet and stronger; western steam 5.80; city steam 5.35'26.40; options, January 5.80. Chicago, January 9.—Cash quotations were as follows: Miess pork \$9.60@9.02½. Lard 5.55@5.60.
Short ribs. loose, 4.60@4.70. Dry saltshoulders, boxed 4.50@4.75; short clearisides, boxed, 4.75@4.87½.
Cincinnati January 9.—Pork active: mess \$9.50.
Lard firm; steam leaf 5.75; kettle 5.75. Bacon firm; shoulders 5.00; short rib 5.12½; short clear sides 5.37½.

Savannah, January 9—Turpentine opened firm at Sig for regulars; sales 143 casks; closed firm at 28½; ales 180 casks; receipts 172. Rosin unchanged; sales 180 casks; receipts 172. Rosin unchanged; sales 1.75 bbls of M and below; receipts —; A. B and C 1.15; D \$1.25; F \$1.35; F \$1.40; G \$1.50; H \$1.60; \$1.70; K \$1.90; M \$2.15; N \$2.75; windowglass \$2.90; aterwhite \$3.15. waterwhite 93.10. Wilmington. January 9 — Rosin firm: strained 1.35; spirits turnentine steady machine 28; rregulars 27^{1}_{2} ; tar steady at 90; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.10; soft \$1.50; virgin \$1.60. Charleston. January 9-Turpentine firm at 25% cosn firm; good strained \$1.10@1 25.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta. January 9—Apples \$3.00@3 50 ₱ bbl Lemons. Messina \$3.00@4.00. Oranges. Jamaica, \$4.50@5.00. Coconauts. 4½@5c. Pincapples. crates of 2 doz., \$2.00@2.50; 4 doz., \$4.90@4.50. Bananas, straights. \$1.25@1 50: culls 50@75c. Figs. 11@11½c. Raisins new California. \$1.35: ½ boxes 65@75c. Currants, 6½@7c. Leghorn citron. 13c. Nuts. almonds. 13c; pecans. 7½@8c Brazil, 7½@8c; filterts, 11½c; walnuts. 10@11c; mixed nuts. \$@10c. Peanuts. Virginia electric light. 5@dc; iancy handpicked, 3½@5c; North Carolina. 3@4c; Georgia. 3 @3½c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta. January 9 - Eggs. 18@19c Rutter. western creamery, 20@22½c; fancy Tennessee, 15@18c choice 12½c; Georgis, 12½@15c Live poutry—Turkeys. 8@9e 9 lb; hens 25@27½c; spring chickens, 12½@18c ducks 18@20c. Dressed poutry—Turkeys 12½@14c; ducks 12@14:chickens, 10 @2½c. 1rish potatoes—Buroank, \$2.00@2.50 \$ ob; 50@60 \$ bu; Tennessee, 40@50c \$ bu. Sweet potatoes, 50@60 \$ bu. Honey, strained, 8@10c; in the comb, 10@12½c. Onjons. 60c \$ bu.; \$2 bb., \$1.75 Cabbage, 1½@22.

Live Stock. Chicage, January 9 - Cattle firm and 10c higher; receipts 9,000; common to extra steers \$3.25/a5.10; rtockers and feedders \$2.00/a5.30; cows and bulls \$1.60/a5.80; Texans = 7,000; nancy rangers - 1,000 heavy packing and shipping loss \$3.70/a5.36; common to choice mixed \$3.70/a5.95; choice assorted \$3.80/a5.95; light \$3.00/a5.85; play\$2.00/a5.85. Sheep firm; receipts 17,000; interior to choice \$2.00/a5.75; lambs§3 50 SALISBURY CONDEMNED.

Prof. Shaw, of Oxford University, Talks About Venezuela.

Philadelphia, January 2.—Processor W. Hudson Shaw, of Oxford university, in speaking today of the Venezuelan controversy, made some statements as to the feeling over the question in his country that

versy, made some statements as to the feeling over the question in his country that are at variance with the idea that generally prevails in this country of the sentiment of England.

"I am only eight days from England, and was there when the war scare over the Venezuelan affair first started," Professor Shaw said. "Being a university extension lecturer, and constantly going from city to city and town to town, I had unusual opportunities of meeting all classes of the people of England in many sections of the country. I am sure I know the sentiment of the people on the matter.

"President Cleveland's message came to the British people like a thunderbolt out of a clear sky. The feeling over there was one of unutterable astonishment that any trouble could ever occur between England and tife United States. This feeling pervaded all classes. The feeling of English people for their American cousins is year by year becoming more sympathetic, and among educated people in England the thought of a war with the United States seems impossible.

"There is no single Englishman that does not accept the Monroe doctrine as laid.

seems impossible.

'There is no single Englishman that does not accept the Monroe doctrine as laid down by Fresident Monroe, and what might be called the extension to it which holds that no European power should encroach an inch on this continent. This is, of course, what Englishmen, as a people, think; it is not what the politicians say. The Venezuelan affair is entirely a government matter. ment matter.
"The universal opinion at first was that

ment matter.

"The universal opinion at first was that President Cleveland's message was sent out for political purposes. Now we believe that the British government was wrong and drew down President Cleveland's anger justly. We also think that, perhaps, his letter could have been couched in more diplomatic language, But we accept the justice of Mr. Cleveland's claim.

"Lord Salisbury's action in refusing problemation is regarded as a political funder, and, I may say, crime, by many right-thinking Englishmen. I believe a great deal of good will come out of this trouble. I think it will be the cause of the formation of a permanent arbitration court, that can settle all such disputes between nations. Let England and America keep the peace for thirty years longer and they can dominate the whole civilized world, forcing it to remain peaceful. A war would be ruinous to both, and only result in benefit to other nations."

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Kaliway Schedules

Arrival and Departure of All Trains

Southern Railway Company.

No. ARRIVE FROM— No. DEPART TO— *35 Washington.... 5 20 am *12 Richmond....... 7 50 am

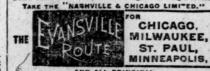
37 Washington 3 55 pm	*38 Washington12 00 m
17 Lula 8 30 am	*36 Washington11 15 pm
*11 Richmond 9 30 pm	18 Lula 4 35 pm
*8 Chattanooga 6 40 am	*13 Chattanooga 5 10 am
*10 Chattanooga 3 10 pm	*9 Chattanooga 12 05 pm
*14 Chattanooga 10 40 pm	*7 Chattanooga 10 39 pm
*38 Gr'nville, Miss, 11 40 am	*35 Birmingham 6 00 am
36 Birmingham 10 Copm	*37 Gr'nville, Miss., 4 10 pm
*26 Tallapoosa 8 20 am	*25 Tallapoosa 5 15 pm
•13 Brun-Jackvlle 5 00 am	*8 Brunswick 8 00 am
*7 Brenswick 7 45 pm	*14 Rrun-Jackville10 50 pm
9 Jacksonville11 45 am	*10 Jacksonville 4 10 pm
•19 Fort Valley10 30 am	*20 Fort Valley 4 35 pm
Central of Geor	gia Railway Co.
No. ARRIVE FROM-	NO. DEPART TO-
101 Hapeville 6 50 am	100 Hapeville 5 50 am
*3 Savannsh 7 45 am	102 Hapeville 7 09 am
103 Hapeville 8 05 am	•2 Savannah 7 30 am
105 Hapeville 9 40 am	104 Hapeville 8 30 am
*11 Macon 10 45 am	108 Hapeville 12 15 pm
109 Hapeville 2 00 pm	110 Hapeville 2 45 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad. Western and Atlantic.

Georgia Railroad. No. ABRIVE FBOM— No. DEPART TO—
*3 Augusta 5 00 am
9 Covington 7 45 am
*28 Augusta 2 55 pm
*27 Augusta 12 15 pm 10 Covington 6 15 pm
*1 Augusta 5 10 pm 44 Augusta 10 45 pm Seaboard Air-Line. (GEORGIA, CAROLINA & NORTHERN DIVISION.)

Georgia Midland and Gulf.
(VIA CENTEAL OF GEORGIA BY. CO. TO GRIPPIN.) ARRIVE FROM— No. DEPART TO—
Columbus 10 00 am Columbus 7 30 am
Columbus 5 00 pm Middle Georgia and Atlantic.

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on a guarantee. Still cured. Address Veal, Mgr, Lithia Sp

SCOT

Says He Wil

ARBITRATI If the Gener

Agree to Will

ager Scott, o refused to a railway trains which they a day's work Mr. Scott cl from Atlanta present the for the trip. In reply to this, a prop arbitrate the point one me to appoint or to name thei It is not kn ger Scott wil

not agree t strike.

RAILWAY WATCH There Was

There was the line in the It was rep It was repreach nere of Angusta, but The Georg take any dee reach an a other roads, gia's men try and that wha would be casay that they but shall in they are ent A Southern "This affair not hear, mud not hear muc are not talkin all around. all around.
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ARLIN oyal Mail Stead NIC. GERMA ADRIATIC. ards. Very sur age accommodal assenger boats.

rphine Habits of a guarantee. N loured. Addressal, Mgr, Lithia Si

ion passenger station. For some reason the idea of building to Atlanta appears to have fallen through, although the receiver was authorized to issue the necessary certificates.

SCOTT - REFUSES.

Says He Will Not Grant the Demands of the Men. ARBITRATION IS PROPOSED

If the General Managers Decline To Agree to This Many of the Men Will Favor a Strike.

Augusta, Ga., January 9.-General Manager Scott, of the Georgia railroad, today refused to accede to the request of the railway trainmen to ratify the agreement with his predecessor, under the conditions which they claim were then existing. The men claim that under the former manager a day's work was concede to be 100 miles. Mr. Scott claim's that a day's work consists of so many hours. The distance from Atlanta to Augusta is 171 miles. At present the men are paid one day's work for the trip. They want a day and a half. In reply to Mr. Scott's refusal to grant this, a proposition has been submitted to arbitrate the differences, the road to appoint one member of the board, the men to appoint one and the two thus selected to name their associate.

stations in Paris.

There will be a meeting of the rate com-mittee of the Southern Passenger Associa-tion on next Tuesday. The rate clerks meet on Tuesday in the Equitable building,

Atlanta.

Travel from New Orleans was delayed some yesterday by the accident to the train, which ran through a draw in a bridge below Mobile.

The railway men who had such hard work during the exposition are now preparing to slip off for a few days of recreation.

CRESS CASE RECALLED.

R. E. MARSHALL SENDS HIS REC-

The Man Who Was Assigned to a

Room with Cress Heard From.

What He Said.

The mysterious death of E. H. Cress, which occurred at the Alhambra hotel

investigation of the case being made at

the suggestion of a friend of the dead man.
When Cress reached the city he registered at the Albambra. R. E. Marshall,

a short time and no one about the place

J. W. Thompson, sheriff, states that

Marshall stands all right in that commu-

A DRAMATIC GEM.

It is not known whether General Manager Scott will accept this proposition. He is not in the city at present. If he does not agree to arbitrate there will be a strong sentiment in the rank and file to

WAITING TO HEAR.

RAILWAY MEN IN ATLANTA WATCHING AND WAITING.

There Was Nothing New at This End of the Line in the Georgia Railroad Situation.

There was nothing new at this end of the line in the Georgia railroad situation. It was reported that the chiefs would reach nere on the 6:10 o'clock train from

Angusta, but they did not show up.

The Georgia's men did not apparently take any deeper interest in the efforts to reach an agreement than the men or other roads. It was evident that the Georgia's men trusted implicitly in their chiefs and that whatever the latter recommended would be carried out. The railroad men say that they are not anxious for a fight, but shall insist on getting all to which they are entitled.

This affair is kept very quiet. We do not hear much about it. The Georgia men are not talking and that really helps things all around. The more talk there is over grievances the more bad blood is stirred up. The men of all the lines down here get on very well with the managements as a rule. A large proportion of the train crews in the south are southern men. We are more closely allied with the roads than the employes on northern and west-ern lines are with their managements, for those crews are made up of men from all

There are plenty of railroad men out of jobs at present, but a strike would tie up any system and the managers do not want trouble any more than the men do."

It is said that Mr. Scott went out on the pay train today. Mr. Scott's refusal did not become generally known over the road

The chiefs are expected to report back to their respective organizations. Some of the Georgia's men received a message last night infimating that the chiefs would not report on the Georgia case until they have considered the Plant system trouble, which

MAJOR STAHLMAN HERE.

Says That the Nashville Exposition Is Progressing Finely.

Major E. B. Stahlman, ex-commmissioner of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, came down yesterday from Nashville. He is at the Aragon and will spend two or three days here. He says that he is developed by time to be a property of the state of the says that he is developed by time to be a property of the says that he is developed by the says that he is a say that h siness affairs and is entirely out of the

"The Tennessee Centennial exposition is getting on very well," said Major Stahlman. He is a director in the exposition.

This is the first time in many years that Major Stahlman has been out of the railroad business. He started in as a telegraph operator and worked his own way to the top. Report says that some of his recent investments have been very profitable.

PASSENGER MEN DEPART.

The Seaboard Agents Will Be on the Upper End Today.

The Seaboard Air-Line's passenger men left yesterday at noon for a trip over the system. Their meeting here was very profitable to them. One of them says that when they get together in a room they can discuss a question and reach a clearer un-derstanding in ten minutes than they could reach by correspondence in two

These meetings were originated by General Passenger Agent Anderson and they are heartly approved by higher officials of the company. Last night the agents were at Columbia. Today they will go over the upper part of the system.

MEANS TO WITHDRAW.

The Seaboard's Notice Said Not To Be

Mrs. Mary L. Norrell, a widow of seventy-four years of age, died yesterday morning at the Metropolitan hotel. Mrs. Norrell had been sick about ten days and although all of the best medical aid was given her she continued to grow worse and yesterday morning the end came. Mrs. Norrell was the mother of a Bluff. "I have it from an authentic source that the Seaboard will not remain in the traffic association," says a railroad man. He is not identified with the Seaboard in any. way, but says he knows what he is talking about came. Mrs. Norrell was the mother of Mr. Ben Norrell, who conducted a photographic depot in Atlanta before his death, three years ago. Ever since her son's death Mrs. Norrell has been very despondent.

about.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis and the Louisville and Nashville are also out of the association. The Western and Atlantic is in but it is worth remembering that its lessee is not in. However, every effort is being made to bring all the lines in and to make the association very strong. despondent.

A peculiar coincidence is that the date of her death and that of her son were only a day different, he dying on the 8th of January three years ago. Mrs. Norrell requested that none of her relatives be apprised of her death until a day after it occurred.

The funeral will take place in her old home, Adairsville, a small station on the Western and Atiantic railroad, the body being taken there on the 8:00 o'clock train this morning.

Regarding the Georgia Midland. It is reported that the Georgia Midland and Gulf will soon be sold. Last fall surveys were made for an extension from McDonough into Atlanta. It was found that a right of way could be obtained right up to the city and connection could be made with a friendly road which would bring the Georgia Midland and Gulf into the union passenger station. For some reason the

DEATH OF MRS. NORRELL.

Has Been Very Despondent Since the

Death of Her Son.

Bibb County Convict Attacked at the Chattahoochee Camps.

Romulus Gordon, a negro convict at the Chattahoochee brick camps, dropped dead yesterlasy afternoon. Heart disease appears to have been the cause of death.

It is also said that the Southern really has not control of the Columbus Southern as was supposed, but that Mr. Plant carries a majority of the stock.

All sorts of reports are in circulation as to what is going to happen. Some people believe that Mr. Plant intends to come on to Atlanta and that connection will be made here with the Marietta and North Georgia, which at the upper end would connect with the Knoxville and Cumberland. Gap, By such calculations as this a through line is quickly constructed on to Louisville.

Reilway Notes.

President Smith, of the Atlanta and Chattahoochee Camps.

MONEY IN THE SWAM

road Wednesday.

Superintendent Barbour Thompson, of the Southern, is expected back in a day or two. He has been out for ten days on or two. He has been out for ten days on the lines.

General Passenger Agent Harman, of the Western and Atlantic, is off for a rest. Senator Shermen will push his bill to require sleeping car companies to reduce the price of upper berths.

The Southern has extended its line from Salem, N. C., to Norfolk, Va., using the Atlantic Coast Line via Wilson and Suffolk under a joint traffic agreement. Through trains will be operated between Greensboro and Norfolk at an early date.

The number of passengers arriving at Will Okefinokee Wilderness Ever Pay the Investors?

GEN. JACKSON MADE PRESIDENT

He Succeeds His Son, Who Worked for Years in the Development of the Swamp with Courage and Hope.

and Norfolk at an early date.

The number of passengers arriving at and departing from the Paris station of the Western Railroad of France, known as St. Lazare station, was nearly 60,000,000 in 1894, an average of 108,325 per day. It was thought the travel of the exposition year would prove the maximum for some time, but acqually it has grown nearly every year spine. The number of passengers was 30,250,215 in 1894 and 39,330,369 in 1894, or an increase of about one-third in five years. This is encouraging for Atlanta. Five other great railroads have stations in Paris. to elect a successor to the late Captain Harry Jackson as president of the Okefinokee Swamp Company. General Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah, Captain Harry Jackson's father, was elected as the executive head of the company and the direction of its affairs given into his hands.

his death was prominently connected with the Okefinokee company, and much of his time was given to the development of the property. He invested a large sum in the stock of the company and had strong faith in the success of the enterprise. He studied the swamp from every standpoint and was convinced that its development was practicable and would prove profitable. He steered the affairs of the company through a long series of uncertain preliminary preparations, but never faltered in his faith in the ultimate profit of the cperation and lived long enough to see the first fruits of his efforts materialize. The Okefinokee swamp, about which much has been said and written, consisting

of about 300,000 acres, was purchased from the state of Georgia by Captain Jackson and associates in 1889. The company has subsequently bought several thousand acres of adjoining land. The swamp and dense forest of giant cypress, pine and other woods and a large portion, in fact, a great majority of its area, is covered in water from one to six feet deep. It was, and is yet to a great extent, a perfect nest of alligators, reptiles, fowls and game, and its general character and environments rendered it supposedly absolutely valueless. When it was purchased from the state the investment was considered generally decidedly a speculative and problematical

When the company acquired possession in December is recalled by the receipt of several letters by Chief of Police Connolly yesterday. The letters resulted from an of the property a plan of development was formulated and put into execution. The first idea was to manufacture the millions of giant trees into lumber and then to drain the land and convert it into farms. It was calculated that this would be the work of years, but the promoters of the project believed that there were fortunes in it. They believe that same thing today. Developments Up to Date.

of Shelbyville, Mo., registered next to Mr. Cress's name and he was assigned to the same room. Marshall remained at the hotel Probably more than \$390,000 has been spent in developments and the work is still progressing with marked success and perfect satisfaction. A canal has been built from Camp Cornelia, the company's remembers him. His disappearance and the mysterious death of Cross created some suspicion and it was decided to in-vestigate the matter. Chief Connolly wrote to the officers at Shelbyville asking about Marshall and the headquarters on the outskirts of swamp, which has grown into quite a little manufacturing village, to within two miles of St. Mary's river, a distance of letters received yesterday were in response to the request. E. M. West, city marshal, of that place writes that Marshal is a soabout eleven miles. This canal is now used for floating logs to the mammoth sawmill that is now in operation at Cornelia, and will be used when completed for ber, reliable man and that he considered him all right. transporting lumber to St. Mary's river, where it will be shipped down stream to

markets and ports.

The logs are collected for the mill by an original and novel plan. An engine is floated up and down the canal on a tugboat, to which is attached strong chains or cables. The end of these cables are carried out as far as a mile into the swamp and hooked to the logs and then drawn back with the log attached by the engine to the canal and floated to the

sonville, his objective point, leaving Cress here.

Cress was found dead three days after Marshall claims to have left the city. The fact that his name was mentioned in connection with the case resulted from his not being remembered at the hotel and his disappearance. It is supposed that Cress's death resulted from heart trouble or apoplexy, but the case is surrounded by some mystery. Cress is said to have had a large sum of money before coming to Atlanta and when found dead only 10 cents was found in his clothing.

The case will probably never be cleared up. No investigation of it was made until ten days or more after the death, so far as the police are concerned. which is operating from Camp Cornelia to Folkston, eleven miles, connecting with the Savannah and Western. This road handles the products of the great lumber mills and the other traffic of the swamp settlement. been in operation for some time and have

proven profitable. The company has about \$25,000 worth of cypress lumber, and the yards have sold and shipped quite a lot already. Cypress lumber is greatly superior to pine, and is laways in demand. It requires cypress longer to dry than it does pine, which accounts for the "Between the Acts" Has Proved the large amount of lumber on the yards of

The little comedy, "Between the Acts," The word swamp, applied to the Okefiwas presented for the second time to a large audience at the Young Men's Chris-tian Association last evening. No dranokee lands, seems to be rather a mis-nomer, as it is 102 feet above the level of St. Mary's river, and a thousand acres of matic entertainment by local amateurs has water that covers the surface of the land matic entertainment by local amateurs has ever proved such a decided hit.

On account of the interest developed in the play a third performance will be given tomorrow evening and the music hall will no could be packed. The crowd that witnessed the play last night was convulsed with laughter and eyery one in the audience agreed that the acting was decidedly the best ever put upon the stage by amateurs. is not stagnant, but is always clear, pure and running. This body of water is the fountain head of the Sewanee river, and although in its vast bed in Okefinokee it looks dark blue, thick and dirty, when it is dipped up in a cup or glass it is as pure, clear and fresh as the stream of a bubbling

the best ever put upon the stage by amateurs.

The presentation of the play last night was even better than on the night previous. The actors were more familiar with their characters and better acquainted with their characters and better acquainted with the stage surroundings. Miss Minnie Quinn was superb as Dick Comfort's wife and Mr. Tedford, as Dick Comfort, sustained his part well. Mr. Hills, Mr. Carraway, Misses Sadie and Bessie Askew and Mr. Dan Cary all acquitted themselves with credit and equally divided the honors of the evening.

The members of the company have been invited to visit several towns in Georgia, but will doubtless be unable to accept the invitation. The price of admission tomorrow evening has been reduced to only 25 cents. Every seat will doubtless be taken. on its canal to the objective point, which is St. Mary's river. The river being 102 feet lower than the bed of the swamp, the company fears that if they run the canal on into the river that it will drain the swamp at some future time and utilize the land for farming, but it will not be done until the timber is sawed and marketed, and this will require many years.

and this will require many years.

The investment in the development of the swamp already amounts to over \$300,000. The principal owners of the stock are General Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah; the Harry Jackson estate, Mr. Frank Cox, of Philadelphia; Mr. John Weed, of New York; Hon. Porter King and Mr. A. E. Thornton of this city. General Jackson is president of the company, and Mr. A. E. Thornton vice president.

It has been noticed that in the appraisement of Captain Jackson's estate no value was placed on his Okefinokee swamp stock, but it was put down as doubtful. While Captain Jackson is one of the largest stock-holders in the company, his investment, representing several thousand dollars, the appraisers of the estate considerd the value of the property uncertain and problematical, and were unwilling to fix any value on it. The other owners of the stock say that Captain Jackson's investment in this company is worth easily 100 cents on the dollar, and that the swamp'and improvements can be sold today for more than it cost the company.

OMFCRI

Imagine 12 car-loads of keys, and you have our regular monthly output. "Comfort" is that key, and it requires 12 mail cars to move this marvelous magazine each month. With its numerous beautifully colored illustrations, and the widereaching interest of its literary features, 'tis no wonder that it has become the key to more than one million and a quarter homes. Your newsman knows "Comfort." Price, 5 cents.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

SOCIAL, CRIMINAL, RELIGIOUS AND OTHER HAPPENINGS

Some Local Happenings of a Day Gathered from Many Sources by Constitution Reporters.

Sergeant White Out.

Sergeant White, of the police force, who has been confined to his bed by serious as several weeks, is about to recover and appeared on the streets yesterday for the first time. His many friends at police headquarters and in the city hope that he will quickly regain his former health and able to resume his active duties.

Two Negro Suspects. Walter Mitchell and Rich Williams, two young negroes well known to the police, are under arrest as suspects. They are suspected of larceny and will be held until their cases can be investigated.

Ladies' Auxiliary Meeting. A meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the

Young Men's Christian Association will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the as-sociation parlors. As this is the first regular meeting of the board for the year 189 every member is urgently requested to at-tend. The Board of Aldermen.

The board of aldermen met yesterday afternoon in regular session, the first full board being present. Besides concurring in the action of the general council appro-

or the action of the general council appro-priating \$1,000 for the Liberty bell the board concurred in resolutions authorizing the expenditure of money for sewers and street work in nearly every ward of the city. Thanked Mr. Blodgett. At the last business meeting of the Exhibitors' Association at the exposition a vote of thanks was extended by the body to Mr. E. F. Blodgett, assistant secretary

of the Cotton States and International exposition. This was a deserved compli-ment to Mr. Blodgett, whose courteous and affable manner as well as his kind consideration for all with whom, he was consideration for all with whom, he was thrown in contact, and efficient services won him a large circle of warm friends. The following letter will explain:

"Mr. E. F. Blodgett, Assistant Secretary Cotton States and International Exposition, Administration Building, Atlanta, Ga,—Daf Eir: I have the honor and pleasure to inform you that at the last business meeting of the Exhibitors' Association of 1855 a vote of thanks was adopted as due you for the efficient and courteous manner in which you had transacted the business of the exhibitors with the exposition company. Yours very truly,

company. Yours very truly,
"GEORGE JOHNSON, President.
"F. A. LELAND, Secretary and Treas."

Mr. B. L. Hendricks, a well known and popular hotel man of Macon, will take charge of the Ballard house, on Peachtree street, on the 15th. Mr. Hendricks has had many years' experience in the hotel business and will keep the Ballard up to the highest standard.

Will Run the Ballard.

Mr. Peel on the Board.

At the reorganization meeting of the city board of park commissioners, which was held in the city hall last Wednesday, Major Sydney Root handed in his resignation. Major Root has been a member of the commission for fourteen years and at the time of his resignation he was occupying the office of secretary. The cause of

his resignation was ill health. Mr. W. S. Peel was elected to take his place. At this meeting Mr. G. V. Gress, who has held the office of president for a number of years, was re-elected president Mr. W. L. Peel was elected vice president and Judge J. C. Bloodworth was elected secretary to take the place of Major Root. Last year Grant park and Imman park cost the city \$5,500. The commission will ask for an appropriation of \$11,000, \$2,000 of this to be used to make improvements in Grant park, which are at present very badly needed.

Smith Will Appear. The friends of ex-Bailiff Robert M. Smith say that he has not left the city and will appear in court to answer all charges

against him next week. against him next week.

Smith is alleged to be short in his accounts with Judge Foute's court, in which he was formerly a bailiff, and several business men in the city. There was a misunderstanding as to the setting of the date for the preliminary trial and Smith's bondsmen and friends say that he is still here and will brave the warrants against

Lula Moore Bound Over.

Lula Moore, alias Mincy Belton, colored, was bound over to the city court yester-day by Judge Foute for obtaining money under false pretenses. She is charged with borrowing money from the Columbian Loan Company and giving some furniture which was not here as security.

For Cruelty to Animals. Charles Williams, a young negro, was tried before Judge Foute yesterday on a

charge of cruelty to an anifual and was bound over to the superior court in the sum of \$100. Williams's trouble is the outgrowth of a spree which he and some more negroes had Christmas. On Christmas day out on Summer Hill they got the horse of a negro named Hawk Ellis and drove him around in a reckless and inhuman way, injuring the animal very much. Williams was the leader of the gang. He was bound over and in default of ball was carried to jail.

An Infant Dies. The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Elankenship, of No. 5 Gartrell street, died of measles at 6 o'clock yesterday morning There are six children in the family and all are victims of this disease. The interment will take place this morning.

Is Now in the Library. Mr. Heary Clay Fairman's book, "The Trird World," about which the papers and people of Atlanta are saying many

flattering things, has been added to the ecllection of the Young Men's Library As-The Salvation Army Special. Fred Ford, a noted character in the Sal-ration army, is now in Atlanta. He is what is called a Salvation army "special,"

doing special work at intervals during the year. He is a resident of Cleveland, O., and was a barkeeper when he joined the Salvation army six years ago. He is an enthusiastic worker and will hold special nightly services with the army in At-Has Gone to Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Collier, Miss Collier and Dr. McRae left for Philadelphia yesterday, where Mrs. Collier will take apartments in a sanitarium for the best mediments in a sanitarium for the best mediments. cal treatment that can be obtained. Mrs. Collier's health has been bad for somtime. Mrs. Collier showed sufficient im-provement yesterday to leave and was ac companied on the trip by Dr. McRae. Mrs.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS. UNITED STATES COVERNMENT. USED IN THE PREPARATION OF NOT SPRINGS ARKANSAS BLOOD PURIFIER Have no Peer for the Cure of this Disease. Parents should see that their children are given this medicine, for, if taken in the early stages, it will prevent all Abscesses, Sears, Pimpies, Blackheads, Eczema, Etc. All Druggists. One Dollar. elllups & co. BOT SPRINGS, ARE. Physicians Endorse It. Send for descriptive Pamphlet. NEW YORK

SCROFULA.

ROOMS-With or Without Board. FOR EVENT-A nice front room with board in private family, good neighborhood, Call and see at 24 Highland avenue, jan10-3t

FURNISHED ROOMS at Delbridge hotel, with or without board. Eugene Elder, FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT-Furnished rooms, every convenience, terms reasonable. Parties with children need not apply. No. 10) N.

MRS. HENRY MONK has prolonged her stay in Atlanta to give lessons in exquisite lace making. Parties desiring to take lessons can apply by letter, care this deca-it.

FOR RENT-Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT-A finely fitted lunch room at FOR RENT-185 feet floor space over store 34 Whitehall; will be remodeled with staircase from front to suit perma-nent tenant. Apply 41½ Peachtree, room 1. jan16-fri sun FOR RENT-Part of store 36 Whitehall

street to a desirable tenant. Same will be occupied by fancy dry goods. Address C. H. Simon, Box 302, city. jan 9-4t

WANTED-Agents. SENERAL and local agents, gentlemen, and a few good lady agents for the city. W. R. Mathews, 514 Temple Court. AGENTS—Man or woman. You can make \$20 from ten manufacturers. Write us, anyhow. No stamp required. Metallic Joint Company, 329 Prospect, Cleveland, O.

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—Gentleman and wife or two gentlemen can get board close in. Hot and cold baths. No. 47 East Cain street. WANTED-Boarders, permanent or tran-

Jan5 3t sun mon wed
WANTED—Boarders. Choice rooms, lovely location, new house and furniture; excellent fare, comfortable home, close in.
No. 187 South Pryor.
WANTED—Boarders. Two large rooms
with board at 199 Courtland, corner Eills.
References given With board at 135 contraint, conter limits. References given.
WANTED—Boarders, permanent or transient; special attention given to comfort of all guests. No. 35 Houston, corner lvy.

A FEW SELECT boarders taken at 43
West Harris street; all the delicacies of
the season supplied. Best of references
given. Jan 9-5t the season solvent jan 3-octor given. Jan 3-octor with board at 258 Peachtree street. Jan 3-3t PERMANENT BOARD for young men, \$5 per week. 156 Courtland, 3 blocks from Equitable building.

jan 9-3t

jan 9-3t

ELEGANT private home for five permanents, four blocks from Aragon, 31 per day. 296 Peachtree. jan 9-3t thur fri sun WANTED—A young gentleman and wife to board with a private family; no board-ers, \$35 per month. Call 605 and 606 Gould building. ers, \$35 per month, Call 605 and 606 Gould building. jan 9-2t PERMANENT BOARD—Handsomest home in north Atlanta; heated by furnace; elec-tric bells; hot water in dressing room, 64 Forest avenue. jan 7-6t. BEST PRIVATE BOARD or furnished rooms at lowest prices by day week or month; 2 blocks from depot. 61 N. Pryor.

BOARDERS WANTED—Warm, comforta-ble rooms and choice table fare; terms reasonable; special rates to young men. 33 Auburn avenue, corner Courtland.

BOARDERS WANTED—At Delbridge hotel, corner Forsyth and Trinity ave.; reason-able rates for first-class accommodations; furnished rooms also, without board. Eu-gene Elder, clerk.

FOR RENT-Furnished Houses. A FLAT-Five rooms, well furnished, every convenience, best locality, one block from Peachtree. Apply 36 West Baker. jani0-2t thur sun FOR RENT-Elegantly furnished residence at 422 Whitehall st.; call and see same and apply for terms to Thos. J. Delbridge, 10 Trinity ave.

MONEY TO LOAN.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building. Atlanta. ROSSER & CARTER negotiate loans upon improved Atlanta roal estate at lowest rates and on most favorable terms. Apply direct at their office, 16½ East Alabama

\$1,000, \$2,000, \$2,500, \$3,500, \$5,000 to lend at once upon city property at low rates. We also make a specialty of larger loans upon business property. Weyman & Connors, 825 Equitable building.

ON ALL VALUABLES, diamonds, jewel-ry, etc.: liberal and confidential. Henry H. Schaul, 56 Decatur street, near Pryor

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgage loans on property in or near Atlanta. Money always on hand. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases. Rates depend on the security. Large and good loans very cheap.

T. W. BAXTER & CO. negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and choice improved Georgia farm lands at low rates of in-terest. No. 210 Norcross B'ding; Atlanta, Gs. WITHOUT real estate you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office 5th floor Temple Court, Joseph N. Moody, cashler. RILEY-GRANT Company negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real es-tate; special facilities for handling large loans. 28 S. Broad street.

T. W. BAXTER & CO., 210 Noreross building, have from \$5,000 to \$59,000 to lend upon central property at 6 per cent. MONL: ON HAND to lend at 6, 7 and 8 per ent straight on real estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties; also monthly payment loans; good notes and building and loar, stock bought. W. A. Foster, No. 2 North Broad st.

North Broad st.

FARM LOANS in 50 miles of Atlanta, promptly negotiated by W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court. jan 5-tf THE ECONOMICAL BANKING Co.makes loans on real estate, repayable monthly no commission. Apply to W. A. Bates, Edgewood avenue, Gould building. dec 15-lm sun wed fri

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc. FOR RENT-I have for an acceptable tenant a most elegant modern residence; excellent location; possession at once. This is special J. J. Woodside, the renting agent, 50 North Broad. of somebody for somebody. Is there any reason why it should not be bought of us. We think not. There are many reasons why it should. Come in and let us talk this matter

Julius R. Watts & Co. Jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

HELP WANTED-Male

WANTED-Business man to travel. Mc-Gregor, 1130, 334 Dearborn street, Chicago, Jun 10-10t

WANTED-Two good solicitors. Call at the Marietta street after 9 o'clock. J. B.

Roberts.

WANTED-Experienced life insurance man as associate in state agency. Strong company with new and popular features. Address 602 Temple Court, Atlanta. jan 9-2t

WANTED—Twenty experienced bindery girls. Apply Franklin Printing and Publishing Company, 65 Ivy street.

WANTED—A good cook. Call at 28 High-land execute.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male

janit-2t fri sun

HAVE \$3,000 to purchase an interest in an established business; have fifteen years experience. Address C. H. W., care Constitution.

WANTED—A situation in private family or small boarding house as working housekeeper, where jother servants are kept. Call or write Mrs. J. Eagle, No. 341

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

MONEY can always be had on good notes and collatersis. Cnecks and Drafts on city and out-of-town Banks cashed after regular banking hours. TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 24. SECOND FLOOR INMAN BUILDING. ATLANTA. GA.

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau, 8 East Wall Street, Kimball House.

FOR RENT

Somebody Is thinking of buying a diamond ring

Cash paid for old gold and silver.

THE COLUMBIA Hosiery Company, of New York, wants an experienced solicitor for one who can adapt himself) in Atlanta; party must have \$100 cush. Call after c p. m. 165 Luckie street. MANTED—Experienced solicitors for city and to travel. Insurance or advertising men preferred. State experience. X. Y., this office.

HELP WANTED-Female.

land avenue,

WANTED—Competent middle aged white
or cclored woman for nurse, room on lot.
Apply 93 Elizabeth street, Inman Park. WANTED-Governess, Catholic, to teach four children; must be competent in music and French. Address B., Hazlehurst, Ga.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Having had ten years' experience on the read and know-ing my ability to sell anything, am open for any line where a gentleman and a hus-tler is wanted Address W. S. E., this

WANTED-Salesman. WANTED—Salesman.

25 PER WEEK and expenses to sell cigars; experience unnecessary. Special inducements to dealers. Folk & Co. St.
Louis, Mo. jan 9-3t thur fri sun

\$60 TO \$150 paid salesmen for cigars; experience not necessary; extra inducements to customers. Bishop & Kline, St.
Louis, Mo.

BUSINESS CHANCES. WANTED—To buy for cash first agency in Atlanta of some good fire company; am willing to pay fair price. Considertial, postoffice box 213, Atlanta, Ga. DO YOU want a fortune in gold? Get brains, skill and experience to work for you. Write today for particulars to Ari-zona Prospectors Club, Phoenix, Ariz, janie-2t fri sun

stitution.

PATENTS promptly procured and sold.
Chandlee, Chandlee & Ward, 220 Kiser
building, Atlanta, Ga. janio-at
FOR SALE—Cigar stand in good locality
cheap for cash. Apply J. C. Clark, corner Loyd and Decatur.
THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY for
business bargains and trades of all
knds, bicycles, carriages and cigars to exchange for anything of value. Empire
Business Agency, room 413 Norcross building.

want partner or wish to buy a business call on us. Complete list of reliable busi-ness opportunities. Empire Business Agency, 413 Norcross building. jan 9-3t FURNISHED HOTEL FOR LEASE-Want to confer with a thorough hotel man with some means who wants to buy a part interest and manage the best small hotel in the city—a money maker to the right party. Address A. B. C., Constitution office.

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.) Business college, bookkeeping, shorthand, etc., railroad fare paid. Catalogue free. deci-ts

ctreet.
8-r. h., 106 Trinity avenue.
8-r. h., 26 Orange street
20 rooms, 12½ West Mitchell St...
7-r. h., 69 West Pine atreet
5-r. h., 299 East Georgia avenue
4-r. h., 31 Hood street
Stores for Rent.

FOR SALE—30 Well-broke, sound and acclimated horses, suitable for all purposes.
Apply stable, 51 Loyd street. Jan 8-5t.

FOR SALE—A fine hotel bus and four good
horses, harness, etc. Will sell cheap. Apply to D. H. L., State's Saving bank.
Jan 8-6t.

Section: Possession at once.

Excellent location; possession at once.

This is special. J. J. Woodside, the renting agent, 50 North Broad.

FOR REINT—A nice 6-room cottage, 5 acres
of tillable land, besides a nice grove; in
two miles of union depot, on north side;
good transportation; price \$15.5 East Alabama street.

Jan 8-6t.

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia COLUMN TO THE LEST COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF TH

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

WANTED-To Exchange.

STORAGE OF GOODS at reasonable price at 53 South Forsyth or corner Nelson and Madison streets. E. B. Rosser, at Ex-change bank. jan 9-4t FOR SALE—Cheap. Five-room house and lot on Luckie street. Address box 64, A GOOD HORSE for hire, 43 West Harris

FOR SALE—Cheap. Five-room house and lot on Luckie street. Address box 64, Woodlawn, Ala.

Janie-4t fri sat sun tues

FOR RENT OR LEASE—My residence, 422
Whitehall street, elegantly furnished, or will sell furniture on small payments and lease house. Call and look through and apply for terms to Thomas J. Delbridge, 10
Trinity avenue. Trinity avenue,

REAL ESTATE—60 lots from \$40 up; most
Rheral terms to suit purchasers. On car
Rheral terms to suit purchasers. On car WANTED—To rent or to buy on easy terms, a good guitar. Address E. E. care Constitution. Riberal terms to suit purchasers. On line near the city limits. Geo S. May, Temple court. jan 8-t Temple court. jan 8-tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT-10-room house, 381
Capitol avenue: prefer to sell, as house is too nice a place for renting purposes. Apply to T. W. Baxter, 210 Norcross building. jani-tf.

FCR SALE—Two fine cows; also a good horse cheap for cash. Fourteenth street, rear of Alcazar hotel. ROOMS-WANTED-ROOMS. GENTLEMAN and wife wish three connecting unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping close in on Capitol avenue, Crew, Walton, Luckie or West Peachtree streets. No children; \$10 per month. C. H. W., care Constitution.

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. References exchanged. Empire, care Constitution.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

WANTED-Houses. ELEGANT new house, 8 rooms, close to Calhoun street school; splendid neigh-borhood; every convenience, No. 64 Forest avenue.

WANTED-Real Estate. WANTED-To buy small house on large lot in Inman Park or Decatur, Address

ROOM FOR RENT. FOR RENT-Three large connecting rooms for housekeeping, \$11 per month Call 399 Courtland street. fan 9-2t

LARGE STOCK of good cigars at factory prices to exchange for real estate. Room 413 Norcross building. jan 3-3t FURNITURE.

> DON'T FORGET the stereopticon tour of the world at Kirkweed schoolhouse to-night. Admission 25, 16 and 5c. TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

PERSONAL.

FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc.

wantene.

Wanted-Nice 6 or 7-room cottage, nice front and back yard, with gas, water and bath. Will lease from one to two years. Call on or address L. C. Johnson, corner Loyd and Decatur streets. jan 7 7t

FURNITURE FOR SALE—Oak bedroom sets, carpets, curtains, wardrobe, chairs, etc. No. 27 Luckle street. jan10-2t fri sun

SHOP-WORN typewriters and desks used at our exhibit for sale cheap. Also chairs, curtains, oil stove, etc. Edwin Hardin, 15 Peachtree.

Most Humorous Story Thoroughly Stocktonian in vein. It is called "The Widow's Yarn," and is one of the most laughable tales ever told

Frank Stockton's

by Mr. Stockton. In the JANUARY

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

Ten Cents on All News-stands

'96 TO BE A HUMMER

Scores of New Buildings Are To Go Up

ARCHITECTS' BRIGHT OUTLOOK

The New Austell Building Will Be nmenced Soon-New Eight-Story Building on Peachtree.

The good year of 1896 bids fair to outstrip all previous years in the construction of ings, residence and business, in At-

At least, that is the opinion held in com mon by the many architects doing business in this city. They are in a better position to speak on this subject than any class of professional men, since their work necessarily furnishes the basis of all constructive improvements that are made. The Constitution canvassed the architects yesterday in order to secure expressions along the line of prospective building during the year, and they all spoke in most encouraging and flattering terms of the great activity already begun and what they them have more work on hand now than they can discharge for some time. All of ing, is the way one of them characterizes the situation.

To enumerate some of the proposed im ents that will be commenced withing the next ninety days and some later. it might be well to state that the new Inman building on Pryor street will be an ornament when completed that any city would be proud to own. The Moore-Marsh ilding will be converted into an office building. This is one of the largest and finest structures in Atlanta.

An eight-story building, 60x120, will be in course of construction on Peachtree within the next six months. Just where it will given out yet, but it is certainly in the near future. It will cost nearly \$400,000. The Venable building, at the corner of Marietta and Forsyth streets, will be resumed in a few months and pushed to comon. It will be one of the handsomest and largest modern structures in the south. It will be either a hotel or an office building. In either case its grandeur will

Austell Building To Go Up. The Austell building, at the corner of the railroad and Forsyth street pridge, will be another ornament and addition to the sium of noted buildings in the city. It will rise to the height of eight or ten stories, capped with a beautiful cupola with a capacity of several hundred offices This structure will cost \$250,000 when com-

Information is given out, though indefinite at present, that another six-story ing will be erected in the center of the business portion of the city at a cost of several hundred thousand dollars. The tect who is at work on the plans for this structure is not at liberty to give out any definie information about it, but says that it is one of the certainties in the future. A handsome store and office building is going up now on the corner of Loyd and Hunter streets. It is being erected by ent to that portion of the city.

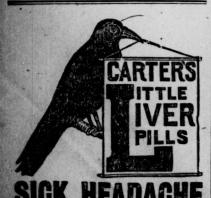
As to the residences contemplated little mation except in a general way can be obtained. The architects, for their own ction, deem it proper to withhold this. Their reason for so doing is readily Besides, many people who mplate building are loath to forestall their plans until the contracts have been awarded for construction, and even then not a few are unwilling to have anything said. From the reports of the architects. however, there are going to be more resiknown in the history of Atlanta. They will be of a higher class of houses than have been erected heretofore.

Much Work in Contemplation.

"We are completing several contract running over from last year," said Mr Bruce, of Bruce & Morgan yesterday, to a reporter. "We have a large amount of work to get out now, and when spring opens up the activity in building will be creased very materially. I consider that the construction work and improvements this year will be far in excess of that of of the two previous years. It will not be a steady, permanent improve ments. We have the Austell building or ced. As to residences you may state that they will be very numerous if our work indicates anything. At present we not give out any definite information along this line, for reasons that are very obvious. The prospects for the year in

"The prospects for building in Atlanta." uraging. Every one of us seems to be busy getting up plans for proposed buildough, it can be expected that the ma fority will. I think this year will be much better in the building line than any preous year. It looks that way to me I cannot be specific in any information on this subject, so must speak of it in a

Mr. Bryan, of A. J. Bryan & Co., said: I came here, three years ago, I don't recall a time when Atlanta's pros-



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia aligestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-ct remedy for Dizziness, Nausca, Drowsiess, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongus Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They late the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Dose. Small Price.

pects in the building line were more flat-tering. Many are surprised, at this, for they thought after the exposition every-thing would be dull 1 find, however, that thing would be dull. I find, however, that that spirit of activity and push characteristic of the city will not allow a calm in any branch of human ingenuity. Most of my business is out of Atlanta, but I have more to do than I can attend to at present. I can say that the number of buildlngs that will go up here this year will be surprising, even to the most sanguine. To the exposition must much of this improvement be attributed here and throughout

Why, the prospects for building improvements in Atlanta for the present year are brighter than I ever saw them in any city," said Mr. W. T. Downing. "The business with us has already begun in earnest and will be supplemented from February on with a vim that will be surprising to all. There are lots of us here, and we all seem to have plenty to do and some of us more than we can attend to. I have many plans for buildings, but cannot give out any in-formation about them, for the reason that that is against our policy."

Better Than Last Year. Messrs. Hayden & Wheeler say: "The sea-son is a bit early yet, but enough is known to state that the building in Atlanta for the year is going to be much larger than it was last year. We know of many who are contemplating improvements and are getting plans out for them, but won't give out any-

of course, will be given."

"I am almost too busy to talk to a reporter on anything now," Mr. R. L. Jones said yesterday, as he was busily working on the plan of some magnificent building. "Of course much of the work of our profession is uncertain as to the successful consummation of buildings. However, when persons come to us for drawings for buildings in a large number of cases the buildings are erected. I am now at work on plans for remodeling the Alhambra ho-I am crowded with work, and there I am husier than I ever was before at this time of the year. I must conclude that the business activity of Atlanta has never abated, and can say that in our line the present prospect is brighter than I ever knew it. The Alhambra hotel will be used as a family hotel."

A \$30,000 Building Soon. Mr. George W. Lane says: "I have work for several fine improvements for the early future. One is a \$30,000 building in the heart of the city, for which I am now preparing drawings. I am also engaged on other plans. The improvements are of a more permanent kind than heretofore constructed. Atlanta will certainly enjoy a healthy growth in the building line this year. I had much of the exposition work last year and was kept very busy, but from the pres-ent prospects I shall have even more work this year. You might state that a new block on Peachtree is one of the build-ings in the near future. I am on the plans now. That is as much as I can say. "The building in Atlanta is very encour ging," said Mr. Leseur, of Leseur & "There is more work now than at the same time last year, and it looks like it will keep growing in volume. We look for an increase in February. Owners of property are putting up better houses and are regulating rent prices better, I think. Some of them have begun to turn their at-tention to flats, and within the present year several flat buildings will go up in Atlanta."

An Eight-Story Peachtree Structure. Mr. Pugin said: "I am up to my neck in work, and work seems to come in steadily. I am at work on plans for a handsome residence now, but cannot give you any information about it at present. Plans are being prepared by me for an eight-story structure on Peachtree. You will hear of it later; I can't say anything about it now. It will be a building sixty by one hundred and twenty feet and one of the handsomest in the south. Just state for me that more buildings will be constructed this year in Atlanta than during any pre-

Messrs. S W. Rodgers & Son: "Though the season is a bit early for building, there is plenty of work going on in Atlanta, and the outlook seems to be brighter than for any previous year. We have a number of sketches for storehouses, residences and manufacturing plants in the city, and they will likely all be built this year. The exosition, of course, kept us all busy for many months last year, when labor was higher and material was dearer. Normal prices obtain now, and we look for a large increase in building. It will begin in ear-

SIX NEW DIRECTORS.

SEVERAL VACANCIES ON THE BOARD OF THE Y. M. C. A.

Meeting of the Membership-A Grand Rally Will Be Held Tonight.

A grand rally of all the members of the Men's Christian Association will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the lecture

room of the association.
This meeting is called for the purpose of taking counsel together and to plan for a successful and prosperous year's work. It will be in the nature of an annual meeting of the association and reports will be read from the various standing committees. The expiration of six directorships with the close of the year 1895 will necessitate the election of new officers this evening. whose terms have expired are J. A. Hynds, B. J. King, F. W. Cole, B. C. Davis, J. F. Beck and Thad E.

No opposition has yet developed, and these same directors will doubtless be re-elected. From the various reports that will be submitted at the rally this evening President W. S. Bell will gather up the material for his annual report of the association's work. At the next meeting of the board of directors this report will be read and a new presidential year will begin. It is likely that Mr. Bell will be re-elected. Under his able management the associ-

Under his able management the associ-tion has prospered during the past year, and great improvement has been noted in the various departments of the associa-tion's work. The list of members has stead-ily grown and the good results of Presi-dent Bell's administration are indicated not only in the improved financial status, but equally in the spiritual progress and condi-tion of the Young Men's Christian Asso-ciation.

The work for the Year will be outlined at

ciation. The work for the year will be outlined at the meeting tonight, and the most effectual methods of promoting the welfare of the association will be discussed. In addition to the business feature of the meeting, a pleasant social time is expected.

New members will be gladly received, and any who may wish to join the association are extended a cordial invitation to attend this meeting. Refreshments will be served after the business is concluded.

TO MAKE OAKLAND PRETTIER.

Mr. Woodward, Chairman of That Committee, Is at Work. Within the next six months Oakland cometery will be surrounded by a magnifi-

cent brick wall.

cent brick wall.

Early last year Mr. T. A. Clayton, city sexton, and Mr. Dodge, then chairman of the cemetery committee, went to work on securing the wall and when the year went out Mr. Clayton found a large part of the wall built. out Mr. Clayton found a large part of the wall built.

Afr. Woodward is now chalrman of the committee, and though he has been in council only a few days, has taken an enthus astic hold upon the work.

"Mr. Clayton's work." said Mr. Woodward, "speaks for itself. I have never seen a place better cared for than Oakland and as an Atlantian I am proud of it. There is yet room to beautify it and if I can get the aid of the finance committee in securing enough money we will make it prettier than ever. That brick wall should be built until Oakland is encompassed and that's what I am going to try to do."

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR THE "TECH."

Professor Lyman Hall Has Set To Work in Good Earnest To Make His Administration a Success.

The spring term of the Technological school begins on March ist, and by the united labor and unitring efforts of the faculty, headed by Mr. Lyman Hall, the outlook for the school for the present year has been made brighter than it ever was before. ceives letters of inquiry every day from people throughout the state who have sons that they wish to send to the Technological school, and it is expected that by the 15th of February the number will be increased to almost two hundred, as a fifteen new students were enrolled this week. No students will be received after Febru-

In a short time work will be begun on new dormitories and a mess hall and kitch-



PROFESSOR LYMAN HALL, OF THE SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY.

each contain twenty-four rooms and have a capacity of forty-eight students. The students from out of the city who at present attend the school will not completely fill the dormitories, so there will be plenty of room for all newcomers. The rate of board charged will be about \$8 or \$10 per month, which is considerably cheaper than could be obtained elsewhere. The fare will be as good as is served at all first class hotels in the city.

The school is in fine condition. New equipments have recently been put in the laboratory, and the advance department is doing very progressive work-work which

There is full attendance in all the departments and excellent work is being done by the young men. The school building and all of the equipments are in first-class condition, and by the splendid work already done by the students and teachers it the school has ever seen.

letter:

CAPT. JACKSON'S INSURANCE.

STRONG LETTER EXPRESSING

HIS IDEAS ABOUT IT.

Time of His Death-News in Lo-

cal Insurance Circles.

The late Captain Henry Jackson, of this

city, was a strong believer in life insur-ance, as will be seen from the following

letter, published in The Spectator, an up-

o-date insurance weekly: "Captain Henry Jackson, of Atlanta, Ga.

died recently of appendicitis, after a few

days' illness. He was insured in various companies for \$70,000. His faith in life in-

surance was expressed in a letter printed

in 'Prominent Patrons of Life Insurance.'

which receives special significance in view of his sudden death. The following is the

\$10,000, are endowment.

"Engaged actively in business, frequently owing considerable sums, I deemed it a duty to my family to provide for an immediate supply of money in case of my sudden demse. The only policy which, to this date, provided for any return to me was one I hold for \$13,000. At the expiration of the first five years of its existence the company sent me a check for a sum equal to about 7 per cent per annum on all premiums I had to that date paid to it. I have no reason to doubt that the other com-

miums I had to that date paid to it. I have no reason to doubt that the other companies will do equally as well at the proper time. If they do, I know of no better legitimate investment. If a business man can keep his life insured and at the same time receivs 7 per cent on the premium paid by him, assuredly it would be the part of wisdom to invest in policies issued by thoroughly solvent companies. If the great companies whose policies I hold are not financially sound, then I know of nothing in this country that is. Very truly yours, HENRY JACKSON."

The new Insurance Club, which was to

e composed only of the fire insurance me of the city, will, no doubt, cover the life men as well. The outlook is very bright

for the starting of such a club, for this

s quite an insurance stronghold and it would have a delightful headquarters for

All the insurance journals have issued

large and very interesting New Year edi-

tions. The prospect for a good business in 1896 is quite bright.

Mr. C. F. Moses, of Augusta, one of

the most energetic insurance men in the state, who is with the Mutual Life of New

Mr. Gid Ledsinger, of Americus, and Mr. L. B. Jones, of Cordele, who represent the

Providence Savings Insurance Company,

The National Accident Society has appointed Mr. William E. Miller, of this city,

The general agency for the state of Virginia of the Mutual Fire Insurance Com-pany has been withdrawn from Pleasants & Crenshaw, of Richmond, and the busi-

ness will be from now on under the juris-diction of Mr. Thomas Peters, the manag-

er of the southern department at Atlanta.

Messrs. Harris & Johnson have been appointed Atlanta agents for the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company. The company will also establish other agencies in this state, in which the cities of Savannah, Augusta, Albany, Columbus, Macon and Brunswick will be represented.

Mr. L. D. Moody, state agent of the Franklin Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, for Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, will move to Atlanta shortly to take charge of the gouthern department of that company.

Whisky Firms Fail in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., January 9.—Bartley Johnson & Co., and the Beile of Nelson Distillery Company have made deed of assignment to the Columbia Trust Company. These two firms, which are really one, did an enormous whisky business.

Sporting Men Are Arriving.

El Paso, Tex., January 3.—Dan Stuart ar rived this morning with Jack Everhard and trainer. Everhard is matched agains Horace Leeds. Fitzsimmons has gone in heavy training and is making things warn for Trainer Steelson. Fitzsimmons give

old that he is in for blood, Maher

as their general agent for Georgia.

ing a day or so in the city.

were here yesterday.

the local and visiting policy writers,

LIBERTY BELL'S RETURN.

WILL BE CARRIED TO PHILADEL-PHIA BY TWO COMMITTEES.

The Sounder of American Liberty To He Carried \$70,000 on His Life at the Go Home Amid Demonstrations Along the Route.

The liberty bell committees of the councils of Philadelphia will reach Atlanta one week from next Monday.

Along with the committee will come the mayor of the Quaker City and a large delegation of citizens, all anxious to see the bell once more and to accompany it on its ride

The board of aldermen yesterday concurred in the action of the council last Monday appropriating \$1,000 for the special committee appointed by Mayor King to are that Mayor King will approve the bill

efort the bell home and the lineratous are that Mayor King will approve the bill today, certainly one day this week.

When the mayor of Philadelphia and the liberty beit committee arrives they will be met at the union depot by Mr. Haraison, chairman of the Atlanta special committee, and will be cared for. The next day, the dist, the bell will be shoved on a special car provided for it, and on that day will start home accompanied by Atlanta, and Philadelphians alike. The mayor of Atlanta and the mayor of Philadelphia will sit side by side as the special train speeds north carrying the bell with it, while the members of the Philadelphia general councils will be usingling with the Atlantans. It is hard to tell just what the bell will cost to remove it, but it is certain that Atlanta will see that the bell is turned over to the Philadelphians and placed home again without any inconvenience to the members of the committee who brought it. After the bell leaves Atlanta, accompanied by both the Atlanta and Philadelphia committees, there is every reason to believe that it will be received most grateriuly in Philadelphia again.

The bell and the party will leave Atlanta to the morning of the 21st and will go to

believe that it will be received most gractivity in Philadelphia again.

The bell and the party will leave Atlanta on the morning of the 21st and will go to Macon, where the train will be sidetracked for some time, during which the people of that city can have an opportunity to see the old relic.

After leaving Macon the train will stop in Savannah, Charleston and Wilmington and at such other points as they may dein Richmond there will be given a grand spread for the two committees when they arrive with the bell and all along the route evidences of love and respect will be shown

THAT MISSING PAPER.

POLICE COMMITTEE'S REPORT STILL MISSING.

The Original Copy of the Report Is Lost and Cannot Be Located.

The report of the police committee of the est council, Mr. Camp chairman, has not yet been found. And it seems that the pa-per has disappeared without hope of its

The document seems to have got lost in the pig rush at the city hall Monday night, as recounted in yesterday's Constitution. A vigorous search for the paper in the city clerk's office failed to disclose the pres

vigorous search for the paper in the city clerk's office failed to disclose the presence of the document.

Mr. Camp stated to The Constitution Wednesday and yesterday that he made no copy of the report before presenting it to the council and could not account for the disappearance of the paper.

"I presented the report to the council and know nothing further of it after seeing the paper in the room. I made no copy of the report and did not know that one had been made until my attention was called to the fact this morning. The report was printed in The Commercial last Saturday and when The Journal reporter asked me for a copy of the report this morning I referred him to the issue of the paper mentioned.

"Some of my frierds have stated that I made way with my own report, by way of fun, of course, but I know nothing of it after it passed my hands. The report was presented in the usual way and should be in the records."

City Clerk Phillips is unable to account for the disappearance of the paper. He attributes the loss to the great rush at the council meeting, it doubtless being misplaced by some one in the council chamber. The report could not be found in the basket of council papers on Tuesday afternoon, indicating that the document got lost Monday night.

The report of the committee makes no reference to the detective department is commended.

But Johnston Will Walk Clark's Log in Alabama.

GOVERNOR OATES ON A TRIP

If the General Manager Declines To About a Week-Baby Burned to Death, Etc.

Montgomery, Ala., January 8 .- (Special.) A gentleman just from Birmingham is authority for the statement that the friends of Mr. Richard H. Clark, in that city, which is Captain Johnston's home, are already organizing and will make a hard inst Captain Johnston in his own county. The gentleman states that Mr. Clark will, in fact, be invited to open his campaign in Captain Johnston's own home town. It is hardly probable that Mr. town. It is narrdy probable that mr. Clark would accept such an invitation, as he is a man of good taste in all things and particularly in matters of political etiquette, but it is regarded as exceedingly unfortunate that any such disposition should be manifest among democrats. It begins to be apparent that the campaign will be a red hot one,

The following, in the same line, from a prominent and influential citizen of Moprominent and influential citizen of Mo-bile, Mr. Clark's home, serves to show to some extent the feeling on the other side. "So Hon, R. H. Clark wants to be-come a citizen of your fair city. I think we can put him in the shades of pri-vate life, for this country will fight him with all the vim and energy it possesses, and I mistake appearances very much if this county don't demand Johnston for its governor."

Mrs. Ferrell Won.

Judge Bruce, of the federal court yester-day granted a judgment to Mrs. Lizzie El-len Ferrell, of Barbour county, against the United States Mutual Accident Association United States Mutual Accident Association, of New York, for \$5,000. The case was transferred here from the circuit court of Barbour, and grew out of the non-payment of a policy on the life of Mrs. Ferrell's husband, who was killed in that county. A suit by her for an equal amount is now pending against the Endowment Rank, Knights of Pythlas.

Rev. Stokes Made Defendant Again. It appears that Rev. A. J. Stokes, the colored preacher who presides over the destinies of the First colored Baptist congregation here, which, by the way, is the largest congregation in the state, is destined to have trouble with the females of his flock. Only last month he was discharged by the criminal court, after a sensational trial on a charge of the seduction of a girl in his church and yes-terday he was again brought into court on the complaint of a negress named Thomas, who charged him with assault and battery. She swore Stokes slapped her face when she called to see him on some business, and he swore that without excuse she com-menced to shuse him and assaulted him menced to abuse him and assaulted him several times, whereupon he slapped her. Stokes was again discharged.

Fake Lynchings. Alluding to the article in The Chicago Tribune on the lynchings which are alleg-ed to have been committed in Alabama during 1895, Mr. Percy Dawson, a prom-inent citizen of Selma, Ala., writes as fol-

lows:

"In reading over the names I was very much amused to find those of Daniel Dawson, Robert and Joseph Holman. I am happy to state that these identical negroes are alive and in good health, and I may add enjoy the best wishes and much confidence of their white friends. I saw two of these men during Christmas week and knew of the whereabouts of the third. They are tenants on land near Tyler, belonging to my sister, so there is not the slightest foundation for the story of their having been lynched. In truth, I never before heard of their being charged with arson. The Tribune's author for this alleged horrible lynching is, in my opinion, a most mallclous and expert liar."

Another Baby Burned.

Another Baby Burned.

At Goshen, Ala., vesterday a lttle daugh ter of T. J. Sharpless was perhaps fatally burned. Its parents left it alone in their nouse, while they attended to duties near by. A carpenter across the street heard the child screaming, and running over, found its clothes ablaze. He called to the child's young brother and two sisters who were playing not far away and together they extinguished the flames, but not until they were all painfully burned and the infant fatally so. "'Atlanta, Ga., September 9, 1895.—The Spectator Company—Gentlemen: I carry \$00,000 insurance on my life and \$10,000 life and accident insurance additional. All of my policies, except one of the life policies for \$10,000 are endowment."

"Engaged actively in business frequent."

Gov. Oates Absent for a Week. with Mrs. Oates, where he will submit her puzzling case of paralysis to a learned spe calist. The governor will remain away for a week or more, as he intends to visit washington for a day or two before his re-

Will Inspect the Western. The Alabama railroad commission wil

inspect the Western railroad's lines in Alabama tomorrow and the next day. This ompany's lines are now said to be in plendid trim and it gratifies the local mployes to have their road's condition Convicted of False Swearing. Willie Morris and Willie Lee, two ne-groes who have contrived to testify of late

court, were put on trial today, charged with perjury. The idea of the prosecution was that they were professional witnesses. The recorder found them guilty and bound them over to await the action of the grand jury. He Worked Too Much. Rev. O. E. Comstock, editor of The Shef-field Reaper and pastor of the Tunnel Hill

Baptist church near Sheffield, was stricken with apoplexy yesterday while at work in his office at Sheffield. Overwork is said to have caused his illness, which it is believed will result fatally.

Cotton Convention Called. Montgomery, Ala., January 9.—(Special.) In answer to the call of the cotton deal-

ers of Memphis, Tenn., and of other places, Hon. H. D. Lane, of labama, president of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, the Southern Cotton Growers' Association, has issued a very important address to the farmers of the south. President Lane says among other things that the time has arrived when next year's acreage in cotton should receive most serious consideration. The cotton bears are anticipating matters by industriously circulating reports that it is the intention of the cotton growers to enormously increase the cotton acreage and double the use of commercial fertilizers the coming season, which will result in the production of a crop of from ten to twelve million bales. Information comes from Texas that New Orleans bears are

reporting that Texas will plant for four million bales. These reports are circulated to induce the southern people to sell the balance of this small crop at present low figures. On the other hand the mills of England, America and the continent are running full time and if they keep up the present consumption until next September they will need all of the cotton; they cannot wait for the next crop.

He deems it advisable that the cotton growers meet in convention at Memphis January 21st, and invites all interested in protecting the values of the south's great commodity to take part in the deliberations. WILL BE A HOT FIGHT

New Station Talked Of.

Montgomery has fresh hopes of getting a new union passenger station. It is stated that the plans have been prepared by the Louisville and Nashville, which owns the land on which it will be built. The plans provide for a structure two blocks long, running along Flyes structure that the plans is the plans of the plans of the plans provide for a structure two blocks long, running along Flyes structure that provides the plant of the p running along River street parallel with the present railroad tracks and extending from Molton to Commerce street and from within twenty-five feet of the river bluft to within twenty feet of the Windsor ho-tel. It will be a three story brick and stone building.

Stole the Pretty Woman.

A gentleman from Tuscaloosa reports a sensational incident that occurred at the depot there a few nights ago. The Atlanta Midway show, which boasted the possession of the frog-faced boy and of the midway show, which boasted the possession of the frog-faced boy and of the good leoking young woman spieler, who played the banjo in front of the tent, had been in Tuscalosa for several days and the pretty woman, who was announced and supposed to be the showman's wife, was very much appreciated by some of the young men of the place. On the night in question, the show party was at the depot. The husband and his pretty wife were warmly discussing some proposition on the platform when the train pulled in. The man was angry and finally siezed her by the arm and undertook to drag her on the train. As he did so, several young men rushed up, snatched her away and hurried her into a carriage in waiting and drove off in a gallop. The irate husband fired several times at the fast retreating hack and jumped on the train, which was just moving off. It is said that the woman left Tuscaloosa on the next train, however, going in the direction her husband had gone. Congressman Howard's Book.

It is announced that the long and threat-ened book of Congressman Howard, the populist who represents the seventh Ala-bama district, will be given to the public bama district, will be given to the public next week. "The American Plutocracy," is the title, and the purpose of the production is said to be to abuse all men who have contrived to accumulate much more available cash than \$100. The author villifies President Cleveland most bitterly and it is stated the general tone of the book would do credit to Herr Most.

Alabama Paying Her Debts. State Treasurer J. Craig Smith yesterday and \$150,000 of the money the state owes in the east and stopped the interest. The New York Security and Trust Company was the recipient. Treasurer Smith expects to liqui-date \$50,000 more of the indebtedness on Saturday. The money accrues to the state from collection of taxes, etc.

A Hard Fought Case.

The case of the Tennessee and Coosa Railroad Company against Danforth & Armstrong, from the Gadsden city court, is being argued before the supreme court. The case involves a judgment of \$100,000. Messrs. William Richardson, Amos E. Goodhue, James Weatherly, O. R. Hundly and James C. Bradley are the attorneys for the railroad and Messrs. J. M. Chilton and James Aileen for the appellees.

Bob Is a Hard Nut.

Robert Hardy, a white man, and evident-y a hard citizen, was jailed at Daphne, Ala., yesterday charged with having stoler two yokes of oxen and a wagon in Mis-sissippi and bringing them into this state. It is stated that in 1868 he killed a boy in Florida and escaped. He was captured in 1870, but broke jail and escaped again. He was afterward, in 1872, arrested again near was afterward, in 1872, arrested again near Daphne and while being conveyed to Florida jumped through the car window while the train was in full motion and escaped. All of the witnesses against him in Florida are dead but there two live indictments against him in Baldwin county, Alabama for robbery and assault and battery.

Alabama Odd Fellows.

Birmingham, Ala., January 9.—(Special.) The Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Alabama have selected their grand lodge officers for the next term. The votes were dast several months ago and have been in the hands of the grand master here, and by him were counted this week. The following is announced: H. L. McKee, Selma, grand master: W. T. Hutchins, Huntsville, deputy grand master: A. F. McGhee, Anniston, grand warden: R. P. Whitman, Huntsville, grand secretary; E. Erswell. Birmingham, grand treasurer: O. J. Semmes, Mobile, grand representative.

Some Deaths.

Within the past few days Pike county has lost by death three old citizens. Thomas W. Madison, aged eighty years, died at his home near Oates's Cross Roads, Mrs. Riddle, aged eighty-nine, and Hugh Mims, aged eighty-five, died at their respective

aged eighty-five, died at their respective homes in beat 13, that county.

Mrs. N. N. Polk died at an early hour this morning at the residence of her husband in Pratt City. She had been sinking for some time and last evening early began to pass away, growing gradually weaker until the final summons came. The remains will be taken to Gadsden, Ala., for interment this evening.

Mr. Polk is the cashier of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Rullroad Company. He has many friends who sympathize deeply with him in the hour of his bereavement.

To Remove the Exhibit. Mr. W. M. Lindsay; chairman of the Commercial Club con mittee upon the matter of bringing the Thomas furnace people's display at Atlanta to Birmingham and display at Atlanta to Birmingham and permanently locating it here, stated this morning that already over \$50 had been subscribed to the expense of removing the exhibit to Birmingham and putting it up again. He believes the expense of removal will not be as great as was first thought. The Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing Company, Mr. Lindsay says, has notified him through one of its officials that it uoes not want the Thomas exhibit to go out of the state. It desires to keep it in Birmingham for visitors to this city to see.

The committee feels confident now that the money can be raised, and that the Thomas display will soon be permanently located in Birmingham as a standing advertisement of the resources of the Birmingham district.

About sixty suits have been filed in

vertisement of the resources of the firmingham district.

About sixty suits have been filed in Dale county against parties who subscribed to the stock of the Alabama Midland railroad, and gave notes for their subscriptions, which notes remain unpaid.

Jewelry Business Assigns. Temple, Tex., January 9.—A. Hafter & Co., doing a large retail diamond and fewelry business in Temple, with branch houses in Hillsboro, Taylor and Smithville, made an assignment last night. It is impossible to get an accurate statement of liabilities and assets but they are estimated between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

These stopped using soap, long ago. This one stopped because—well, we'll

have to guess why. Perhaps, because it gave him too much work to do. That's what everybody thinks, for that matter, when there's nothing but soap at hand, and there's a good deal of dirt to be removed from anything.

But this one stopped because she had found something better than soap—Pearline. Something easier, quicker, simpler, more economical. No rubbing to speak of, no wear-easy work and money saved, whether

it's washing clothes, cleaning house, or any kind of washing and cleaning.

Millions Pearline



A CLEAR HEAD:

good digestion; sound sleep; fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Modern Methods Conquer.

There are a great many people who in suffering from diseases peculiar to the sex, skin, blood or nervous troubles, we hesitate about going to the office of D. Hathaway & Co. for treatment solely because they have the prejudice, created we old-fashioned ideas, on the subject of medical advertising.

If these people would think a moment they would easily see that there is not feature about the methods of Dr. Hathaway & Co. which does not recommend

feature about the methods of Dr. Hathway & Co. which does not recommeditiself to every practical, level-headed as son. In this country when an individua a firm, or a corporation has a good that they want everybody to know it. That business. There is no reason why practitioners in medicine should not let the world know what they can do for their stients, and the best way to do that is to do it honestly and fairly through the columns of the newspapers as advertisen columns of the newspapers as advertisen. Doctors who profess to have a horror of advertisers themselves, but they are as honorable advertisers, inasmuch they secure their advertising in an surreptition manner by all kinds of expedients and is ways that are much more reprehensible theorems cardid oner talking through ways that are much more reprehensible than sincere, candid, open talking through

dvertising mediums.
Dr. Hathaway & Co. are qualified by the best training, by years of experience, and by daily practice with hundreds of patient, to treat diseases peculiar to man and womankind, as well as practice medicine generally, and they have arranged their system of fecs on so low a scale as by place their services within the reach deverybody. They charge a nominal feand furnish medicines free, thus saving the patient the cost of a drug bill, which is very often the most expensive feature of medical treatment.

Dr. H. & Co. a specialists of established

of medical treatment.

Dr. H. & Co. a pecialists of established reputation. They will cure you in the shortest possible time consistent with and scientific treatment. Consultates free at office or by mail.



urinary difficulties stricture, impotess, pimples, piles, rher-matism, skin as blood diseases of a forms, catarrh as diseases of wome. Address or call of DR. HATHAWAI

Broad street
Rooms 24 and 35 Inman
9 to 12, 2 to 6 and 7 to 8;
Mail treatment given by
ptom blank. No. 1 for me



MRS. SEIBLES'S RELATIVES.

Has a Niece in Elberton, Ga., and Brother in Southwest Georgia. Elberton, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)-quiry has revealed the fact that Mrs. C eliberton, Ga., January quiry has revealed the fact that Mrs. onelia Seibles, who was recently found the streets of London, has a niece has more and the streets of London, has a niece has considerable many years, is a niece of the lady. I aunt is not married, but is a maiden law Miss Cornelia Seibles—and her home is Brookhaven, Miss., where she has living for many years, and is a lady considerable means. Miss Seibles has living for many years, and is a lady considerable means. Miss Seibles also a niece, Miss Saille S. Statham, of Atlaw has Seibles has also a brother, Dr. The Seibles, living in southwest Georgia, mearly a hundred years old. At the of the late war he was very wealthy quite a prominent physician.

making up fur in and revers, as if est texture, has d in neckwear duri flowers, as a deed have been revived ball gowns come quisite blossoms, lets and lilles of flowers and lilles of flowers and lilles. wers and lilacs very much used. tipped with small tied with white a very effective an Of Inter In speaking of piscopal diocese

SPECIALTIES News an

> States and I an enthusiast to make the chold an annual lst day of Janu On motion of "The plan morial will be schools in th

patriotic cere dime for t

It will be a source of relief to the ultra-

eight of the full skirts for the last few asons to know that hair cloth is now

stylish women that have sighed over the

but sparingly used, which will greatly

still full skirts. According to a reliable

shion writer the amount of hair cloth

as been reduced to a narrow facing at the

foot of the skirt and the very latest street

skirts are cut short enough to clear the ground by nearly two inches. The same

However, the large sleeve is so universally becoming and so very comfortable that it is not likely to be discarded for the coat

deeve without a vigorous protest.

A marked feature of the modes this year

s the abundance of trimming about the seck; ruches and ruffs and gauzy chiffon

and bows of immense size are worn in the most becoming fashion, and the art of making up fur into fanciful godet collars and revers, as if it were cloth of the soft-

est texture, has developed many novelities in neckwear during the season. Artificial flowers, as a decoration for evening dress, have been revived again and garnitures for

ball gowns come in novel designs of ex-quisite blossoms, delicately perfumed. Vio-lets and lilies of the valley are favorite

flowers and lilacs and carysanthemums are very much used. White ostrich feathers, typed with small glittering brilliants and tied with white satin ribbon bows, make a very effective and stylish trimming.

Of Interest to Atlanta.

In speaking of the new bishop of the episcopal diocese of Kentucky, the Rev.

Lewis Burton, of that state, the editor of

usual interest to Atlanta people since Mrs. Burton was in her young ladyhood as Miss Georgia Ball, one of the most beautiful and brilliant of the Atlanta women of her day. She is a sister of Mrs. Z. D. Harrison, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Park, of Macon, and is receiving the warmest congratulations from her many friends here on her husband's success and the honor and dignity conferred upon him in Kentucky

News and Gossip of Society.

The colonial committee of the Cotton

States and International exposition held

an enthusiastic meeting at the residence of the chairman, Mrs. William Lawson

Peel, yesterday. On motion of Mrs. Sara

Kinney, of Connecticut, it was resolved

to make the organization permanent and

hold an annual reunion in Atlanta on the

On motion of Mrs. Chief Justice Simmons it was resolved that the study of American history be encouraged.

"Perhaps the most praiseworthy thing

"Perhaps the most praiseworthy thing connected with our exposition just past was the good feeling between sections geographically related," said Mrs. Peel. "This was particularly true of Colonial hall, where everything that met the eye served to remind us that we were citizens of one freat country and where the most interesting object perhaps was the battle flag of General Nathaniel Greene, half of which was worked in silk by the ladies of Connecticut, the other half in cotton by the ladies of Charleston. In order to perpetuate these memories and keep ever in our minds the unselfish and splendid work of our association we have been considering a plan by which to erect in this city a memorial tower of Georgia granite with thime of thirteen bells, each to bear the name of a state and their united voices to ring out on each state day, the tower to be appropriated a consequent of thir the section of the part of the suppropriated a consequent of the section of the consequent of the consequent of the consequent of the part of the part of the part of the suppropriate of the part of the pa

to ring out on each state day, the tower to be appropriately ornamented with the coat of arms of these states.

"The plan suggested by which this memorial will be

"The plan suggested by which this memorial will be erected is to request all the schools in these United States to arrange patriotic ceremonics for Friday, February 21st, when the children will be requested to bring a free will offering of a sliver dime for the children's chimes at Atlanta

1st day of January.

hten the effect as well as weight of the

Grade Tobacco LUTELY PURE EAR HEAD

tion; sound sleep; e and a ripe old age the results of the us ground by nearly two inches. The same writer further says that the flighty methods of the mode have been directed chiefly to the sleeve, with the bodice attachment of course; and to be conscious of a pair minus the plenitude and stiffening required a few months ago was real anguish to the possessor; but fortunately they are fast losing the ugly stiffness, and the altitude of this portion of our gowns, is much more humble, the fullness drooping toward the elbow in a graceful manner. However, the large sleeve is so universally iver Pills. A single convince you of their effects and virtue own Fact.

e cure for sick head. pepsia, malaria, sour zziness, constipation r, piles, torpid liver dred diseases.

Liver Pills

rn ods uer.

great many people who a diseases peculiar to the d or nervous troubles, who going to the office of D o. for treatment solely be the prejudice, created be deas, on the subject of

le would think a mome ily see that there is not he methods of Dr. Hath hich does not recommen practical, level-headed pountry when an individual poration has a good the ybody to know it. That is no reason why present the seed of the property of the prope

Lexington.

"He is of the same age that the present bishop of Ohio was when he was called to the episcopate. Any one that knows how old our bishop was in 1839 knows how old the bishop-elect of Lexington is now. It is well within the memory of the writer that when in the year 1868 young Burton came to Milnor hall a lad of fifteen, ruddy and of fair countenance, with a dignity of to Milnor hall a lad of fifteen, ruddy and of fair countenance, with a dignity of bearing that went beyond his years, he had not been on the hill a day before the boys of the house had him dubbed 'the bishop.' And bishop enough he was to go promptly to the head of his class and to stay there to the end, graduating with the first honor in the class of '73. Any who have a notion that first honor men do not come to much might make a note here. He was 'the bishop' and he is a bishop-or will be as soon as the church can get a chance to confirm and consummate the choice of Lexington. His acceptance is announced."

Dr. Lewis W. Burton has been for a number of years the beloved rector of St. Andrew's church, Louisville, Ky: His consecration as bishop of Kentucky will take place in February and his robes of stage will be presented him by the ladies of St. Andrew's church. The honors and distinction won by Bishop Lewis will be of unusual interest to Atlanta people since Mrs. Burton was in her young ladyhood as Miss Georgia Rall one of the most beautiwith hundreds of patents
s peculiar to man an
well as practice medicin
hey have arranged the
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lices within the reach

SPECIALTIES
Syphilis, blood personing, nervous debility, kidney and urinary difficulties stricture, impotency, pimples, piles, rheumatism, skin and blood diseases of a forms, catarrh and diseases of women Address or call to DR. HATHAWA and 35 Inman building of and 7 to 8; Sunday arment given by sending the son of the stricture SPECIALTIES



S RELATIVES.

berton, Ga., and hwest Georgia. fact that Mrs. a fact that Mrs. as recently found in, has a niece he principal of the leveton institute ce of the lady. It is a maiden lad-and her home is where she has because it is a lady diss Seibles also Statham, of Atlar sister, Mrs. He brother, Dr. Thowest Georgia, where side At the control of the lady were appointed regents of the bells, and they will at once be requested to take the matter up in co-operation with the colonial

New York, Mrs. Levi P. Morton; Massa chussetts, Miss Helen A. Whittier; Con-necticutt, Mrs. Governor Coffin; New Jersey, Mrs. General Stryker; Rhode Island, Miss Charlotte F. Daley; Philadelphia, Mrs. James Darrach; Western Pennsylvania, Miss Harding; Virginia, Mrs. William Randolph Beale; North Carolina, Mrs. Clayton Giles; South Carolina, Mrs. E. H. Pringle; Tennessee, Mrs. Sarah Polk; Fringle; Tennessee, Mrs. Sarah Polk; Bradford, Ky., Mrs. Henry L. Pope; Louis-iana, Mrs. John P. Richardson; Georgia, Mrs. Albert H. Cox. The following com-mittee was also requested to assist in se-lecting desirable and satisfactory chimes: Advisory committee, Dr. I. S. Hopkins, Mr. Julius M. Alexander, Mr. W. L. Peel, Captain R. J. Lowry, Mr. Hugh Inman, Mc. J. G. Woodward, Mr. Clark Howell, Jr., Mr. Thomas P. Ivy, Major W. F

The ladies expect to raise upward of \$10,000 on the 21st, and lay the corner stone of the tower on the 22d with appropriate

It seems that the announcement of the engagement of Mr. Cohen and Miss Glenn was a little premature and the wedding, which was announced to take place in February, will be next October instead, as Miss Glenn anticipates spending the winter and applied in Europe. ter and spring in Europe.

It will be a source of regret to her many friends and admirers here to learn that Miss Jennie Gibbes, who has made her home here for the past six months with her cousin, Mrs. E. L. Tyler, will return to her old home, Columbia, S. C., for a few weeks, preparatory to spending the last of the winter season and spring in New York and Philadelphia. She is a woman whose lovely character, brilliancy and man whose lovely character, brilliancy and charm of manner insure her a host of friends and admirers wherever she goes She was one of the most energetic workers of the woman's department of the exposition and ably assisted Mrs. Tyler in making the exhibit of decorative art the most complete and beautiful in the wo

Miss Mildred Williams, of Nashville, the guest of the Misses Newman, is receiving much attention and admiration. She was entertained at delightful theater parties

Wednesday and Thursday nights. Tonight the club will be the scene of brilliant social event—the dinner cotillon The Cotillon Club enjoys the reputation of being the most exclusive of Atlanta's social organizations and the entertainments are always distinguished for their elegance and pleasure.

Mrs. G. J. Foreacre is the guest for the vinter of her daughter, Mrs. Archibald P Brantley, of Blackshear, Ga.

episcopal diocese of Kentucky, the Rev. Lewis Burton, of that state, the editor of Church Life says:

"The choice that the preliminary convention of the new diocese of Lexington has made of a bishop could hardly have been a better one. The Rev. Lewis W. Burton, the rector of St. Andrew's church, Louisville, Ky., has nearly every qualification for the episcopate that one can think of. It is true that he has not inherited fully the robust physique of his father—a man who at the beginning of his last illness told the writer that for the preceding forty-three years, since the only previous illness of his life, he had not once known what it was to have to think of his health one way or the other. But the bishop, elect is a long way from invalidism; and, like the rest of the bishops, he will thicken and toughen in the process of knocking about his diocese. The hills of eastern Kentucky will do the health business for him. And in the needed qualities of mind and heart he goes beyond any words that we venture to use in the fear of being thought unduly eulogistic by those who do not know him. Ohlo, Cleveland, Kenyon college, the American church will never have occasion to blush for anything that is said or done by the first bishop of Lexington.

"He is of the same age that the present bishop of Ohio was when he was called to THE HIGHEST BIDDER. Rare Chance for Those Who Wish Mexican Imported Goods.

Saturday there will be one of the largest auction sales ever conducted in Atlanta and every article offered will be sold to the highest bidder. That auction is to be conducted by Steve Johnson & Co., and will take place between 10:30 a. m. and 2:30

p. m. next Saturday. Genuinely good bargains will be offered in novelties, water bottles, feather work and curios which were imported direct from Mexico and taken from the custom house too late for the exposition. Seats will be reserved for ladies. Remember the place-121 Whitehall.

A DELIGHTFUL EVENT.

The Pleasant Reunion of the Railroad Department of the Y. M. C. A. One of the successful events of the sea-son was the railroad men's reunion last night at the rooms of the railroad departent of the Young Men's Christian Asso-

The spacious rooms were filled with a happy crowd of sturdy railroad men and their wives. The members of the reception committee vied with each other in making the guests of the evening feel at home. The rooms had been beautifully decorated by the ladies, and under the mellow gaslight presented a very attractive appearance.

The programme was exceptionally good. The plano performances of Messrs. Albion Hewett and Raymond Barth were well received, and Messrs. W. P. Hunter and W. H. Kershaw were entertaining in their vocal solos. Mrs. J. H. Gouedy gave a recitation of rare excellence, while Miss Janie Laird captured everybody with her thoroughly natural imitation of the darky and other characters. Miss Mattie Holderby gave two selections on the violin in a very artistic way, and was accompanied on the piano by her accomplished sister. After the programme a bounteous luncheon was served. the guests of the evening feel at home. The

THE NOTED THEOSOPHIST.

William Q. Judge Is in the South for His Health.

William Q. Judge, the celebrated theosophist, with his wife, spent a few hours in Atlanta yesterday.

Mr. Judge is in the south to enjoy the benefits of the mild climate. His voice has entirely failed him, and he can only speak in a very weak whisper which is scarcely audible. The harsh winter winds of the east, his home, are very injurious to his voice, and he is seeking relief in the soft breezes and warm sunshine of the south. Mr. Judge's general health is not good, and he hopes that a winter in the south will improve it.

For the protection of his voice Mr. Judge has ceased to speak at all for the present, and he will neither lecture nor be interviewed while south.

Mr. Judge is a theosophist of the Blavatsky school, and is a noted speaker and writer on the subject. benefits of the mild climate. His voice has

A NEGRO BURNED.

He Laid Down and Went To Sleep Be-

schools in these United States to arrange patriotic ceremonies for Friday, February 21st, when the children will be requested to bring a free will offering of a sliver dime for the children's chimes at Atlanta and all lovers of children, great and small, be requested to make what contribution they please. Our colonial committee is so influential and extensive that they will be able doubtless to create a sentiment in favor of this beautiful idea without any difficulty whatever."

It was then carried unaminously that fore a Fire.

MR. TERRY DECLINES

He Will Not Accept the Secretaryship of the Water Board.

GIVES HIS REASONS FOR IT

It Is Not a Personal Matter but He Feels That He Could Not, in Justice to Himself, Accept.

Mr. George W. Terry has declined to serve as secretary of the board of water

He was elected to fill the important position at the meeting of the commission Wednesday at noon. After thoroughly deliberating over the matter Mr. Terry decided that he would not accept the place yesterday. He so informed President Hill-yer. Later in the day he wrote a short note to the board declining the position. The declination of Mr. Terry will come In the nature of a surprise to those who have kept up with the matter. Mr. Terry had intimated his purpose to no one and it was generally thought that he would accept. That was taken for granted and no inquiries were made after his election was announced by the board. The position to which he had been elected was a good on. It is one of responsible duties and pays a

yearly salary of \$1,800.

Mr. Terry said little about his determina tion to decline. He spoke of it to Pres dent Hillyer, but that official was dispose dent Hillyer, but that official was disposed to think that Mr. Terry could be induced to remain and did not think that his decision to decline was definite. However, when seen at his home, 561 Woodward avenue, last night, Mr. Terry confirmed the report that had gained currency during the afternoon that he had declined to accept the place tendered him by the

board.
"Yes," said he, "I have declined to accept the position. I have deliberated over the matter very thoroughly and have reached the conclusion that I cannot in turtion to myself accept the position. justice to myself, accept the position. "I have notified Mr. Hillyer and have written a note to the board. My note to the board is very short. I simply state that after mature deliberation I have reached the conclusion that I cannot with justice to myself accept the secretaryship and respectfully beg to decline. I have not had an opportunity to notify Mr. Wood-

ward of my intention. I shall do so to morrow morning. "I wish to state very strongly that there is nothing personal back of my declination. Mr. Woodward and myself are friends and have been for a number of years. We will

have been for a number of years. We will continue to be friends and it is certainly not for any personal feeling that I have reached this conclusion. I simply felt that I could not accept the position. Mr. Terry's declination concludes his connection with the water department. His place will doubtless be vacant today and it may be that a meeting of the board will be held this week to name his successor.

Mr. Terry has been connected with the water department of the city for fifteen years. He has served in nearly every capacity on the board. He was secretary of the board until the death of Captain Richards a few months ago. He was then elected to fill the unexpired term of Captain Richards as superintendent of the board. He, filled the office until Wednesday when Colonel Park Woodward was elected superintendent. Mr. Terry was a candidate for the superintendency. Mr. Terry is one of the best known and most loyal of the younger citizens of the city. He has lived here practically all his life.

SYNTAX SEES BRUMMEL.

DeWOLF HOPPER A SPECTATOR AT THE LYCEUM.

It Is the Comedian's First Visit to Atlanta and He Is Receiving Impressions.

DeWolf Hopper, the tall, high-stepping comedian, saw Atlanta for the first time yesterday afternoon. He came in from Birmingham, where he played Tuesday night, at 1:30 o'clock.

The athletic comedian does not often enjoy an opportunity to see a whole pro-duction of a play and he decided to take advantage of his chance and see Mansfield in "Beau Brummel." He was one of the interested auditors.

times." said the big actor, "but I never tire of it. I haven't seen Mansfeld since his illness and want to go back of the stage and meet him as soon as the play is "Yes, this is my first visit to Atlanta, If I

have ever been here before I don't remember it. I might have in my early stage career come down this way. We visit so many places we can't remember." Hopper is playing "Dr. Syntax" on his southern trip. April 11th he presents a new opera in Boston at the Academy of Music. The opera is from the pen of John Philip Sousa; the book is by Charles Klein, play reader for Charles Frohman and known as the author of "The District At-torney." The new opera is "El Capitan" and the scene is laid in one of the revolutionary Spanish-American countries. It is a splendid piece of work, both from a musical and comedy standpoint. Mr. Hopper is enthusiastic over it. He regards it as his best opportunity. The part of El Capitan is admirably suited to his physical proportions, as it is to his stage possibilities. The production of the opera will prevent Mr. Hopper from making the prevent Mr. Hopper from making the special tour with the star cast, headed by Joseph Jefferson and Mrs. Drew, which is to present "The Rivals" in the large cities of the east. The role of David, which the comedian essayed in the famous Couldock benefit performance last summer, will be taken by Francis Wilson.

DeWolf Hopper was an earnest spectator of the matinee performance. After the show he called on Mr. Mansfield on the stage.

JAMAICANS TALK ABOUT WAR. They Would Like To Transfer Alle-

giance to the United States.

Kingston, Jamaica, January 9.—A great deal of excitement has been occasioned here by the attitude of the United States toward Great Britain relative to the Venezuelan question. It is popularly believed that nothing can avert a war between the two great branches of the English-speaking people, and the idea is abroad that before the American fleet goes down to try conclusions with the British at Venezuela it will stop en route and capture Jamaica. The idea is a most improbable one, but is believed in, all the same, and a good deal of brag is the result. To hear the people talk one would think that Jamaica was a second Gibraltar. The oddity of it is that the very people who are loudest in their boasts about "beating off the yankees" are those who usually talk the most glibly about "the manifest destiny" of the West Indies to become an integral part of the great republic, and who can best recount the many advantages, commercial and industrial, and even politically, that such a destiny would involve. Yet, when there is the least appearance of the transfer being accomplished they talk of resisting it as a great evil. giance to the United States.

accomplished they task of resisting it as a great evil.

In point of fact, while intelligent Jamaicans do not really believe that there will be any war at all, they do think that it would be advantageous to all the colonies could they somehow get their flag and allegiance changed and come within the direct influences of the United States. Have Been Arrested.

Milledgeville, Ga., January 9.—(Special.)—
Nickel Johnson and Jim Senopals, charged with robbing James Janale, on Christmas night, and left here, have been arrested at Knoxville, Tenn., and are held for requisition papers.

Scrofula lurks in the blood of nearly every one, but Hood's Sarsaparilla drives it from the system and makes pure blood.

A PARALLEL CASE.

From The Buffalo Express.

It was past midnight. Mr. Greatfinancier, the new cashier of the Pluck and Hustle bank, was sauntering home from his club. As he passed the bank he noticed a light within, and looking through the glass door, recognized old Mr. Getitright, the bookkeeper, who had been in the employ of the bank for twenty years, bending over his books.

"Poor old plodder," he muttered, "he "Poor old plodder," he muttered, "he must have made some mistake and probably can't get his books to balance. I guess I'll go in and help him out and let him go to bed. He'll appreciate the kindness, and besides it will be a good card to show him how a man with a head for finance can straighten out a difficulty in a jiffy, while he would puzzle over it all night." So Mr. Greatfinancier unlocked the door with his private key and went in.

door with his private key and went in.
"Well, Mr. Getitright," was his salutation, "you are up late with your books."
"Yes, sir," said the old bookkeeper. "1 can't get them to balance. I've been all over them four times and I can't find a mistake anywhere, but still there is a short-

age of \$2,000."
"H'm, that's serious," said Mr. Great-financier. "Let me look at your books a Mr. Getitright drew back wearily. Mr. Greatfinancier ran his trained eye rapidly

over the long column of figures. He chew ed the end of his cigar thoughtfully. In about two minutes his face brightened.
"I have it, Mr. Getitright," he exclaimed. "That \$2,000 is a deficit. Of course, your books would not balance, for the \$2,000 wasn't there. I remember now that I let one of the directors have it this afternoon. Sorry I forgot to explain it to you."
"What shall we do about it?" said Mr.

Getitright, blankly.
"Do? Nothing. Go to bed. In the morning I'll issue \$2,000 more of notes, which

you can credit to receipts, and then your books will come out right."
"But we can't credit non-issues to re-ceipts," said Mr. Getitright, in amazement. "Can't? Nonsense. Of course, we can.
That's financiering. I'm surprised that my
predecessor did not let you into the secrets
of financiering more. While I'm cashier I
shall undertake to teach all the men under me everything I know about the business. There shall be no secrets around this bank

Mr. Getitright was puzzled, but the reputation of Mr. Greatfinancier was such reputation of Mr. Greatmander was such that he dared not argue the point.

"If he says it's all right, I suppose it must be," muttered Getitright. "He was brought in here as a man who knew all there was to know."

Months passed, and Mr. Getitright soon became familiar with deficits. He found the many support to half-

them regularly whenever he went to bal-ance his books. And the cashier always smiled, issued more notes and said it was all right. Meantime, the bank grew more prosperous than it ever had been before. There was a general rise in salaries. Dividends were doubled. All the directors found they could get money whenever they chose and everything sang the praises of

Mr. Greatfinancier, the wonderful genius who was managing the bank. But at last the time came for an account-ing. The notes which had been issued so lavishly began to come in for redemption. Their payment depleted the bank's reserve and the deficit grew more rapidly than ever. Mr. Greatfinancier issued new notes o cover it, but people were beginning to ose confidence in the bank. Ugly rumors had got abroad and the new notes would eturn for payment in the course of a few days. It was very provoking to Mr. Great-financier. He staid away from the club to

"Plague upon these notes, anyhow!" he exclaimed. "If it wasn't for them, we'd be getting along all right. I have it. We'll put a mortgage on the bank and retire about half of them." So he called a meeting of the directors

and explained the situation. Some of the more conservative men did not quite understand it, but Mr. Greatfinancier's persuasiveness easily convinced the majority, whose big salaries and heavy loans without security had caused the deficits, that a mortgage for the purpose of retiring notes was only a means of extending business and making the bank more prosperous. So the mortgage was given and half the notes were canceled. The bank again enjoyed public confidence. Dividends were again in-creased. But still Mr. Getitright found a deficit whenever he tried to balance his ooks, and Mr. Greatfinancier made it up by issuing more notes.

Within a few months matters were as bad as when the mortgage was given and Mr. Greatfinancier again called a meeting of "I have seen 'Beau Brummel' several the directors and asked for another mortgage with which to retire more notes. Hav ing got in the habit of giving mortgages the directors cheerfully consented, and went away from the meeting praising the genius of Mr. Greatfinancier. A third and a fourth mortgage followed in rapid succession. Then Mr. Greatfinancier evolved a

to a bank. They're a danger. They're ruinous. The only thing to do is to retire them all immediately. If they are allowed to stay out any longer, this bank will go to

When Mr. Greatfinancier broached the plan to the directors there was a stormy scene. The old, conservative men declared that the sensible way was to cut down dividends and wipe out the deficit. Then the bank could carry as great an amount of notes as the law allowed, and, so far from being a menace, they would be an ad-vantage to it. But Mr. Greatfinancier declared that was not financiering, and he had his way. When, however, he under-took to put a new and an enormous mortgage on the bank's property, another diffi-culty arose. Nobody would take it. All the capitalists declared that the bank was already mortgaged for more than it was worth. Then came a crash. The bank closed its doors and a bank examiner was called in.

The bank examiner was a quiet little man who did his work without paying any at-tention to anybody, and absolutely refused the help of Mr. Greatinancier. After about a week, however, he called Mr. Great-financier into his presence, and the man of genius trembled when he noticed that the genius trembled when he noticed that the door of the private office closed behind him with a spring lock and a big policeman stepped out and put his back to it.

"Your books are in splendid shape, Mr. Greatfinancier," said the examiner, "so far as bookkeeping goes. You evidently have a first-class bookkeeper, but what does this long series of deficits mean?"

"Oh, they're all right," said Mr. Greatfinancier, with a relieved smile. "I covered them by making new note issues."

ed them by making new note issues."
"You did!" exclaimed the examiner.
"And what kind of management do you call that?"
"Why, sir," replied the cashier with dig

nity, "it is exactly the same system that is how being used in the United States treesury."

"Take your man, officer," said the examiner. And, then, putting his hand on Mr. Greatfinancier's shoulder, he added:
"My friend, it is possible that you'd be a glittering success as secretary of the treasury, but in private business we call this system fraud." Very Rich Indeed

Very Rich Indeed

In the elements that supply the human system with bone, muscle and brain substance is a circulation fertilized with the supreme tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which begets thorough assimilation and digestion and gives a healthful impulse to every function of the body. Dyspeptic and weakly persons give strong testimony in its behalf. So do those troubled with biliousness, malaria, rheumatism, constipation and inactivity of the kidneys.

The superb aluminium cooking utensils at the great aluminium store in the Grand are much below the schedule price even now! Still on Monday next, for that day only, you can get a further discount of 19 per cent.

WE'D LIKE FOR YOU TO SEE

The display of Derbys in our show window this week-Dunlap, Young and Youman blocks,

All perfect goods, worth \$3 and \$3.50 each. We guarantee every one to give

entire satisfaction or refund the money. Less price for the same value—or better value for the same price others ask. It's a saving either way you look at it; but you'll have to come this week if you want one for \$1.98.



The Atlanta Constitution Almana

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Weather forecasts for the year 1896 by Professor Charles H. Lillingstone, son-in-law, pupil and assistant to the late Profes-sor John H. Tice, the admitted discoverer of the electro-planetary system, upon which weather forecasts are based. For sale by city news dealers.

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II East Alabama Street. I will close out my stock of Fall and Winter Goods at a great reduction for the next thirty days.

Come and see me. Excelsior Boiler Compound "DRY POWDER" for Locomotive & Stationary Boilers

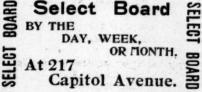
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transient trade special inducements by day, week or month. Select Board





Dissolution Notice.

W. S. Bell, C. E. Bell and C. D. Austin, having been engaged in the lumber business under the firm name of W. S. Bell & Co., at 23 Ivy street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., have this day dissolved copartnership by mutual consent. W. S. Bell will continue said business at the old stand and is authorized to collect all claims due the old firm and settle all accounts. Thanking our friends and patrons for past favors, we bespeak for the new business a continuance of the same generous patronage which you have so kindly given us. This, January 1, 1886.

W. S. BELLI, C. E. BELLI,

IF YOU PAY MORE THAN WE CHARGE



for Clothes you pay too much. If you pay less, you get Clothes that are worth less. When a Clothier quotes lower prices than ours, he has to work in cheaper goods. If his prices are higher, it is because he tacks on a bigger profit than we

do. That is the sum and substance of the whole question of price. "OUR PRICES AND GARMENTS ARE RIGHT."

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MR. L. P. HILLS and MISS MINNIE QUINN IN LEADING ROLES.
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Atlanta, \$4.50 a barrel; tomatoes, 5c can;
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finest New Orleans, south Georgia and
silver drip sirup, 50c gallon; extra fine
olives, 30c quart; extra fine California table peaches, pears, apricots and plums,
16c can; eggs, fresh daily, 20c dozen; fine
cranberries, 15c quart; cream cheese, 15c
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pounds lard, 85c. Largest and finest stock
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90 Whitehall Street, May be forgiven when taken from a high-

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Robert Mantell upported by his excellent company tree of his greatest successes. Mond ght, January 13th, first time here of THE HUSBAND.

powerful society drama in four acts by Espey Williams.
Tuesday Afternoon, January 14th, D'Emery's Cestume Play.

MONBARS.

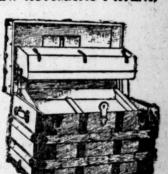
nesday Evening, January 14th, Dumas's Romantic Drama, THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. Original scenery. Gorgeous costume Seats on sale at Silverman's and box office.

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In addition to his usual stock and great variety of seasonable goods, has on hand a large stock of port, sherry, Angelica, catawba, scuppernong, claret, champegne and other foreign and domestic wines; also imported French brandies, Irish whiskies, Jamaica rums, Holland gins, also Gibson's celebrated Cabinet and xxxx whiskies, and other brands of Gibson's celebrated liquors, which he will sell at very reasonable prices. There is nothing in the way of American liquors giving the satisfaction of Gibson's for purity and regularity of taste and quality. A large lot of fire crackers and Roman candles at his Whitehall street store, and at his branch store, 201 Peters street, which will be sold low during the holidays; also other Christimas tricks, all to be sold low. Terms cash.

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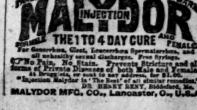
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TO EXTEND THE LINE

River Electric Line To Be Lengthened and Improved.

WILL BE PUT IN GOOD FORM

New Rolling Stock Will Be Purchased and the Line Put on a First Class Basis.

The Atlanta and Chattahoochee River electric railway is to be extended and greatly improved. The entire line at present extends from the corner of Walton and Forsyth streets to Bolton, near the Chattahoochee river, a distance of about seven miles, and runs through a rapidly

developing and populous section.

The road was built about 1889, and was a potent factor in the growth of the western suburbs of Atlanta and the country be-tween the city and the river. The line did a good business from its first operationand was in a prosperous condition untila fatal wreck about three years ago in which several people were killed and injured, burdened the company with heavy damage claims. Shortly after the wreck the property was placed in the hands of a receiver on the petition of its creditors, and has been operated by a receiver until last Tuesday, when an order was passed re-storing it to its owners. This was set forth in yesterday's Constitution.

During the time of the receivership Mr. J. K. P. Carlton bought out the interest of the Short Electric Company and E. H. Jones & Co., and when the receiver was removed he and Mr. Jerome Simmons, one of the original promoters of the enterprise, of the original promoters of the enterprise, practically owned the entire property, and will in the future operate it. Mr. Carlton is the present president of the company, but will shortly be succeeded by Mr. Simmons, the former gentleman's other interests demanding so much of his time that he will not be able to give the property the attention its executive administration requires. On the reorganization contemplated, Mr. Carlton will be elected treasurer of the company and he will handle the financial end of the business.

will handle the financial end of the business.

It is the intertion of the company to extend the road within the next few months to the river, which is some distance beyond its present terminus. A line will also be built in the near future to the new Whittier mills. This will give the operatives of the mills an opportunity to visit the city any hour of the day for a fare of 10 cents, and will be not only a great convenience to them, but will benefit the merchats of the city by bringing the factory trade here. The line to the cotton mills will be one of the most important connections of the road and will greatly increase its traffic and income.

During the spring additional rolling stock and equipment will be purchased, and the Chatfahoochee line will be made one of the finest electric railroads in the south. These are the plans of the company, and they are able and determined to carry them out.

The company is in splendid financial con-

are able and determined to carry them out.

The company is in splendid financial condition. Every dollar of the claims against the property has been paid and it is entirely free from incumbrance. The last thousand dollars of damage claims growing out of the wreck was paid yesterday. These claims, amounting to several thousand dollars, were all compromised and satisfactorily settled.

Messrs. Simmons and Carlton have perfect faith in the future of the road and will spend a large sum on its extension and improvement. The property has been making money for some time, but is earnings have been applied to the liquidation of its obligations.

COTTON MILL SPINDLES.

MR. SIMON BAER WILL START HIS FACTORY NEXT WEEK.

He Has Been a Leading Manufacturer of the Northwest but Intends To Transfer His Interests.

Mr. Simon Baer, who has recently come to Georgia for the purpose of locating a number of cotton mills in this state, is enthusiastic over the outlook for the

He has located one of his mills at Douglasville, Ga., and the spindles will begin to move about the latter part of next week. The entire cost of the plant is a little over \$125,000 and something like 125 hands will The entire cost of the plant is a little over \$125,000 and something like 125 hands will be employed. The number of spindles for immediate use in the mills is 2,500. This number will be increased to 4,000 by the middle of February and again to 10,000 before the expiration of the year. The factory will be operated under the name of the Eden Park Cotton Mills Company and the best quality of cotton yarn for hosiery will be produced. Mr. Simon Baer is the president of the company and District Attorney Joe James the secretary.

Mr. Baer has been identified with the northwest for many years and the quality of his productions in the way of manufactured articles has long been recognized as standard. In coming to Georgia he says that he will be able to manufacture the will be able to manufacture the will be also to manufacture the will be able to manufacture the complex business, bought the machine on installments that he did not pay as the installments that he did not pays as th

northwest for many years and the quality of his productions in the way of manufactured articles has long been recognized as standard. In coming to Georgia he says that he will be able to manufacture the same quality of goods at a cheaper price, saving the expense of transportation by locating his plant among the cotton fields. "No other factory can produce the same quality of goods," said Mr. Baer yesterday, "and the colors and shades are guaranteed to hold until the fabric wears out. Our reputation has been established by hard work and goods are shipped by us into all parts of the United States and even across the water to Europe. After the factory at Douglasville has been in operation for a while we intend to add the manufacture of sheeting and plaids. Already we have orders enough on hand to run us for a year and a half and one party has made us a proposition to handle our entire product."

Mr. Baer is a thorough business man and a most delightful gentleman. He has fallen in love with the south and says that Atlanta is the most enterprising place of its size on the globe. He hopes to see Georgia the Massachusetts of the south and says that he intends to dedicate his efforts to that end.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. that it is more acceptant to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Have you purchased one of the official exposition souvenir spoons? If not, you should have one. It is the King Cotton souvenir spoon. Write or call for description. Sold by Maier & Berkele, 30 White-

Old School Books Taken in exchange at John M. Miller's, 39 Marietta street. sep 1-tf.

THE BIG RUSH OVER.

THE POLICE ARE HAVING QUIET TIME THIS MONTH.

Dearth of Newsy Sensations-Percentage of Arrests Very Small Since January 1st.

Fewer arrests have been made by the police since January 1st than in several years for the same length of time. It seems that the disorderly disposed citizens have been strictly observing New Year's resolutions, and consequently the police have had little

or nothing to do. Since the date mentioned up to midnight last night only 175 city cases had been made -a number far lower than for the same days last year. Should the present percentage prove the rule for the year, not more than 6,500 or 7,000 cases will be entered dur-ing the year. Over 12,000 cases were made

last year.
There has been a dearth of sensations at the station house since the exposition closed, and the prison at times is almost empty. During the big show the cells were nearly always filled with violators of the law and the peace, but so far in January the guardians of the peace—the police— have walked their beats without encountering much trouble

So far this year no serious shooting or murder case has happened in the city, and little crooked work of any kind is being reported to the police. Only two or three burglaries of any consequence have occur red, and the city officers have been enjoy-ing a respite from the big rush during the three months of the exposition. And it is a respite of gladness to the police.

During the exposition the officers worked

twelve hours a day, and in handling the big crowds and attending court in prose-cuting the many cases, they were among the busiest men in the city. Few imagine the difficulty of keeping order in the big crowds, and the officers went home tired and sore footed after a twelve hours' siege with the people. Saturday night the force will be changed back to the old eight-hour system, and the police will resume their former beats and hours of work. Crime in January is always small in

proportion to the other months, but this year the percentage is smaller than for-merly. What causes the absence of violations of the law is a question not easily answered by the police. Some attribute the comparative peace and quietude of the city as a calm after the storm, reversing the maxim. Few cases of ordinary drunks and petty disorders are being made, and it seems that the old habitues are endeav-oring to live for a while an exemplary life. The streets appear to be deserted ear lier in the night, and the "copper" swings his club and walks his beat in peace. Last year was a notable one in the criminal annals of Atlanta, and the record shows a succession of murders and other

sensational events criminally. The present quietude may at any time break out in a storm of crime, and the officers will again find themselves with plenty to do.
"Sorry; but there is not a line of newshere today of any importance or interest," said the affable station house keeper to reporter last night. "Things have quieted down, and we are enjoying a rest from the exposition rush. Very few cases are being made, and none of an unusual nature."

STORY OF A TYPEWRITER.

YOST WRITING MACHINE CAUSES TROUBLE.

Two People Are Arrested and One Case Remains Unsettled.

A case appears on Judge Landrum's docket of the state vs. Jessie Young, a young white woman, and behind the case is an interesting story as to how it came to be on Judge Landrum's docket or any docket at all. The case is docketed for Monday afternoon.

The name of a young man appears as prosecutor on the warrant against the Young woman. He had her arrested for pawning a typewriter which he had purchased from Messrs. Fielder & Mower general agents in Atlanta for the Yost

typewriter.
Some time last fall the young man who has been in the lumber business, bought

After other medicines have failed, Hood's Sarsaparilla has permanently cured. This is explained by the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only true blood purifier, the unconquerable foe of disease.

FLAGS ORDERED DOWN.

Exposition Ornaments, Flags and Bunting Must Be Removed. The police have been directed to order the business men and storekeepers to tear down all of the old flags, decorations and bunting placed on their buildings at the opening of the exposition and since. The council adopted a resolution to that effect

at its last meeting.

Many of the banners, flags and bunting strips are still hanging about on the business house fronts and they are tattered, torn and dingy from exposure to the weather. Many of the former ornaments are now streaked and stained and the general appearance of the rags is unsightly.

general appearance of the rags is unsightly.

With the view of restoring the city to its former state in this respect Councilman Day introduced a resolution at the last meeting of the council directing the chief of police to order the decorations torn down. The resolution was transmitted to the police department yesterday and Chief Connolly directed his men to enforce it. The ragged bunting, flags and signs strung on the streets will now be taken away and the last vestige of exposition ornament will be dispensed with.

ABOUT A WHEEL

A Long Distance Wheeler Had His Landlady Arrested.

J. H. Barsett, the man who came to At-lanta from Philadelphia on a bicycle, ar-riving here about the first of last Septem-Taken in exchange at John M. Miller's, 3 Marietta street.

Sep 1-tt.

Change of Schedules—Central of Georgia Railway.

Effective January 5th, trains 13 and 14 between Macon and Atlanta, will be discontinued, and trains 11 and 12 will be changed to run as follows: No. 11, leave Macon 7:25 a. m., arrive Atlanta 10:45 a. m.; No. 12, leave Atlanta 4 p. m., arrive Macon 7:25 a. m., through sleepers to Jacksonville on trains leaving Atlanta 7:59 p. m. and 7:39 a. m. Through sleeper to Tampa, four hours shorter than any other line, on train leaving Atlanta at 7:59 p. m. Ticket office 16 Wall street, Kimball house, jan 4 1w

Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway

Company—Coupon Notice.

Coupons on first mortgage bonds of this company, falling due this day, will be paid on presentation at Lowry Banking Company, New York, or Old Colony Trust Company, New York, or Old Colony Trust Company, Palling of the Wall Street Railway January 1, 1896.

BUY

When the owner wants to sell. Now is the time for people who appreciate the wisdom wrapped up in that precious maxim.

Such people fill the store daily now, taking advantage of our offerings. A crowd is a strong reason for you to come. If you wait, when will you secure such bargains? If the crowds stopped, you wouldn't want the goods. Come in the morning.



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We take pleasure in informing the public that we have equipped and opened the finest drug store in the south in the Norcross building, Jacobs' Pharmacy's old stand, corner Peachtree and Marietta streets.

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WHOLESALE PRICES.....TO RETAIL BUYECS,

Orders from a distance will receive faithful and paintstaking attention. Satisfac-n guaranteed or money refunded. HAMMACK, LUCAS & CO., Pharmacists, Cor. Peachtree---Marietta Sts, Norcross Building.

DR. CROWE ELECTED.

HE SUCCEEDS DR. POWELL IN THE MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Named at a Meeting of the Board of Trustees Held Last Wednesday Night.

Dr. Walter A. Crowe has been elected to succeed Dr. Thomas S. Powell at the Southern Medical college. He was elected at a meeting of the board of trustees held Wednesday night. He will fill the chair of obstetrics and diseases of women, hitherto filled by Dr. Powell, but will no act as president. There will be no election for president for quite a good while to come. Dr. Powell was president of the institution since its organization. The election of Dr. Crowe is quite an

honor for a young man who is making his way to the front in the medical world. quite well known in Atlanta. Dr. Walter A. Crowe is a native Virginian and received his literary education at Emory and Henry college in that state. He then studied three years in New York at Bellevue Hospital Medical college, grad-uating in 1881. During the winter of 1884-85 he spent in special work at the University of Pennsylvania and came to Atlanta dur-ing the summer of 1885 and was chosen as lecturer at the Southern Medical college on physical diagnosis and diseases of children and two years afterwards as lecturer of gynecology and abdominal surgery, which positions he filled up to last year, when he was elected adjunct professor of obstetrics and diseases of women. During the summer of 1890 Dr. Crowe spent in the large special hospitals of the late Dr. Rober Battey, at Rome, Ga. And has also since that time made several short stays in the hospitals of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York studying the work of the best men of these institutions. During the early part of last year he decided to go abroad in the interest of his profession. He visited the large maternity and special hospitals of England, Ireland, Germany, Scotland, Austria, Switzerland and France, returning a few days before the death of Dr. Powell. Dr. Crowe is about thirty-five years old and is eminently fitted for work to which he has been chosen.

Week of Prayer. Griffin, Ga., January 9.—(Special)—The various churches have combined and consecrated this week as one of prayer. Inter-

esting services are held daily at the Pres

TRAVELING PALACES Of the Queen and Crescent Route. The finest trains in the south are those from Atlanta via the Southern railway and Queen and Crescent route from Atlanta to Cincinnati and the north.

Through solid trains to Cincinnati. Through sleepers to Louisville.

Be sure your tickets read via the Queen and Crescent route.

Have you tried the Condo silver polish? Absolutely free from grit. Cleans discolored silverware quickly and without injury. Samples free. Maier & Berkele sole south-ern agents.

Important Change of Schedule-Southern Railway.

Effective January 5th, at 12 o'clock noon, the following changes in schedule will oc-Train Nos. 15 and 16, between Atlanta and Chattanoga, will be discontinued.
Train No. 9, formerly leaving at 4:30 p. m. for Cincinnati, O., will leave at 12:05 m. for Cincinnati, C., where the p. m.

Train No. 7, formerly leaving at 11:15 p. m. for Chattanooga, will leave at 10:30 p. m.

Train No. 10 from Cincinnati arrives at 3:10 p. m. No. 7 from Brunswick arrives at 7 p. m.

Air-Line Belle train only runs between Lula and Atlanta.

Other trains will be operated as they have been since January 1, 1896.

jan 5-lw

BANKERS' GUARANTEE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.

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old, and has written over \$2,800,000 insurance. Death claims aggregating \$10,000 paid in full before due. It is the insurance for business and professional men at less than half "old line" rates. Agents that furnish satisfactory reference can secure profitable contracts. Address Craig Coffeld, General Manager, 541-43, Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Has Been Changed - to-

COLLEGE PARK But for the present the postoffice will remain MANCHESTER, GA.

chasers.
Colonel D. U. Sloan, of College Park, is our agent, and will show the many desirable residence lots to visitors, and also offer small farms on reasonable terms.
The educational and social advantages of College Park now offer inducements not excelled, if equaled, by any suburb of At-

Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line,

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. The Great Quick Through Line via Montgomer to New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest, Schedule in Effect January 5th, 1896.

Lv Atlanta	5 35 a m	4 20 p m	1 15 p m
Ar Newnan	6 45 a m	5 24 p m	3 00 pm
Ar LaGrange	7 46 a m		4 19 p m
Ar West Point	8 16 a m		4 55 p m
Ar Opelika	9 00 a m	7 25 p m	
Ar Columbus	10 15 a m		
Ar Montgomery	10 45 a m	9 20 p m	8 10 p m
Ar Seima	2 30 p m	11 30 p m	
Ar Pensacola	6 10 p m	5 30 a m	
Ar Mobile	4 10 p m	3 05 a m	
Ar New Orleans	8 30 p m	7 40 a m	
Ar Houston, Tex	8 45 a m	10 50 p m	
NORTH	No. 38		No. 36
BOUND.	Daily	Daily	Daily
Lv Houston			
Lv New Orleans	7 50 p m		7 10 a m
Ly Mobile	112 20 a m		12 20 n m
Ly Pensacola	11 25 p m		12 30 p m
Lv Selma		9 40 a m	3 30 p m
Ly Montgomery	6 20 a m	11 55 a m	5 45 p m
Ly Columbus		12 50 p m	p m
Ar Opelika	8 16 a m	2 10 p m	7 52 p m
Ar West Point	8 55 a m	2 55 p m	8 32 p m
Ar LaGrange	0 95 a m	2 05 1 90	8 50 p m
	o co a m	0 20 p m	O OF P III
Ar Newnan	10 27 a m	4 35 p m	9 52 p m

About eighteen months

College Bark

The Name of MANCHESTER, GA.

The New Manchester Company is now represented by W. A. Hemphill, Jacob Haas and Judge W. R. Hammond, who are prepared to give unquestionable titles to pur-

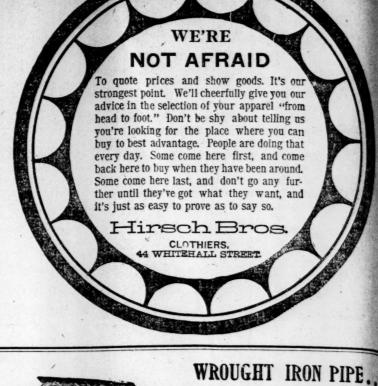
NEW MANCHESTER COMPANY,

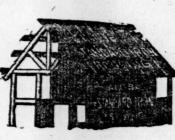
No. 35 | No. 37 | No. 33 Daily | Daily | Daily

Tre sperations	0 00 49 411		
Ar Newnan		5 24 p m	3 00 p m
Ar LaGrange	7 46 a m		4 19 p m
Ar West Point	8 16 a m	6 48 p m	4 55 p m
Ar Opelika	9 00 a m	7 25 p m	5 42 pm
Ar Columbus	10 15 a m		
Ar Montgomery	10 45 a m	9 20 p m	8 10 p m
Ar Seima	2 30 p m	11 30 p m	
Ar Pensacola	6 10 p m	5 30 a m	
Ar Mobile		3 05 a m	
Ar New Orleans	8 30 p m	7 40 a m	
Ar Houston, Tex	8 45 a m	10 50 p m	
NORTH	No 20	N- 01 /	No. 36
BOUND.	Daily	Daily	Daile
BOUND.	Daily	Daily	Daily
Ly Houston	Daily	Daily	Daily 6 55 p.m.
Ly Houston Ly New Orleans	5 50 a m	Daily	Daily 6 55 p m
Lv HoustonLv New OrleansLv Mobile	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m	Daily	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m
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Lv Houston	5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m	Daily	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 12 30 p m
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Lv HoustonLv New OrleansLv Mobile	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m 6 20 a m	Daily 9 40 a m	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 12 30 p m 3 30 p m 5 45 p m
BOUND. Ly Houston Ly New Orleans Ly Mobile Ly Pensacola. Ly Selma Ly Montgomery Ly Columbus	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m 6 20 a m	9 40 a m 11 55 a m 12 50 p m	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 12 30 p m 3 30 p m 5 45 p m
BOUND. Lv Houston Lv New Orleans Lv Mobile Lv Pensacola Lv Selma Lv Selma Lv Columbus Ar Opelika.	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m 6 20 a m	9 40 a m 11 55 a m 12 50 p m	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 12 30 p m 3 30 p m 5 45 p m
BOUND, Lv Houston Lv New Orleans Lv Mobile Lv Pensacola Lv Selma Lv Montgomery Lv Columbus Ar Opelika. Ar West Point	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m 6 20 a m 8 16 a m 8 55 a m	9 40 a m 11 55 a m 12 50 p m 2 10 p m 2 55 p m	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 3 30 p m 5 45 p m
BOUND, LV Houston Lv New Orleans Lv Mobile LV Pensacola. Lv Selma Lv Montgomery Lv Columbus Ar Opelika. Ar West Point Ar Lagrange	Daily 5 50 a m 7 50 p m 12 20 a m 11 25 p m 6 20 a m 8 16 a m 8 55 a m 9 25 a m	9 40 a m 11 55 a m 12 50 p m 2 10 p m 2 55 p m 3 25 p m	Daily 6 55 p m 7 10 a m 12 20 p m 12 30 p m 3 30 p m 5 45 p m 7 52 p m 8 32 p m 8 50 p m
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Real Estate, Renting and

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Loans,

\$3,000, \$4,000 and other sums in bank to loan on real estate in or around Atlanta at reasonable rates. No delay. Money forthcoming as The Homestead Mansion. soon as attorney passes on title. If you want to make a loan it might

be to your interest to call on us. \$5,000 buys beautiful lot 64x210 and house on East Cain street, close in. Terms easy.

\$3,500 buys 8-room house, gas and water, lot 49x136, alley on side, on Houston near Jackson street. Terms easy.

We have places both improved and unim-proved in all directions. If you want to buy or sell give us a call. ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON, 28 Peachtree street

Real Estate Bargains. 4½ acres at city limits, \$1,500. We have 100 acres on R. & D. railroad and Peachtree road to exchange for city property; will assume some encumbrance on city property; see this before it is gone; 33,000.

\$3,000.

10 acres, 2-r. and 3-r. h., 5 miles from carshed, \$1,500.

6-room, West Peachtree, 90x140, \$6,500.

3-room, corner Rhodes and Lowe streets, rents for \$4 per month, \$50, \$10 per month, \$400. \$400. acres, 2 and 3-r., 5 miles out, for \$1,500.

10 acres, 2 and 3-r., 5 miles out, for \$1,500.

Close in vacant lot to exchange for rent property and pay the difference.

Wanted, elegant vacant lot in colored neighborhood, \$300,400 or \$500 feet; will trade rent property for same.

Call and see us for bargains.

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Wholesale and Retail.

AT AUCTION Tuesday, February 4, 1896

Whitehall street stores, No. 7

2 Broad street stores, Nos, 70-72 residence on Nelson street. 2 residences on Mangum street

choice residence lots on Chapt

85 and 87.

choice residence lot on Mangue street. choice residence lots on Nels

street. One hundred-acre farm on Pead tree creek, just four miles for carshed. This farm is nearly

first-class bottom land. Also several lots near Davis str school. Sold for division. Plats with ten and dimensions out in a few day. This will be an occasion when w can accommodate all classe-the capitalist and the home

seeker. J. C. Hendrix & Co ANSLEY BROS

Real Estate, Loans and Auctione \$4,500—South Pryor street, 9-room lot 50x160; former price \$7,900. \$4,500—South Pryor street, 9-room head lot 50x160; former price \$7,900.

\$18,000—Beautiful Peachtree home; complete \$9x190; a splendid bargain.

\$6,000—Se-room house and lot in one blood.

Aragon hotel: cheap.

\$2,000—Beautiful Juniper street lot, between \$1,000—Beautiful Juniper street lot, between \$2,000—Nice shaded lot near Fraser school; \$100—ash, balance easy.

\$8,000—Elegant piece of Decatur street ness property; rented now; \$5x20; in.

\$1,900—Splendid 5-room cottage on lot many are Woodward avenue.

\$4,500—Beautiful Piedmont avenue.

\$3,500—Beautiful Piedmont avenue.

\$3,500—Beautiful Piedmont avenue.

\$3,500—Beautiful Piedmont avenue.

street. \$3,000—Fifty acres near Decatur; Office 12 E. Alabama street. Telephons

FOR RENT-The Gordon School Building

No. 104 Edgewood avenue, three-brick, 40x00 feet, with dry basement, water and steam heat; nicely arm for manufacturing enterprise Address BOBY ROBINSON, No. 12 Equitable Building

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G. W. ADAIR Real Estate and Renting

14 Wall St., Kimball House

I am now offering for sale some best bargains I ever handled. others a well built six-room house haynes street, lot 50x175, for \$1,75 property will be greatly enhanced new depot and other railroad imments now in sight.

Also a lot 215x190 in the neighbors the East Tennessee shops (can be can to five lots) for \$4,000.

A pretty six-room cottage on Wood avenue, beautiful lot for \$2,600. This rents readily for \$20 per month.

Two houses on a corner lot on Mostreet for \$1,500. Total rents \$15 per I also have a corner lot one blow Peachtree street and ifteen minute from the union depot, that I can sall below present market prices. This balt, it will interest you. Close are scarce and always sell readily in and get full description.

G. W. And

VOL. XX

JOE BLA

Democratic Cau

ENTIRE FRE Goldbugs Reft

HUNTER IS SAID

The Doughty J Frankfort, Ky. Blackburn and f victory tonight a crats and the i

Blackburn wo nomination for lot and had plent The announcem representative c an hour pander There was no a



was called. It w

task and then what of a made Only three na the caucus. The Creary and Brow first ballot stood, 13; Brown, 6. Fou crats did not vo Last night a co men and three so but owing to unf

ple, the Blackbur A paper request caucus to call the at once circulat A notice was the caucus for t McCreary men, war paint. They to induce sound refuse to partici 37 signed names

clusively that B the situation and threw up the spo man, announced the caucus pled nee and Represe Blackburn people won hands down. strength, lacking

votes cast for hir Several of the declared that th Blackburn, but it is the result of th ly follows defeat. Senator Weis determined. Said "I will never v a democrat, how

silver man and

a free silver ma Senator Black over the result a is a vindlestion buke to the men him. He says tha It became know three free silver in warm on the sour licans will put up

that he will see
succeeded tonight
of the republican
call of the caucus
at 2 o'clock. This was done bitter protests of that they will ing fund comm to make good any he made and the ing the wardens prisons and num Hunter secured members, eight Wilson, Evans, are red hot and a clation of the "H

clation of the "He The republicans many old feuds renewed. The old down and unless being elected to the table that they will In fact the partis determined to this are still in the still be the still b llists are still stating that he other way than man. Edrington, the alk, but will

burn. The election of Where the